Remarks by the Department of Laud Records and Agriculture, Bengal.	n		The estimate of outturn is, perhaps, below the mark,			
Remarks by District Officers,	10	Increase in area is due to high price of jute last year. The crop has been damaged by inscots.	Want of seasonable rainfall	Prospects have improved since the sub- mission of the first forecast.	Henry	Heavy rainfall in July retarded growth, and drought subsequently caused difficulty in steeping.
Taking 100 to represent the norms outturn, how much will represent this year's outturn (1900)?	0		8	8	8	8
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented the outturn lest year (1899)?	60		8	8	2	8
Betimated area sown this year (1900).	âm	Acres. 24,300	28,600	14,100	107,800	90,000
Approximate area sown last year		Acres. 19,600	27,200	15,100	108,700	76,000
estri rahan sərs ismrən ətsmizorqqA	10	Acros. 21,700	900,300	20,800	108,100	90%06
militarisho redun acra lator detamiliad	•	Acros. 983,600	1,116,900	670,000	1,528,100	1,651,100
Solvielb edt to seen fatoT	**	Acres. 1,573,440	1,872,000	3,165,948	1,603,040	8,1286,000
District.		Murehidabad	Jestore	Khulan	Rajebalti	Dinajpur
Бічшож.			Presidency—			

	Jalpaiguri	1,8	11,894,000 11,075,000	1,075,000	96,700 3	64,800	600,53	g		Andrewas a controlled by rath in the state of sowing.	
Idelije	Oarjeeling (Flains)		244,900	142,900	96.30	1,000	3,600	6	86	Westher unseasonable.	
	Pangpur	3	2,231,040 1,602,700	1,602,700	277,000	277,000	277,000	z	ā	Floods in July and subsequent drought have prejudicially affected the crop since the submission of the first forceast.	
	Bogra	1	869,760	000*000	000'000	75,000	88,000		100	The season has been favourable throughout.	
						7			45	The state of the s	The Control of the Co
	Pabas	1	1,176,960	888,800	144,800	193,000	136,500	2	15	The jute in the Sorajeanj subdivision was damaged by floods.	The jute in the Serajeanj subdivision was The cutturn has, I think, been under-sett- damaged by floods.
					2						
	Dace	1	1,780,480	1,213,500	171,000	160,000	161,600	8	100	The outsurn has been affected by want of water since the submission of the first forecast.	
	Mymensingh		4,848,490	2,405,700	880,800	603,000	619,000	R	100	The rainfall has been on the whole well distributed,	
Daces	Faridpur	1	1,469,840 1,007,500	1,007,500	100,000	80,000	100,000	8	5	The crop and its steeping have suffered from want of water.	The reduction in the estimate from 160 per cent, to 75, since the submission of the first forecast, is perhaps excessive.
	Backergungs	- 67	2,285,380	1,408,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	100	100		
	Tippers	1	1,594,880	1,171,500	281,500	234,000	219,000	22	105	The season has been favourable.	
- Succession	Noakhali	1	1,052,800	818,800	2,000	1,600	1,900	09	2	910000	

Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.	п				* As estimated by this Department.
Remarks by District Officers.	10	The jute grown if this district is said to be insufficient for local consumption. The area sown is taken that that estimated in the first forecast.	The senson has been favourable	Some dalantige date by the crep by floods.	
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, bow much will represent this year's outturn (1900) ?	o.	48 K	100	001	97.
Taking 160 to represent the normal outfurn, how much represented the outfurn hast year (1899)?	90	B 2	75 .	105	*
Estimated area sown shis year (1900)	7	Acres. 28,200	20,000	8,900	2,045,400
Approximate area sown last year.	10	Acres. 21,500 20,608	18,000	8,800	1,962,860
olul robun sons lauron siamixoruç.		Acres. 21,200 55,000,	20,500	1,800	5,100 22,164,400 1
Zeifmated total area under cultiva- tion,		Acres. 2,087,000 1,730,000	673,800	1,161,900	
Total area of the district.	60	Acres. 2,704,640 8,126,330	1,216,800	3,308,149	08/08 786,188,18
District.		Blagalpur	Malfie see	Cuttack Balacore	Bengal
Division.	1	Bhagalpur		•	Beagal

APPENDIX II.

Abstract Statement of Betinnated Acreage and Outleurn of the Jute Or.p, 1900.

	colome 9 short	Li amulo	0 :	+9-39
	by which +) or falls outturn i	Al manlo	0 :	+7.80
100 LBs.	Percentage exceeds (-)	olumn 10.	0 2	00.08+
IN BALES OF 400 LES.	gaibecord xis .(888 to 1895).	fo Ogsaya , alv) stacy	v	6,484,800
OUTTURN IN	five preceding ,(8081 of \$4681,	Verbige of	7 =	5,581,400
0	provious year,	Tield of person	00	8,600,000
	iteratio to bisiqui nt area to	Hatimated year, ter. column 3.	0	6,000,000
	olumn \$	Solumn &		-3.47
	by which column (+) or falls abort (-) area in-	& amuloO	-	09.5-
	Percentage exceeds	Column 3.		+178
AUREAGE	if six precedings,	Averace (vi		2,117,000
	f five preceding	Average o		3,006,900
	is Joar's crop.	olveriq 10		1,961,800
	s year's crop.	darino 10		2,043,460
	Province.		1	ngal

PRELIMINARY FORECAST OF THE BHADOI CROPS OF BENGAL FOR THE YEAR 1900.

THE following is published for general information.

F. A. SLACKE, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 29th October 1900.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Preliminary Forecast of the Bhadoi Crops of Bengal for the year 1900.

Explanatory.—This report includes all kinds of bhadoi crops, both food crops, such as aus paddy, maize and cereals, and non-food crops, such as jute, indigo and cotton, for

which separate notes are issued by this Department. The character of the season.—The character of the season has not been altogether favourable to the bhadoi crops of the Province. The first half of April was comparatively dry, while showers, more or less general, fell during the remainder of the month. The total fall was deficient in the Eastern and Northern districts, and was considerably in excess in South-West Bengal and in the Chota Nagpur Division. In May the rainfall was more general than usual in the Central and Western districts, but as the falls were rarely heavy, the total fall for the month was everywhere below the normal, the defect in East Bengal being as much as 3.85 inches. The fall in June was fairly general and continuous in the east of the Province, but in the Central and Western districts it was much interrupted, although not deficient on the whole. In other parts of the Province, it was somewhat in defect. The fall in July was more evenly distributed and was fairly continuous over the greater part of the Province. In North and East Bengal, it was considerably above the normal, but it was more or less in defect in other parts of the Province, Chota Nagpur being the worst with a deficiency of 5.34 inches. In August again the rainfall was not evenly distributed and was more or less in defect everywhere, except in Orissa and the adjacent districts, which received 8.85 inches above the normal. In the present month, however, rain has been more copious and general all over the Province, and has enabled the later

bhadoi crops to recover somewhat from the previous drought. On the whole, the rainfall has been insufficient and badly distributed, but has not failed so badly as to seriously

jeopardise the prospects of any of these crops.

Area sown .- Since the submission of the last year's Final Report on these crops, the District Officers of Dar-jeeling, Tippera, Darbhanga, Angul, and Singhbhum have revised the estimates of normal cultivated areas (column 3 of the Appendix) of their districts, in consequence of which the provincial total of cultivated area now stands at 57,374,700 acres as against 57,466,500 acres shown in the Final Forecast of 1899. The normal areas under the bhadoi crops (column 5 of the Appendix) have also been revised by the District Officers of Midnapore, Rajshahi, Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Tippera, and Ranchi, with the result that the total normal area of the Province under these crops now stands at 16,395,700 acres against 16,495,000 acres reported last year. It is obvious, however, that the areas returned under this head are still too high in many cases and frequently represent a maximum rather than the normal area. The figures of areas under actual cultivation in bhadoi crops last year (column 6 of the Appendix) have also been revised by some District Officers, and this has raised the estimated total area under bhadoi crops in 1899 from 15,584,000 acres to 15,596,800 acres. According to the district estimates, the total area under the different kinds of bhadoi crops this year is 15,786,200 acres as against the revised estimate of 15,596,800 acres of last year. The increase of 189,400 acres is partly accounted for by the fact that a much greater area has been put under Indian-corn this year, last year's season having been especially unfavourable for this crop. The decrease of 96,500 acres in the area under bhadoi paddy is due to some paddy lands having been planted with jute this year, owing to the high prices prevailing in the jute market during the past twelve months.

The outturn.—Taking all the bhadoi crops together, it

The outturn.—Taking all the bhadoi crops together, it will be seen from the Appendix appended to this note, that out of the 45 districts in the Province, only 4 (Saran, Hazaribagh, Manbhum and 24-Parganas) anticipate an outturn above the normal, while 4 others (Dinajpur, Malda, Angul and Ranchi) expect a normal outturn. In eleven districts the outturn is expected to be 90 per cent. or between 90 and 100 per cent., while in 12 others it is expected to be between 80 and 90 per cent. Ten districts have returned an estimated outturn of between 70 and 80 per cent. and the rest forecast an outturn varying between 60 and 70 per cent. of a normal crop.

The District Officers' estimates show an outturn of 88 per cent. of a normal crop as compared with a 67 per cent. as

finally estimated last year.

The outturn of these crops has been clearly underestimated in several districts, and I anticipate that an outturn of 92 per cent. for all the bhadoi crops taken together will in all probability be harvested.

G. C. DUTT,

Assistant Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

(Countersigned.)

P. C. LYON,

Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, The 20th September 1900.

Preliminary Forecast of Bhadoi Orope, 1900.

Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengel,	n				
Remarks by District Officers.	n.	The decrease in area is due to insufficient rainfall during the sowing reason. This has also affected the outtarn,		Insufficient rain early in the season has affected the outturn.	
Taking 100 to represent the normal outture, how much will represent this year's outturn (1900)?		*28 A #	8	REG S	76
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented the outturn last year (1899)?	•	25 2 2 E	38	SEE S	8
Retimeted asse this year (1900) under each specified obades tep in acres.	7	164,000 8,000 6,800 8,000 8,700	908,500	139,000 1,500 1,500 2,500	185,900
Approximate area lass year (1699) under each appended bhades crop in acree.	9	173,000 8,000 6,600 1,180 26,300	211,000	180,000 1,500 1,500 2,560	186,000
Approximate normal area under each specified bhadoo crop in series.		173,700 8,000 8,100 8,700 20,600	216,500	1,400 1,400 2,900	180,200
Names of blackel crops.		Mades paddy	Total	Bleadet paddy Indian-cord (mates) tables! tables! Other non-doad crops. e.g., fute, indigo, bleadet it, seem hemp, mulberry, &c., &c., &c.	Total
Total area in district cetti film sonn ed of batan watton in sorres.		1,288,800		9000'0000	
serve at tolititly to gove fatoff	-	1,726,080	,	1,111,990	
Digestor,	1	Burdwin		Birthum	

Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.	.11		STATE STATE OF				
Remarks by District Officers.		Owing to insufficient rainfall early in the season, the area under these crops is much smaller this year than that of the preceding year, and the outturn is likely to be much below the average.			For want of seasonable rain the area under cultivation this year is smaller than the area under cultivation fast year.		
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much will represent this year's outturn (1900) ?	6	2 12	15		55585	25 25	2
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented outturn last year (1899) ?	8	100	2		28222	£ \$	73
Berlimeted area this year (1900) nuder each specified bhades crop in acres.		11,000 000 800 6,900 1,000 7,800	30,960		100,000 6,800 116,600	70,300	\$78,200
Approximate area last year [1699] under each specified of orogin acres.	•	21,400 700 1,600 8,600 1,000 9,000	44,500		107,700 6,000 2,000 118,000	18,100	293,100
Approximate normal area under each specified bhadei cop in acres.	10	21,900 8,000 3,000 8,400 700 8,400	45,100	April 1	186,100 6,100 000,9,19 000,000 000,000	77,400	284,800
Mamos of shadol crops.	•	Bhadot paddy	Total		Barooi paddy Baira Mandua (marva or regs) Other blades creeds and shadoi	Other food-crops (e.g., vege- tables). Cooker observed of the same indigo, blacked til, swar bemp, mulberry, de., &c.	Total
-avisine rabde at ever fetoT -avisine rabde and ever for the course and	80	682,000			111,600		
.esvos at tolvisits to some latel		1,977,440	がたのない		3,319,640		
	1	Pentura			Midnapore		

Remarks by the Department of Land Sevends and Agriculture, Bengal,	11						
Remarks by District Officers.	10	The evopped area has lately been revised on enquiry by local officers. The	excessive rainfall in July.	The crops are fair in the Sadar subdivision, but, an outtarn of 75 per cent, only is reported from Feni, where the crops have	Sellice of a four charges you fill the	There was no rain in May which relarded sowings; moreover owing, to widespread cattle disease all avail-abel lands could not be cultrated. This accounts for the smaller area under the weather was not seasonable for the	carp, there being too much rain at one time, and too little at another; hence a short outturn is expected.
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much will represent this year's outturn (1900)?	6	88 2	3	88	08	8	96
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented outturn last year (1899)?	60	28 2	8	88	86	38 8 8	8
Retimated area this year (1960) under each apecified shados crop in acres.	1	270,200 17,500	538,700	\$18,500 \$,500	220,800	70,000 2,000 10,000	92,000
Approximate area last year (1299) under each apecidical bhades erop in acrea.	•	298,000 17,500 \$61,000	573,509	\$17,800 2,600	220,400	92,300 3,900 15,600 16,600	120,200
Approximate normal area submit specifical shades to the contraction of	10	286,000	589,100	2,646	280,800	3,000 3,000 18,800	127,060
Names of bhados crops.		Blassot paddy Uther food crops, (s.g., vege- tables). Other non-food crops, s.g., jute, indigo, shadot ith, seas bemp, amblerry, &c., &c.	Total	Blados paddy Other blados cerea la and blados pulses.	Total	Bhadot paddy and bhado; pulses that of one core (s.g., vegs-tables). Other food crops (s.g., vegs-tables). Other non-food crops, e.g., jule, mulberr, e.g., e.g., integrating to the crops, e.g., integrating to the crops, e.g., integrating to the crops.	Total
Total area in district estimated in the continuation of or a series.	60	1,786,400		616,600		808,800	
Ports at solvisib to some later		08/88/1		1,008,800		1,504,816	
Previor.	1	Tippes		Noakhali		Childragong	

The season being favourable to the Mados crop, encept bhades paddy, the outturn is expected to be a normal one.			•	The decrease is the area sown is due to issufficient rainfall chiefly in the Bhabua, and the state of the American last have also suffered from meets. Frogeous are better in the other subdivisions.
3	8	84884 5 B	8	#43585 5 E 5
es a esta	8	ennen n e	8	233853 8 3 3
8,000 106,700 4,300 8,480	008,152	18,300 17,800 17,800 17,800 87,900 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000	201,430	25, 500 7, 900 8, 900 16, 900 114, 900 25, 900
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	216,000	11.5.400 12.7.000 12.7.3.00 12.7.00 12.7.00 12.7.00 13	200, 200	25,000 2,100 37,600 17,100 6,300 10,500 11,500
10,000 100,000	M 0,100	20,000 119,000 777,200 65,500 30,200 1,500	215,500	57,800 8,200 4,200 54,800 17,600 11,600 16,600
Mandan (marra or regit) Mandan (marra or regit) Indian-corn (maise) Other deader creenia and shaded Other food crees (a.g., vege- tables). Other more food creeps, a.g., jute, indigo, shaded if, samm hamp, mulberry, de., de.	Total	2,27,200 Bhadot paddy	Total	1,581,000 Bhador paddy
		3,015,000	•	og the factor of
1		1		

٠<u>٠</u>٠.

Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal,	Ħ					
Remarks by District Officers.	10	At the beginning conditions were very favourable for all hands' crops, and in conference of high prices a larger area than usual was planted, and in July a humper continue memory and in July a humper continue memory and in July a hor weather in the early part of dragust, which seriously sifected of a house, which seriously sifected the good outturn of ladian-com, &c. The recent mixibal has restored the fieldsin-com and marrae to their former position and improved the prospects of the contract of the contr	think a normal outtorn can be expected.	Bhodor paddy has suffered much owing to insufferent rais in August. Indian-cere is expected to yield a moder-ate outturn only.		
Taking 100 to represent the morning outturn, how much will represent this year's outturn (1900) !	ch.	******	877	288888	F 8	28
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented sutturn has year (1899) ?	60	STABBR & C	2	228843	2 2	3
Beitzracke dere eers shir yeer (1980) under eers appoiled shadet grup in acree.	E	66,700 6,500 8,040 81,300 47,000 47,000 61,100	286,600	288. 6,040 6,040 118,000 118,000 139,000	3 8	602,000
Approximate sere had year (1980) under each specified of the series is series.	100	68,800 28,800 28,800 27,000 21,000	540,300	256.000 6.000 18.000 18.000 18.000	3 8	089°F
Approximate normal area under each specified bladel company of the screet,	•	68,800 66,000 66,000 66,000 66,000 66,000 66,000 60,000	564,900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	3 8	605,760
Mames of Shaded crops.	•	Jacobi paddy	Total	Dhadoi paddy Jowas Jowas Majra Mandua (marsa or ragid) Indian-corn (maire) Other bladoi erragia and bladoi	Other feed orum, (e.g., vage habba). Other mon-food erops, e.g., jan, indigo, bhadoi (il, susa bemp, mailbarg, fc., fe,	Total
Total area in district sett- mated to be under culti- acrea,	•	3,886,100		1,984,000		
Total area of district in serse.		1,006,007		3,380,840		
Districts	pt .			Asmparts		

ared I will enquire what the serion was taken to ascertain whether the say wariation from the normal in the areas sown.		adod				•		the		
The call ciency in the custum as compared with the normal is attributable to the shence of rainfall during the lat half of Angust.		With more favourable rain the Mados crop should have been an encollent one.		٠	The crops appear to be good in the Bern- barn's subdivision, but had in the Sadar and Jamus subdivisions ewing to late relabilit.			Unscannishle rainfall has affected outturn generally.		
2882 8 8	R	.E228	2 2	50	28882	102	8	85283 6	8	76
**** 8 8	a	5233	2 2	28	*****	3 6	31	RESES S	E	8
	304,700	230,000 142,500 11,80,000	20,000	687,100	41.800 27.0.800 27.0.800 24.700	19,000	103,900	\$16,900 \$18,900 \$1,000 \$5,000	98,	808,000
18 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	504,700	70,500 230,000 1122,500 118,300	8 8	582,800	44384 800000 800000	17,200	406,300	316,200 20,200 111,300 326,500	006,40	198,800
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	594,780	86,300 242,800 147,940 81,800	115,000	000,000	84.87.08 00.84.08 00.86.08	19,160	062,330	117,000 100,00	-	802,300
Mandau (marra or regal) Mandau (marra or regal) Other blacter censul and blade; pulses. Chine food sreps (ag., wap- tables). Mandan blacters, ag., jute, indigo, blades; and beers, da., see, hemp.	Total	Mandua (mornes or regit) Indian-corn (maize) Other skadoi cerenia and shadoi	Other food crops (e.g., rege- tables). Other non-food crops, e.g., jute, indige, & sador tit, sams hemp, muldesery, &c., &c.	Total	Joyne January or pugit Bahadus (mores or pugit Hadim-orn (mare) Other bladot cereals and bladot	Other food crops (e.g., vege- tables). Other non-flod crops, e.g., jute, indigo, blacket fit, even hemp, mulberry, &c., &c.	Total	Bhadoi paddy Handus (marsa ce rags) Indaa-com (mairo) Other chad and bhados pulses. Other food crops (e.g., vess. other food crops (e.g., vess.	tables.) Other non-frod crops, e.g., jute, indige, blader iti, suan hemp, mulberry, &c., &c., &c.	Total
1,666,300		1,880,700			1,662,800			8,697,000		
		8,136,460	•		2,000,440			9,776,96		
X centhrytt		Inchiants			Meethy					

200						
Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal	n					
Remarks by District Officers.	10	The rainfull has alternated with periods of drought which came when rain was most required.	Services Services	Owing to timely rainful and the absence of flood a normal cutturn is expected.		
Taking 100 to represent the much more more will represent this year's (0001)	•	6 2 2 5	8	25258	* §	100
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented outturn has year (1899) ?	80	88. 288 8 8	8		2 8	87
Betimated area this year [100] under each specified choded orep in acree.	g-s	516,500 100,000 4,000 8,000 8,000 77,77	020 020	170,000 300 100 17,000 3,000	2,000	236,400
nery had some esemizorqqA bellicage stone relate (9881) serves al qore telefic	0	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	and the second	170,000 308 17,000 5,000	1,000	234,100
Approximate normal area under each specified dhadei erop in acres,	IÓ.	1100 1100 1100 14,400 14,600 18,400 78,800	Ong-neo	170,000 300 17,700 8,160	9,500	286,700
Names of Madei crops.	•	Bhedot paddy		Bhadol paddy	Other tood crope (e.g., vuge- tables). Other nor-food crups, e.g., juta, inches. Ohadot, fil, swan hemp, manboury, de., &c.	Total
Total area in district cattle	•	1,689,900		801,800		٠
Total area of district in serse.	•	a, 196, and		1,514,000		
Planta Cr.	-					

The prospects of all the other cross appear to be favourable owing to timely and autable rainfall.		The cultivation of bhadot paddy has contracted owing, to want of sufficient rain-blade institute of hadot paddy has also been affected by the absence of	Tain at the time of masser by.		The increase in area and outtarn is due to seasonable rains.			The estimated area of bladdot creeps has increased absormally this sear, owing to persentable ratifall in June and July,	and the desire of the cultivated by last early relye from distress caused by last year's loss of crope.	
3 12 8 to 2 8	88	588 5	22	22	28 8	8	8	£		100
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	89	835 g	8	86	88 8	88	28	2823 2	45	8
26,900 26	969,250	150,000 15.00 8,3u0 8,000	13,000	199,300	1,000	4,900	115,300	18,000 8,840 8,400 1,600	15,000	\$5,000
	31,900	163,000 15,000 8,300	15,200	202,500	1,400	4,800	116,700	13,200 8,600 7,200 1,000	12,700	41,700
	310,800	163,100	13,200	206,700	88,200 860 900	5,300	95.100	14.000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	.14,600	46,600
	.ford crops, e g., jule, hadei, til, suss hemp, 5, dec., &c.		tables). Other root crops, e.g., jute, other mon-food crops, e.g., jute, indige, blacken, fit, susw bemp, multierer, &c., &c.	Total	Bhadoi paddy Other Shadoi Coller Shadoi coreals and Shadoi Dulses fond crops (e.g., 1739-	(where non-to od crops, e.g., juste, indigent boate, the same herry, and mulberry, &c., &c.	Total	Blaciot paddy	5	Total
1,827,300		1,161,200			857,160			000'00		
3,509,100	. 9	8,900,140			1,315,475			1,975,940		
					* \$			1 .		
Southal Parga-		Cuttack			Balasoro			Angral		

E-marks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, bengal.	-			I will ask the Deputy Commissioner to re- port what action is taken by him to ascertain what area is from out of the control o	
Remarks by Bistrict Officers.	10	The low ontturn is due to wast of rain at the time of growth,			
Taking 100 to represent the normal outture, how much will represent this year's outture (1001) p	•	828 2	وا	130	130
Taking 100 to represent the normal outturn, how much represented outturn last rear (1899) ?	60	7 87.6 75 5 5 5	8	2588 9 \$	2
Basimated area this year (1999) under each specified obtain crop in acres.	j.o	80,000 87,000 1,400	118,400	44,300 105,100 177,300 181,300 1,200 75,100	573,300
Approximate area last year (1989) mater each specified before are a solution of the solution	•	80,000 30,000 1,700	123,700	48,300 116,100 21,300 131,300 1,300 75,100	573,200
Approximate normal area under cach specified shado crop in acres.		85.000 1,800 12,800	195,300	48,300 105,100 217,300 131,300 1,200 73,100	573,200
Names of bhaded crops,	•	Bhadoi paddy	Total	Bhadoi paidy	Total 5
Total air sors later of the series of the series relation in series and series of the	60	8,18,300		2,479,800	
Total at totals to some later.	•	1,693,720		4, 400, 440	
Direct.				Bauerbugg	

A normal outfurn is expected this year owing to essentiable rainfall. The flgures in columns 5 and 6 against Mandus. Blades cereals and puises and other food crops, have been revised.				The season has been favourable to the blocker crops the rainfall white somewhat short having been received as rogular intervals.
3	100	222 2 8	25	115 100 1100 1100 120 120 130
22523 8 8	\$	\$82 g	3	5 838 to 15
840,000 7,100 1,100 8,040 90,400 1,000	366,00	30,100 18,100 26,100 17,200 4,400	124,590	174,300 1,400 1,100 21,000 30,500 22,300 31,800
899,000 3,100 7,000 7,000 84,000 8,000 8,000	900,008	31.100 17.130 25.500 16,000 3,000	129,300	165,000 1 1400 6,800 1 1400 6,800 1 1400 1 1
342,900 5,190 30,000 8,000 1,000 1,000 2,000	971,900	25,000 119,700 18,400 4,400	130,300	174,300 1,400 1,400 1,400 80,100 80,100 107,900 22,300 22,300
Blades paddy	Total	Bhadei paddy Mandua (warwa or ragi) Inliaa-cra (timure) Oliur shador cereals and chadei Oliur shador cereals and chadei Ulter food craps (s.g., vege- tables) Ulter non-food craps, c.g., inte, hidigo, chaden, tit, saas bemp, mulberry, &c., &c., &c.	Total	Bhadoi paddy 6 Bayra Bardus merca or ragi) Indian-ton (maire) Criber obadoi cereals and bladoit pulso, other food crops (e.g., vege-tables) and bladoit indian-ton-food crops (e.g., vege-tables), &c., &c. Total
2, 386, 300		786,000		1,419,200
4,669,000	1	3,130,200		3,054,09
		**		
Reach		Pole		Mean bitus

Remarks by the Deserment of Land Rocards and Agriculture, Rengal.	n	Commissioner to re- commissioner to re- port was facion is taken by him to ascertain the area sertually sown each year.
Remarks by District Officers.	97	
1(0001) mustuo		828888 8 8 8 825822 F 8 8
Taking 100 to represent the norm mount of the contract of the	6.	
Taking 100 to represent the normal outland, how much represent of outland had year (1890)?	60	ESETE & & S ESSES 8 % E
Estimated area this year (1900) under each specified balaise erup in acres.	1	234, 540 4,180 15,080 23,000 23,000 14,100 7,644, 570 71,560 1,71,560 1,232,600 1,232,
they tast area stantzonqqA bellouge show rebut (8881) botton it	60	\$39,500 4,000 8,000 85,000 14,100 83,000 14,100 13,000 11,000 10,
Approximate mormal area under each specified bhadoi to the contract of the con	ы	\$34,500 4,000 1,00
Names of bhadoi crops.	•	Bhadoi paddy
form area in district enti- routed to be under culti- tures of the contract of	**	57,874,700
other area of district in serse.	6	97, 481,982
District.		Peech bhum

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE SALT DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1899-1900.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT-SEPARATE REVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 1st October 1900.

RESOLUTION-No. 1511T.-F.

READ-

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the administration of the Salt Department for the year 1899-1900.

During the year the sanction of the Secretary of State was obtained to the scheme as finally revised for the better administration of the Salt Department in Bengal and the formation of an administrative and preventive staff for the suppression of the illicit manufacture of salt in the maritime districts. It was received too late for the administration of the Orissa Salt Department to be made over during the year to the District Officers. That Department has therefore been administered by the Assistant Commissioner of Salt Revenue throughout the year. He also remained in charge of salt operations in the saliferous districts of the 24-Parganas and Midnapore in subordination to the District Officers and subject to the control of the Excise Commissioner. The Indian Salt Act, XII of 1882, continues to be the law in force in Orissa, while outside that province in the districts of the 24-Parganas (except Calcutta), Midnapore, Khulna, Backergunge, and Chittagong that Act and Bengal Act VII of 1864 are concurrently in force. With a view to improving the working of preventive operations under the existing law, sanction was accorded to the employment during the working season of a few special headconstables in important thanas in the saliferous tract for conducting salt searches, and special arrangements were made to enable the Salt Officers to cope with cases of organised resistance to searches in the Sundarbans, the frequency of which had attracted the attention of Government during the previous year. Since the close of the year orders have been received from the Government of India for the transfer of the saltpetre refineries in Calcutta and the suburbs from the control of the Northern India Salt Department to that of the Salt Department in Bengal. The Department, as reorganised, has now finally been put into working order, and its future operations will be watched with interest.

2. The following statement shows the receipts and charges of the Salt Department, including those connected with imported salt, during each of the last six years:—

	HEADS.	1894-95,	1895-98,	1006-07.	1807-96,	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase in 1899- 1900 as compared with 1898-99,	Decrease in 1899-1900 as com- pared with 1898-09.
	1	3	3	4	8		7		9
	RECEIPTS.	Re,	Re.	Ra.	R.s.	Ra.	Re.	R4.	Re.
1. 3. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Import duty on salt	2,44,41,900 90,787 9,019	2,47,07,793 1,80,588 18,845	2,48,66,946 1,15,560 9,463	2,44,70,576 42,617 8,543 73,451 30,031 12,787 3,118	1,48,05,042 1,58,947° 7,043° 1,07,473 28,003 16,580° 2,865	2,54,57,374 1,50,540 7,168 1,26,998 30,249 15,594 2,865	6,53,383 186 19,303 1,645	786
	Total	2,45,51,516	2,49,16,415	2,40,95,604	2,46,36,113	2,61,28,362	2,57,96, 85	6,70,208	101 701
8. 9. 10. 11.	Miscellaneous	1,04,351 81,704 5,165 9,630	1,41,888 30,105 6,359 9,567	93,069 82,217 9,955 10,336	9,365	3,596	8,590	######################################	03:000 03:000 1
	Total	1,50,850	1,87,913	1,44,576	9,855	8,596	8,596		******
	TOTAL RECEIPTS	3,47,02,366	2,51,04,328	2,51,40,180	2,46,45,468	2,51,34,948	2,00,06,181	6,70,208	

^{*} Revised figures as given in the Accountant-General's final accounts.

HRADS.	1894-05.	1806-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1808-00,	1809-1900.	Increase in 1999. 1900 as compared with 1898-99,	Decrease in 1809-1900 as com- pared with 1898-99.
1	1	8	.4	-	6	7	8	9
OHARGEO.	Re-	Re.	Ra.	Re,	Re.	Ro.	Re.	Ra.
Imperial— 12. Salaries, warehouses and re- wards. 18. Compensation paid under	30,000			44,861	55,365°	58,585	3,270	*****
the convention with the French Government.	1,78,267	30,000	1,61,417	1,79,811	2,38,671	20,000	******	******
salt, Oharges of the Origon Balt Department,	1,54,036	1,48,880	1,45,263	1,15,463	1,07,994*	1,55,563	35,467	68,109
Total	3,52,291	8,88,063	3,26,680	8,59,544	4,21,980	3,77,558	111010	64,378
Frovincial— 16. Sainrice, warehouses and re- wards.	63,220	52,884	50,799	pacton	000100	000+10	*******	674868
TOTAL CHARGES	4,04,611	4,35,887	8,77,479	3,59,544	4,21,930	3,77,568	******	64,379
Approximate pet revenue	3,48,97,855	2,46,68,443	2,47,62,701	2,42,65,934	2,47,13,018	2,54,27,593	7,14,578	******

he Accountant-General's fin al accounts.

Id for the salt operations in the 24-Parganas and Midnapore under Act XII of 1882,

To are subject to revision, as the Accountant-General's final figures for the year are not yet

The receipts show a steady rise from year to year with the single The receipts show a steady rise from year to year with the single exception of 1897-98. The income of the year under review shows an increase of Rs. 6,70,203 over that of the preceding year, the improvement occurring chiefly under import duty. There was a slight falling off in the revenue from excise salt, the merchants who used to resort to the Orissa factories for their supplies having shown a preference for Madras salt, which is of better quality. The increase in the proceeds from the rent of warehouses is attributed to larger stocks of salt in bond during the year. There was a decrease of Rs. 83,109 in charges under the head "Refunds of customs duty on salt" against an increase of Rs. 35,467 in charges of the Orissa Salt Department, which include charges incurred for the salt operations in the 24-Parganas and Midnapore. The increase was chiefly due to the amount paid towards the cost of the steam-launches for use in the Sundarbans. launches for use in the Sundarbans.

3. The following statement shows the fluctuations in the volume of the salt trade in Bengal during the last three years excluding salt imported by land from Ganjam and the Upper Provinces on which duty is not paid in Bengal :-

Opening stock-		1897-98. Mda.	1898-99. Mds.	1899-1900. Mds.
Sea imported salt in b Excise salt in bond	end	10,61,713 4,18,589	28,86,783 5,58,893	27,78,142 4,84,510
Total		14,75,302	34,45,626	32,62,652
Import and manufacture— Sea imported Manufactured or adde		1,22,20,917 1,62,351	1,08,49,286	1,07,81,024
Total	***	1,23,83,268	1,03,49,296	1,07,81,024
GRAND TOTAL	100	1,38,58,570	1,37,94,922	1,40,43,676
Clearance— Sea imported salt :	from	50 18 600	40.04.070	
shipboard,		52,16,628	42,94,072	41,33,038
Sea imported salt from Excise salt from bond Add to adjust error	bond	51,02,643 17,047	60,66,480 63,755 126	65,77,204 62,616
Total clearance	* * *	1,03,36,318	1,04,24,438	1,07,72,858
Wastage, &c.		76,626	1,07,837	1,15,968
Closing stock-		1 25 25		
Sea imported salt in b Excise salt in bond	ond	28,86,783 6,58,893	27,78,142 4,84,510	27,39,715 4,15,140
Total	***	34,45,626	32,62,652	31,54,855

The stock of salt in the golahs, which at the commencement of the year stood at over 32½ lakes of maunds, fell at the close of the year to a little over 31½ lakes of maunds. The quantity of salt lying affect in the port of Calcutta, ready to be sold direct to purchasers, which at the end of the preceding year amounted to 2,23,534 maunds, dropped during the year 1899-1900 to 1,29,284 maunds.

. 4. The combined imports of salt into Calcutta and Chittagong show a Imports.

net increase of 4,30,028 maunds compared with those of the previous year, the increase occurring wholly in Calcutta. The following statement shows the different countries and ports from which shipments of salt were made during the last three years:—

			1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Percentage of quantity imported for each group in 1897-98.	Percentage of quantity imported for each group in 1898-99.	Percentage of quantity imported for each group in 1899-1900
	1		2	8	4	5	6	7
I.	United K	ling-	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.			
II.	dom Hamburg Madagae	tates	71,15,201 9,73,422	62,76,968 5,08,510	61,63,731 14,16,240	58·22 7·96	60·64 4·91	57·18 13·13
1V.	Africa Ras Rawa	of yah)	29,367 5,87,576	47,107 8,01,111	6,77,093	.24	• • •	***
	Goul Muscat other St	and	11,16,667	8,79,307	6,82,874	28:31	28-80	24.59
-	Aden Hanjam Linga	***	11,28,113 5,45,283 82,474	8,85,076 2,19,018 96,558	10,36,408 1,35,857 1,18,772			47 00
V. VI.	Madras Bombay	***	86,564 5, 5 7,847	79,434 5,57,473	31,044 5,19,071	·71 4·56	5·38	·29 4·81
	Total	***	1,22,21,964	1,08,50,562	1,07,80,590	100.	100-	100-

As in the two previous years there was no importation of salt from Egyptian and other non-European ports beyond the Suez Canal (Group III) during the year under review. With the exception of Hamburg, Aden, and Linga, all foreign countries, as well as Madras and Bombay, sent smaller quantities of salt to Bengal, and there was no importation at all from Madagascar and the States on the east coast of Africa. The importations of Hamburg salt, which last year showed a considerable falling off, have during the year under review increased very largely, and show the highest figure of recent years. The clearances in Calcutta show a marked increase in the demand for Aden and Red Sea salts, the quality of which is said to have improved of late.

5. Excluding 21,048 maunds of Madras and Bombay salt cleared free of duty in Calcutta, duty was paid on 40,81,554 maunds in the previous year, while the clearances from bond rose from 56,22,188 maunds to 60,37,641 maunds. On the whole the total clearances of all kinds, including those of Bombay and Madras salts and of excise salt, rose from 1,04,24,307 maunds to 1,07,72,858 maunds.

6. Deducting from the above clearances the excess of exports from Bengal by land and river over the imports by the same routes, amounting to 5,94,785 maunds, and adding 16,265 maunds of saltpetre brought into use, the balance of salt left for

consumption rose from 98,33,328 maunds in 1898-99 to 1,01,94,338 maunds in 1899-1900. The rate of consumption per head was 5 seers and 2 chitaks against 4 seers and 15 chitaks in 1898-99. In the saliferous tracts, excluding Orissa, the consumption of licit salt has increased from 4 seers 14 chitaks per head in 1898-99 to 5 seers 5 chitaks in 1899-1900. The highest rate prevailed in Howrah and the 24-Parganas (5 seers 9 chitaks), followed by Chittagong (5 seers 8 chitaks), Backergunge (5 seers 7 chitaks), Khulna (5 seers 4 chitaks), Noakhali (5 seers 3 chitaks), and Midnapore (4 seers 12 chitaks). The universal increase in consumption in these saliferous tracts, with the exception of Noakhali, where a small decrease (476 maunds) occurred as compared with the previous year, is ascribed to the improved condition of the people owing to good harvests, and in the 24-Parganas, where the rate of consumption advanced from 4 seers 10 chitaks in 1898-99 to 5 seers 9 chitaks during the year, to the activity of the special establishment employed to check illicit manufacture of salt. the total increase of 38,506 maunds in consumption in the 24-Parganas, 33,830 maunds, or 87.8 per cent., was contributed by the 14 thanas in which preventive operations were carried on by the Salt Department. The large increase of 1 seer 7 chitaks per head of population in Chittagong is particularly noticeable, and indicates that the measures adopted to prevent illicit manufacture have been attended with success. In Orissa the consumption per head rose from 5 seers 7 chitaks to 5 seers 8 chitaks, this rate being the highest on record in the last ten years. The Lieutenant-Governor has read these figures with the the last ten years. The Lieutenant-Governor has read these figures with the greatest interest. They leave no doubt that the attack which was organized last year in the illicit manufacture in the Sunderbuns has already met with signal success. It will be persevered in and will be helped by the fall in the price of licit salt, which has set in as a consequence of the opening of the East Coast Railway.

The price of salt was generally lower than in the previous year.

The average wholesale price (exclusive of duty) of 100 maunds of Liverpool salt purchased from the ship's side in the port of Calcutta fell from Rs. 66-11-4 to Rs. 62-4-11, while the selling price (exclusive of duty), which in 1897-98 had varied from Rs. 97-12 to Rs. 63-1-1, and in 1898-99 from Rs. 73-0-8 to Rs. 61, ranged during the past year between Rs. 67-11-8 and Rs. 56-2. It is evident that the recent and rapid growth in the competition of Indian-made salt with the imported article is, as was anticipated by Government last year, exercising an influence in cheapening the latter, which may prove to be of considerable importance to the consumer. The average wholesale price, inclusive of duty, at the 12 chief marts of Bengal was Rs. 3-9-4 per maund against Rs. 3-10-9 in 1898-99. The corresponding average based on the wholesale prices of all the districts in Bengal also fell from Rs. 3-13-1 to Rs. 3-11 per maund. The wholesale price of excise salt in Orissa continued throughout the year to be one anna a maund for the salt of 1894 and two annas a maund for that of subsequent years.

8. The total imports of duty-paid salt from Madras, the Upper Provinces and Assam rose from 6,34,008 maunds to 7,09,599 maunds during the year, the increase being due mainly to larger importations from Madras owing to the facilities of carriage afforded by the East Coast Railway and to the importations of karkatch crushed salt. The exports from Bengal to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Rajputana and Central India, and Nepal, Sikkim, Tibet, Bhutan and Madras rose by 1,00,540 maunds against a decrease of 39,915 maunds in the exports to Assam, the Panjab, and the Central Provinces. The net result was an excess of exports over imports of 5,94,785 maunds against an excess of 6,09,671 maunds in 1898-99.

9. The number of cases in which contraband salt was attached, including cases that occurred in the Orissa districts, rose from 1,096 to 1,272 during the past year, and the quantity of salt confiscated rose from 510 maunds to 688 maunds, showing an increase of 34.9 per cent. in the quantity confiscated. On an average 17 seers of salt were attached and $20\frac{1}{3}$ seers confiscated in each case as against 24 seers and $20\frac{3}{4}$ seers, respectively, in the previous year. The quantity confiscated was largest in the 24-Parganas (472 maunds), followed by

Puri (115 maunds). In Orissa the number of cases in which salt was confiscated rose from 231 to 343, and the quantity of salt confiscated from 73 to 155 maunds. The total number of cases instituted in the Courts throughout Bengal was 851 against 966 in 1898-99. The number of cases instituted in the 24-Parganas fell from 409 in 1898-99 to 342 during the year. The majority of these cases, viz. 305 were sent up by the Salt Preventive officers for trial for illicit manufacture of salt under the Indian Salt Act, XII of 1892, and convictions were obtained in the case of 346 persons out of 362 actually tried. The result is satisfactory. In Midnapore the number of cases instituted rose from 32 to 66, the increase being practically confined to offences for illicit manufacture. Altogether 66 persons were sent up for trial for all offences, of whom 47 were convicted. Compared with the previous year, there was an increase of 50 in the number of cases instituted in Orissa.

Altogether there were 1,299 seizures and 54 unsuccessful searches in the salt-bearing tracts in Bengal during the year against 1,149 and 39, respectively, in the previous year. In the 24-Parganas the proportion of unsuccessful house searches to seizures is satisfactory, being 18 to 630. Rewards were disbursed to the amount of Rs. 6,682.

Orissa. The most prominent and important feature of this is the great and rapid advance which the improved facilities of transport, afforded by the extension of the East Coast Railway, have enabled Madras salt to make at the expense of the Liverpool article. This comparatively new element is the subject of frequent reference in the report, and appears to have already exercised a not inconsiderable influence on prices in the whole Province. It is, however, in Orissa that its results are most striking and apparent. During the last two years the imports of Madras salt into Orissa have risen by over a lakh of maunds, or 32 per cent., while those of Liverpool salt have fallen by 67,000 maunds, or 26 per cent. This result was anticipated last year by the Excise Commissioner on the ground of the great difference in price in favour of Madras salt, and, as the Board now remark, his anticipations are being realised more quickly than was expected. The Board write:—

"Madras salt has practically ousted Liverpool salt from Cuttack; and in Balasore it has more than obtained a footing; for while none was sold there in 1897-98 and only 4,066 maunds in 1898-99, the quantity that found its way there in 1899-1900 was no less than 67,934 maunds. Its further progress towards Midnapore and Calcutta is regarded as being only a question of time, unless in the meanwhile the price of Liverpool salt undergoe a material reduction."

11. Besides improvements in communications, improvements of working methods are a recent and important factor in favour of Madras salt. It is stated that at four important centres of distribution in Orissa, Liverpool salt was unable to compete with the refined salt turned out from Madras factories by the Oriental Salt Trading Company, which is reported to be carrying on a flourishing trade in salt manufactured by improved processes, and to have opened three new depôts during the year. It remains to be seen how far this new development will proceed. Madras refined salt has already reached the Midnapore district, into which a large quantity was imported during the year, causing a fall in the price of Liverpool salt. It is however reported that the flavour of the Madras salt is not to the taste of the people of Midnapore. The experience of Orissa suggests the inference that this distaste may pass off with time. Should this be so, Liverpool salt at its present prices has evidently a formidable competitor to reckon with in places where it has hitherto enjoyed a monopoly, and the results of the competition may be far-reaching. Whatever they may be, the introduction of competition cannot fail to be of advantage to the consumer, especially to the poorer classes, with whom cheapness is the primary desideratum.

The consumption of locally-manufactured salt in Orissa fell slightly from that of the previous year. In spite of reductions in price, the quality of this salt, which consists of the stock left in hand at the Tua and Gurubai factories, when they stopped working in 1898, is so inferior to that of its

competitors, that it is unable to find a sale sufficient to clear off the stocks within a reasonable time. It is now reported to have become almost unmarketable.

12. The thanks of the Government are again due to Mr. K. G. Gupta, Commissioner of Excise, Bengal, and the Board of Revenue, for their administration of the Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

E. N. BAKER,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

WEATHER AND OROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 1st October 1900.

Burdwan.—Rainfall at Sadar 3.49, Kalna 4.26, Katwa 3.87, Raniganj 5.43. Weather seasonable. In the Kalna subdivision aus crop harvested; some damage apprehended to amun, sugarcane and jute owing to excessive rainfall. Prospects fair in Katwa and Raniganj. In the Sadar subdivision slight damage apprehended. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				AT D.	
Sadar				11	1
Kalna	000	***	0 0 0	101	
Katwa			***	12	per rupee.
Raniganj	***	***		12)

Birbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 3·15, Rampur Hat 2·22. Weather seasonable. Standing crops doing well. Price of rice at Sadar and Rampur Hat 12 seers per rupes. Fodder sufficient.

Bankura.—Rainfall at Bankura 3.25, Vishnupur 7.28. Weather variable. Rainfall during the first part of the week has done some damage to sugarcane, biri, til and aus, but has been favourable to aman. Weeding of winter crops going on. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Price of common rice at Bankura 13 seers 2 chitaks and at Vishnupur 11 seers 4 chitaks per rupee.

Midnapore.—Rainfall at Sadar 13.60, Contai 7.31, Ghatal 8.49. Weather fair and cool in the morning. Crops are to a certain extent damaged by the recent flood. Portions of Contai and Ghatal are still under water. Fodder sufficient except in the flooded tracts. No cattle-disease. Rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.
Sadar	***	***		12)
Contai	***	***	000	14 per rupee.
Ghatal		***	***	104

Hooghly.—Rainfall at Sadar 7.11, Serampore 7.12, Arambagh 4.63. Work of cultivation stopped in many places. Much damage has been caused to the standing crops. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee.

Howrah.—Rainfall at Sadar 9.43, Ulubaria 6.70. Weather cloudy with occasional showers. The paddy crops in many places are still under water, and much damage is apprehended. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 10 seers 5 chitaks per rupee.

24-Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar 6.42, Basirhat 3.02, Diamond Harbour 5.68. Weather cloudy and rainy in the beginning of the week. Prospects of aman improved in places in the Sadar and Diamond Harbour subdivisions and in others not hopeful. Steeping of jute and outting of aus continue. Cattle-disease reported from some parts of the Basirhat subdivision. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Brs.	
Badar		# 10 10	***	10	
Barasat		***		12	DAY WILDOO
Basirhat		***		-	per rupee.
Diamond Harbour	***	000	***	118	

Nadia.—Rainfall at Sadar 8.42, Kushtia 2.17, Meherpur 3.13, Chuadanga 1.81, Ranaghat 3.05. Weather seasonable. The recent rain damaged the standing crops in parts of the district except in Kushtia, where they are good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

					Bre.	
Sadar	•	***	190	000	12} 7	
Kushtia		000	***	•••	15	
Meherpur		***	***		121 >per rupes.	
Chuadanga		***	***		121	
Ranaghat			9.00	900	·9} .J	

Murshidabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.72, Jangipur 0.78, Lalbagh 1.99, Kandi 3.23. Weather hot and cloudy. Harvesting of aus nearly finished. Jute cutting going on. Prospects of augarcane good. Considerable damage anticipated to winter rice crop in portions of Kandi subdivision owing to cyclone, but the extent of the damage cannot be estimated

until the water has further subsided. River rapidly falling. Damage to winter rice crop in Sadar, Jangipur, and Lalbagh very slight. Sowing of kalai in progress. Cattle-disease reported from thans Nawada. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Brs.	
Sadar		400	***	121)
Jangipur Lalbagh	•••	0 0 0	0 0 0	131	
Lalbagh	***	***	099	13	per rupec.
Kandi	***	***	***	13	1

Jessore.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.05, Jhenida 3.05, Narail 1.54. Weather hot, cloudy with slight showers. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of aus paddy going on. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

			Srs.						
Sadar	•••	**1	***		14	per rupee.			
Jhenida	0.00			200	15	per rupee.			
Narail	***	***	***	***	131)			

Khulna.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.58, Bagerhat 2.27, Satkhira 2.85. Weather seasonable. Transplantation of aman paddy is over. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	
Sadar	•••	***		134	per rupee.
Bagerhat Satkhira	***	***	***	1376	per rupee.
Satkhira	100			11)

Rajshahi.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.91, Nator 2.36, Naugaon 1.61. Prospects of crops good. Cattle-pox reported from Boalia. Fodder and water sufficient Common rice sells at 14 seers per rupee.

Dinajpur.—Average rainfall 3.83. Weather showery. A little more rain wanted in south of district. Prospect of aman moderate. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water plentiful. Rice 15 seers a rupee at Sadar and 13 seers at Thakurgaon.

Jalpaiguri.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.29. Weather seasonable. Transplantation of haimanti paddy finished. Harvesting of bhadoi and jute continues. Common rice sells at 14 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Darjeeling 1.15, Kurseong 2.35, Siliguri 3.16. Weather seasonable. *Hitte—Bhutta*, bhadoi paddy, and potatoes are being harvested; hara marua and haimanti paddy progressing. Terai—Harvesting of bhadoi and jute and transplanting of haimanti paddy finished. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

```
Hills ... ... ... ... 10 per rapee.
```

Bhutta sells at Darjeeling 24 seers and at Kalimpong 28 seers per rupee.

Rangpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 42, Nilphamari 8-41. Weather hot. More rain wanted. Steeping of jute and transplantation of aman almost finished. Cattle-disease prevails in Nilphamari. Water and fodder sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	
Sadar	***	***		10	
Nilphameri	***	141		14	202 2000
Gaibanda	***	***	***	10	per rupee.
Kurigram	001		***	10	

Bogra —Average rainfall 1.32. Harvesting of jute and transplantation of amon finished. More rain wanted. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 14 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease reported from Panchbibi.

Pabna.—Rainfall at Sadar 2 07, Sirajganj 0.69. Weather hot and cloudy. Prospects of crops good. Prices unchanged.

Dacca.—Rainfall at Sadar 53, Manikganj 41, Munshiganj 26, Narainganj 25.

Monsoon weather. Prospects of standing crops good. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.

Common rice 111 seers per rupee.

Mymensingh.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.40, Jamalpur 2.13, Kishoreganj 0.29, Netrokona 0.15, Tangail 2.29. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good except in Jamalpur, where more rain is needed. Harvesting of jute continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle good. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Brs.	
Sadar		***	***	12)
Tangail		• • •	***	12	
Netrokona		***		121	per rupes.
Kishoregenj	***		***	111	
Jamalpur		+ + 4		9 1)

Faridpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.67, Goalundo 0.45, Madaripur 5.02. Weather seasonable. Common rice 123 seers per rupes.

Backergunge.—Rainfall at Sadar 24. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Common rice sells at 12 seers (aman) and 14 seers (aus) per rupee.

Tippera.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.04, Brahmanbaria 11, Chandpur 5. Weather somewhat hot. More rain wanted for aman crop. Water and fodder sufficient. Price of common rice averages 13 seems per rupee.

Noakhali.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.26, Feni 0.17. Transplantation of aman finished. Prospects good. Fodder and water good. Common rice sells at (aus) 16 seers and (aman) 12 seers per rupee.

Chittagong.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.02, Cox's Bazar 0.08. Rain still wanted for transplantation of aman crop. Water and fodder sufficient. Cattle-disease still continues in Chakaris and Ramu. Common rice 12 seers per rupee.

Patna.—Rainfall at Sadar 5.99, Barh 1.67, Bihar 0.64, Dinapur 5.80, Hilsa 6.65. Good rain in hathia. Prospects of paddy much improved. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Common rice in Patna sells at 15 seers per rupes.

Gaya.—Rainfall at Gaya 2.49, Jahanabad 4.57, Aurangabad 2.17, Nawada 5. Paddy doing well. Rabi lands being prepared. Common rice selling at 11 seers per rupee.

Shahabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 6.76, Buxar 4.09, Sasaram 2.53, Dehri 4.21. Bhadoi harvesting continues. Standing crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Rice sells at Sadar 12 seers per rupes.

Saran.—Rainfall at Sadar 8·15, Siwan 1·74, Gopalganj 2·71. Weather cloudy and rainy. (The rainfall at subdivisions was much heavier than here reported, as the heaviest rain fell after reports submitted.) Harvesting of marua and makai still in progress. Winter paddy much benefited by recent rain, which will also help rabi materially. Common rice sells at 13 seers 7 chitaks and makai 20 seers 10 chitaks per rupee.

Champaran.—Rainfall at Sadar 8.30, Bettish 8.00. Weather cloudy with showers and high wind. Prospect of aghani crop improved by the recent rain. Harvesting of makai and kodo continues. Fields being prepared for rabi crops. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice and maize at Sadar are 11 and 21 seers per rupee respectively.

Musaffarpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 4.79, Hajipur 8.98, Sitamarhi 6.60. Prospects of aghani favourable. Prices are—Common rice 12 seers, wheat 12 seers, barley 17 seers, maize 22 seers, gram 14 seers, arhar 15 seers and marua 22 seers per rupes.

Darbhanga.—Rainfall at Sadar 5.88, Samastipur 5.51, Madhubani 5.71. Paddy doing well. Harvesting of bhadoi almost over. Fodder and water sufficient. No oattle-disease reported from anywhere. Common rice sells as follows:—

```
Sadar ... ... 141 Samastipur ... ... 14 per rupee.

Madhubani ... ... 141
```

Monghyr.—Rainfall at Monghyr 2.30, Begusarai 1.47, Jamui 2.78. Weather cloudy and rainy with strong easterly wind. More rain still wanted for paddy. Kurthi, kalai, and sweet potatoes are being sown in the Begusarai subdivision. Lands are being prepared in the Jamui subdivision. Standing crops doing well. Common rice sells as follows:—

				102 01	
Monghyr Begusarai Jamui	***	*60	•••	114	per rupee.
Begusarai	4	***		124	ber inbee.
Jamui .		•••	***	1.5	7

Bhagalpur.—Weather seasonable. Standing crops present favourable prospects. Prices going down. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water ample.

Purnea.—Rainfall at Sadar 14.71, Kishanganj 9.35, Araria 9.12. Weather rainy and cloudy. Steeping of jute nearly over. Transplanting of paddy seedlings complete. Prospects of aghani crops generally good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows: -

				Srs.	
Sadar Kishanganj Araria	0-0-0	***	•••	14	
Lishangan	0.00		***	14	per rupee.
Albita	***	***		18	

Malda.—Rainfall at Sadar 6.55, Shibganj 2.56, Gajole 6.60. Weather hot and cloudy with heavy rain in northern parts. Harvesting of bhadoi paddy completed. Oattle-disease reported from Shibganj and Gajole. Fodder and water sufficient. Average price of rice stationary.

Sonthal Parganas.—Average rainfall 4·13. Weather stormy and cloudy. Standing crops doing very well. Fodder and water sufficient. Average price of rice 13 seers and of maise 18; seers per rupee.

Cuttack.—Rainfall at Sadar 9:48, Jajpur 6:18, Kendrapara 4:53, Banki 16:10. Weather rainy. Beali and mandia being harvested. Sarad and sugarcane growing. Condition of men and cattle generally good. I'odder sufficient. Some damage to crops on low lands is apprehended on account of high flood. Common rice sells as follows:—

```
Sadar
                                                   13
Jajpur
                                               *** 154
                                                          per rupes.
Kendrapara
                                                   17 10
112
                                               ...
```

Balasore.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.37. Weeding of sarad continues. Jute and asu outting in progress. Beals crop in ear. Sugarcane thriving well. Rice sells at 15½, 13 and 16 seers per rupee in interior, Balasore, and Bhadrak, respectively. High flood in Salandi, Kansbans, Burabalong and Subarnarekha rivers. Flood-water now subsided. Crops on some flooded lands reported to have suffered much in some places. Folder wenting owing to floode lands reported to have suffered much in some places. Fodder wanting owing to floods.

Angul.—Rainfall at Angul '56, Chhindipada 2.21, Bissipara 1.87. Weather seasonable. Sowing of kulthi and mung and harvesting of mandia and autumn paddy in progress. Field labour available. Common rice selling from 8 to 13 seers per rupee in Angul and 8 to 9 seers at Bissipara. In Khondmels number of persons daily on relief—Men 316, women 423, children 168.

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar 6.30, Khurda 5.72. Weather seasonable. Transplanting and weeding of earad paddy continue. Laghu in ear. Beati and mandia being harvested. Sugazoane, cotton, arhar, and other miscellaneous crops thriving well. High flood all over district. Crops were under water for long time in certain parts. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :-

```
Srs. ch.
Sadar
                                                        ... 11 13
... 13 2
... 12 15 per rupes.
Khurda
                          ...
Interior of district
                          ...
                                         ***
```

Hazaribagh.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.59, Giridi 1.59. Harvesting of bhadoi going on. Prospect of paddy good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows :-

```
Sadar
                                                ... 13 | per rupee.
Giridi
```

Ranchi.—Rainfall 1.61. Weather seasonable. Prospect of winter rice good. Harvesting of gora paddy continues. Average price of common rice is 10 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient.

Palaman.—Rainfall 3.29. Weather clear. Rabi fields being prepared. Kurthi and gram being sown. Standing crops all doing well. Prices at Sadar are—Rice 9; seers, makai 27 seers, gram and wheat 10 seers per rupee.

Manbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 4.60, Gobindpur 3.10. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Cattle-disease reported from thanas Raghunathpur and Topohanchi. Fodder and water sufficient. Average price of common rice at Sadar II seers 6 chitaks and at Gobindpur 11 seers per rupee. Supply sufficient.

Singhbhum.—Report not received.

General Summary.—Moderate rainfell during the week except in East Bengal and parts of North Bengal, where only light showers are reported. The unusually heavy rain of the preceding week and consequent high floods have caused damage to the crops in many places in the Burdwan, Presidency, and Orissa Divisions. In some places the crops are reported to be still under water. In Bihar the good hathia rain has benefited the rice crop and helped the ploughing of the rabi lands. More rain is still wanted for the rice crop in Dinajpur, Rangpur, Bogra, Mymensingh, Tippera, Chittagong, and Monghyr. The harvesting of the autumn crops is almost over. The price of rice is reported to have risen in 12 districts and fallen in 10. Fodder-supply is generally reported sufficient except in the flooded tracts of Midnapore and Balasore. Cases of cattle-disease continue to be reported from some districts.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. A. SLACKE,

Secretary to the Goot, of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

The 2nd October, 1900.

Mesuits of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 23rd to 29th September 1900.

			8	i i	1	PMPS	ATUSE.		8	TORON	TRT.		Wing.			
Mosth.	Date.	Maximum in still	Number of hours bright sanshine.	Mean pressure baromed at 32º Fahr.	Mean.	Maximum	Range	Minimum	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Hiles recorded.	Rain.	Weather,
	1			Inches.		9				Inche	0	x			Inches.	
1900. Sept.	28rd	120-8	Nil	29 · 807	78-9	83.8	8.6	75-2	76-5	0.888	75.5	89	ESE and S% by E	173	0.07	Cloudy, o, g, d.
P 9	24tb	80.3	9.7	-852	77-6	79.7	5.7	73-0	75 6	-860	74.7	91	SE by E & WSW	112	8-44	Cloudy, o, g, d,
41	25th	144-8	2.3	-860	80.8	86-1	12.9	73.2	78 3	-937	77.8	89	SE by Sand SSE	118	4-21	Chiefly cloudy,
43	25th	139 8	6.5	-856	82.5	87.8	9.8	77.5	78-4	•918	76-6	83	SSE and S	97	Nil	Partially oloudy.
**	27th	148.3	6.8	-849	82.4	87.9	11.8	76-6	77-8	-892	75.8	81	Sand SSW	103	9.3	Partially cloud
91	28tb	145-8	5.7	.808	84-1	89-1	97	79*4	79.6	952	77:7	81	S by E and variable.	102	23	Partially cloud
**	29tb	146-7	8-4	*803	88-2	87-9	10.3	77-6	78.8	1926	76 9	81	NNE and NNW	78	0. 2	Chiefly cloudy, o,
T	he to	Office	mber	of hou	f the	brigh	espon 	shine			24	year	rs, Surveyor-Gen	neral'	0	Inches 29.834 29.733 Hours, 24.7
T	he ma	ximu	m po	saible n	umbe	r of l	10urs	oi su	nshiz	10	• •	0 0	•••	0.0	•	84.0
T	16 me	an te	mper	ature of	the s	the	days	spond	ling	period		. 2	4 years, Surv	oyor-		81.4
		Gener	ral's	Office			110	•	***		n 6	• •	***	**	•	83.1
T	ne ex	treme	varia	tion of	temp	peratu						• •	***	**	•	16 1 89·1
				nperatu			•••		100		01		101	4.0	•	Miles.
T	ne hig	ghest '	veloci	ity of th	e wi	ad in	one l	hour	+ 0.1		* 0		•••	9.00	•	11 °/ 85
T	he me	en re	lative	humid	lity				4 4 5			4.4	***	1.0	10	85
T	he at	verage	rel	lative Jeneral'	humic	lity	of	the	COTTE	spond			iod for 24	year		85
			-									0.0	***	0.0	•	Inches
T	he tot	al fal	l of m	rain from	m 231	respo	29th nding	Sept g per	embe	r 1900 for 2	4 y	Bars,	Surveyor-Ger	eral'		7.77
		Office							***			• •	•••		10	1.71
T	he a	rerage	fall	n 1st Jo of th	anuar e cor	y to a	e9th a	Septer	mber iod	1900 for 2	4 y	 6 6.1%	, Surveyor-Ger		0	88.45
		Office		sure, ter	 mpera	ture,	&o.,	are de	duce	d from	n th	e tr	noes of the Bar	ogra	ph an	58.47

The mean pressure, ter and from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; A, dew.

METHOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA,

Alspore (Oaloutta), the 1st October 1900.

G. W. KUCHLER,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Gost, of India and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in staples carried during the four weeks ending 28th July 1900 as compared with the same period of 1899.

STAPLES.	. 18	99.	19	00.	Inca	BASE.	DECREASE,	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Preight.	Weight.	Preight.	Weight.	Freight.
Coal & Coke carried for the public and foreign	Mde.	Re.	Mde.	Rs.	Mda,	Re,	Mda.	
Cotton, raw	70,74,688 27,868	9,89,816 14,122	98,16,318 10,623	13,59,891 5,870	\$1,41,630	3,69,075	drode	Ru.
Octton, manufactured— 1.—Twist & Yarn, European 2.— Ditto, Indian 3.—Plece-goods, European 4.— Ditto, Indian	11,052 48,964 56,950 12,144	5,302 23,468 65,774 6,086	4,088 45,871 63,757 13,348	4,858 15,970 84,226 6,745	0,907 1,204	550	17,346 6,996 8,093	8,252 446 7,4% 11,548
Drugs and Chemicals— 1.—Intoxicating, other than opium 2.—Non-intoxicating	655 12,306	871 9,029	1,677 12,011	466 11,877	422	95	*****	40050
Dyes and Tans— 1.—Indigo	\$94 5,980 2,145 12,087 203 487	245 1,685 1,184 10,434 199 214	699 9,370 3,150 9,114 177 71	150 2,5×7 1,548 8,510 174	807 805 8,401 1,008	980 364	2,973	5p
7.—Others	702	214	4,617	2,322	3,725	2,108	410	203
Grain and Putter— Le-Wheat	9,89,657 43,034 4,21,281 19,661 8,44,100 59,913	\$,95,958 4,844 84,803 3,755 74,947 9,500	8,44,828 1,03,681 8,68,970 21,023 8,95,644 8,64,638	1,12,498 16,218 2,66,041 2,849 3,40,877 65,847	60,587 4,47,698 1,182 4,91,404 8,94,725	11,874 1,95,738 1,65,930 50,038	1,44,515	1,14,438
### ##################################	47,888 19,466 1,296 7,482	23,669 7,693 744 1,640	67,305 19,673 1,316 16,77¢	28,191 6,177 665 4,231	19,467 20 9,294	4,522	5,793	1,518 79
1.—Raw	81,823 84,831	4,180 41,348	10,269 81,200	7,191 38,038	******	101,00	2,554 8,176	999 3,310
1.—Stick	32,885 20,226 8,280	18,860 15,275 8,686	35,394 18,517 3,385	13,421 14,025 5,830	3,440	2,144	1,700	1,250
Liquors—	-10,932	5,013	7,708	4,881			3,284	100002
2.—Spirits of all kinds, including country spirit	3,614 2,432	2,400	867 3,330	1,112 8,716	898	744	8,647	1,388
fermented liquor, other than ale and	195	32	197	54	2	22	404>10	*****
Ketale— 1.—Copper, unwrought 2.—Brass, ditto 3.—Cupper, wrought 4.—Brass, ditto	109 296 523 12,611	95 156 31.1 5,104	822 2,405 1,404 16,005	703 819 721 7,088	513 9,100 850 3,584	608 663 411 1,966	******	224000 014100
6.—Iron and steel— (a) Cast (b) Unwrought (c) Wrought (d) Manufactures of iron and steel 6.—Zinc and spelter 7.—Others	29,091 3,466 71,164 83,054 1,632 7,070	5,860 331 84,855 17,756 1,037 9,721	4,786 14,538 84,463 30,648 2,335 9,883	1,709 1,872 86,008 12,218 1,354 0,795	11,072 15,289 8,664 703 2,623	1,541 103 517 2,074	24,336	5,638
1.—Kerosine	1,38,316 3,676 3,108 8,501 4,040	48,836 1,046 1,153 2,694 1,985	1,20,133 6,198 6,333 8,990 5,486	30,881 1,330 1,491 4,073 8,431	322 1,225 390 1,648	284 3.8 1,879 446	18,183	0,945
1.—Linseed 2.—Rape and mustard 3.—Til or jinjiii 4.—Poppy 6.—Kartinuts 6.—Caster plum	5,93,839 2,62,343 -7,522 53,239 32 44,957 42,958 1,736	1,67,628 73,553 885 16,233 18 12,207 10, 56	5,05,897 1,50,142 11,325 58,983 6 49,839 25,733	1,27,834 50,441 3,434 19,548 3 11,806 4,075	4,008 6,744 4,582	3,549 3,413	87,042 1,12,201	29,789 28,112
aper and pasteboard	17,851	1,131	15,548	10,889	*****	*****	1,077	909
rovisions— 1.—Gher 2.—Dried fruits and nuts 3.—Portatoes 4.—Others	89,370 1,185 9,344 1,07,607	26,623 837 20,465 36,303	36,690 8,923 61,368	29,602 1,265 15,134	4,301 1,738 85,024	9,979 428	1,806	5,361
citions plant & rolling-stock carried for the public & foreign railways— 1.—Locomotive engines and tenders and			1,19,750	63,231	12,143	5,929	000 000	4.1.1. 0 ⁴ 0 6 T
8.—Carriages and trucks and parts thereof 3.—Materials—	957 682	80 90	1.719 31,28 1	431 8,104	763 30,599	401 8,005	800/11	503700
(a) Steel rails and fish-plates (b) Sleepers and keys of steel and	10,908	2,516	36,323	1,963	15,475		*******	1,463
(a) Other socie	9,554 58,848 3,29,947	2,023 8,136 70,448	17,712 87,526 4,11,796	8,753 38 314 71,645	8,158 28,078 91,840	8,730 30,090 1,099	800 oso ossed	4,400

						1960,		1900.		I WCR1	IASH.	DECREASE.	
	TAPLI	ie,			-	Weight.	Freight.	Weight,	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Preight.
Saltpetre, &c						Mds.	Re.	Mas.	Ro.	Mile.	R.s.	Mds.	Rs.
1.—Saltpetre 1.—Uther saline	su bati	 Mnoes	000	999	844	21,143	10,438 10,636	27,054 40,286	14,639 12,646	15,991 1,207	4,301 1,610	000000	*****
Sith, ross— 1.—Foreign 2.—Indian	200	***	***	215 600	001	4/3 006	2 857	813	649	208	292	48	900 40 A
Pilk piece-goods — 1, — Foreign 2, —Indiau		107	***	***	01 #80	45	47		85	***### ******	38	8	**************************************
Spices— 1, - Betel-nuis			n01		60-	15,746	15,668	15,293	14,088	,		461	1.63
8.—Pepper 5.—Ginger	***	000	100	000	901	1,452	1,407 825	1,182	1,285	*****	******	270 799	17
6.—Chillies 6.—Cardamoms	***	000	0.00	***	**	7,036	3,908	11,981	4,366 634	4,945	1,458 68	8	411450
6.—Others Stone and lime	***	101	100	001 d	801	678 4,06,469	847 41,959	2,598 . 4,18,585	1,027 67,229	1,915 7,096	15,270	*****	*****
lugar- 1.—Refined		***	901	003	210	5,093	1.154	22,022	9,721	16.929	8,567	******	441100
S.—Unretined	401	184	400	411	001	1,43,190	24,501	1,71,386	42,671	28,146	18,060	*****	980 ₉₈₉
1. – Foreign 2. – Indian	100	***	661 600	104	800	4.885	1,624	2.651	39	21	33 334	2,234	100 100
fimber	***	100	111	***	411	1,05,788 77,063	28,246 28,604	85,941 84,156	17,1+8 41,257	6,193	17,653	19,547	6,08
Fool— (a) Raw	454	000				1,169	658	1,686	1,085	524			
(*) Manufacture L Carpet	d-		***		***	645	845	1,489	982	1.844	450 : 87	******	******
II.—Pieces III.— IV.—Other	oods,	Euro; India	DOMES.	ures	001	1,292 2,970 49	573 1,068 \$1	196 1,021 1,803	90 1.068 1,757	1,761	1,786	1,106	48 80
Il other articles of			- 1			80.080		1.47.870					
	000 00"	100	***	***	0 + 1 0 + 1 0 + 0 +	36,978 50,395 7,158	7,850 6,056 2,374	42,101	19,021 3,134 1,628	1,10,901	6,671	8,192	96 86
 6, -Oil-cake 5, -Paints and co 6, -Bends other t 	lours	ineed		100 to 10	***	60,748 3,470 83,571	9,039 2,189 13,161	89,461 2,445 36,74	14,215 1,651 14,072	28,713 8,193	4,276 911	1,025	
7 Wooden artic	lon	***	***	***	***	5,19,776	5,229 1,27,545	11,039 8,98,711	4,152	3,78,935	1,54,671	446	1,0
			7	otal	441	1,34,60,248	25,65,227	1,78,51,458	34,36,988	38,91,210	8,71,711	440 Min	
dilitary stores	681	000	004	***	1.0	10,047	10,607 07,288	55,817 13,37,110	69,430	45,270	52,828	*****	(Jr. ())
Railway materials Live-stock	967 800 600	900 900	000 000	100 100	061	13,94,041	47,625 9,683	18,55,635	1,06,368 83,444 18,029	8,13,031 4,41,614	89,124 5,810 8,346	842 99 0 102824 Uno 600	000000 000000 (5) 141000
	Þ		T	otal		1,58,88,491	27,06,380	2,05,79,546	36,84,203	46,91,125	9,77,923	207114	

C. W. CLAREE, Assistant Auditor.

TRAFFIC AUDIT OFFICE, GOODS DIVISION, JAMALPUB, the 24th September 1900.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

Abstract of principal Commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of July 1909 as compared with the same month of previous year.

ARTICLES.									Decreases			
2011	18.				Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1900.	1809.	Increase.	Decreas
					Tons.	Tons.	Tous.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tone
nimals pparel, including drap millinery, uniforms, a	eiy. I	nbero	lasher	у.	1 1	1	*****	****	9	******		\$40000 76000
and shoef. at and Coke carried f					933	11	1,189	8	944	1,196	055134	21
	***		100 1	٠,	*****	10	******	4	10	4	0	*****
tton, manufactured— Twist and yarn, Buroj	DOBE .	ee 6	.00 .	41	86	*****	112	0.00111	36	113	*****	2
Piece-goods, European	n .			50	69	0.00 504	75	111100	69	75	401400	
Ditto, Indian	489 4	ex. (1	1	1	P4++04	2	1	1	******
nemicals, excepting saltp	etre .				11111	******	511111	*****	100100	000(4)	446446	107100
ruge— Intexicating, other the	n opiu	112 .		.,		000000	200000	415101	996111	020440	******	. 004000
Non-intoxicating— Medical preparations	esa 8	00 (984 9	01	800.00	911-11	******	251000	989 to 1	40.100	900100	*****
()()					1		1	440400	1	1	*****	*****
Indigo				11	*****	******	945 100	00000	******	100000	861***	100000
Cutch	100 0			00	01(1))	000.00	000 100	******	******	#4+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	******	744000
Turmeric Alizarme and Aniline		44 4		0.0	3	11	4	17	13	21	******	000100
Al (Merinda Citrifolia	L) ,	06 (000 1		*****	211124	501	*****	****** 6	******	6	001000
Tanning Barks Others				01	000119	6	******	000.33	******	*****	*******	001404
Oileako	000 41		34 6		39	63	PQ1 000	*****	101	*****	101	
Huy, straw and grass	***		184 4		19	4	40 000	0	4	*****	36	900+00
ruits and vegetables, free rain and Pulse—	al .		0.0	"	10	17	493407	000000	86	v01.00	90	111000
Will be see 4	*** **	-	-	00	44	160	31	22	204	53	151	Distance
Do, not in the hunk	104 4	10 1	164 81	00	11	1,990	20	663	2,001	688	1,818	******
Gram and pulse	040 4	00 (000 0	De	41	507	13	279	608	292	316	001100
Wheat flour Others				**	16	6	500 - 50 0 + 1 + 0	*****	18	40.000	16 7	442040
ides and Skins-												
					}	8	000 111	28	5	28	******	
Skins of sheep and othe	r anim			ado	,							
Raw	004 0	p 0	000 0		}	13	00000	007 000	13	214000	13	800 * 4 *
emp (Indian) and other	fibres, e	xelud	ing jui	0	200 +++	87	441411	*****	87	*****	37	******
Raw Gunny-bags and sloth	***			90	55	1,513	4 31	520 3	1,613	524 84	969	101190
9.0m			*									
oather—	004 0	44	*** 0		*1****	******	007000	******	an 1+4	P80000	500 403	*****
Wrought, excepting b	oots an	d sho	ôs ,	••	*** 000	991 600	1	*****	001 rus	1	011100	
Ale and beer Spirit of all kinds, incl	to the second	01 1	wer ganis		*****	100+44	100100	200 +24	*****	141021	441,000	******
					4	002.000	8	******	6	2	3	******
All other sorts, include mented liquor, other	ling to	ddy a	and fe	T	434000	000100	200 - 02	*****	000 500	000440	94.000	001 040
iotals-					224424	904 508	0.000.00	*******	000 000	040 700	600 ++4	401114
Copper, unwrought Brass, ditto	5	194		-	9+++=4	10000	******	*****	66+ +++	P96 114	******	000000
Copper, wrought Brass, ditto				101	2	8	8	6	8	P	*******	000140
Iron and steel-			***	10.0	1	*****	002718	693188	1	442400	- 1	000 100
Unwrought	PA4	104	***	14.5	23	944444	15	091110	93	16	7	000404
Wrought	***	111	000	105	10	000.01	6 18	19	27	8 33	*****	000400
Others	400	101	400	50×	10	17	10	1.0	21	Q.B	864400	
Kerosine				100	196		166	Bp1 ***	126	144	*****	
Cocoanut				001	15	448400	21	999 ***	15	31	111111	101000
Mustard and rape Others	400	100	800		50	******	1	401 ***	80	1	*****	
Allegeds—								00		0.0		
Linseed Rape and mustard				00-0	52	87	***************************************	99 \$1	97 60	68.	000 ++ 5	
Til or jinjili	410	944	900	000	200 200	1,107	040108	859	1,107	859	248	111000
Earth-nuts				200	2.000g	080 squ 001000	******	******	007+00	800 400	000+03	******
Custor				101	2	""" в	000***	910100	10	000110	10	999.401
biom				864	1	400000	1	f11:000 B	1	1	004 990	400111
aper and Pasteboard	900	DOM:	900		4	944414	20	1	•	30	000200	
							. 8		2	8		1
rovisions— Ghee Dried fruits and nuts	000	100		900	3	111000	191111	801 000 801 211	i	111011	******	000 70

1592 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, OCTOBER 8, 1900."

ARTICLES.	e		1	1900.	16	190.	To	FAL.	Tuennes	
A EXICURE.			Up.	Down,	Up.	Down,	1900.	1690.	Increase.	Decrease
Ballway plant and rolling stoo	k oarri	nd for	Tons.	Tons,*	Tons.	Tons,	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons,
the Public and Foreign Railwa Locomotives, engines, and parts thereof.	tenden	, and	501 000	800100	000.00	400000	480420	201000	******	Citons
Curriages and trucks and par	to there	nof	001 neg	000177	*#4 000	104000	404 100	222000	000000	000000
Steel rails and fish-plates	004	900	909 244			000 ens				
Bleepers and keys of steel ar	id cant-i	ron	987.00	902700	514-11	000000	**1*05	000000	000 100	990 Pag
Other sorts	104 004	242	000 -04	*******	001111	401.000	001.000	000+44	000 100	004504
alt	1000-	090	378	##374¢	297	000>00	373	299	76	110006
Saltpetre	13 000	***	*** **	Motor	1	400.000	*****	1	000000	,
ilk, raw—	000	800	904 + + +	ter /	100.00	d6-c + 0 p	000 + 1 +	******	401000 9	007141
Total comment	** ***	***	000100	******	000493	##4 non	000000	000 ccc	000.000	******
Foreign		***	004 000	Politos	1=+004	000100				
Indian		000	100 000	*****	*****	414105	001000	41114	4 + 4 + 4 4	******
ploen-										
Botel-nute Pepper			1	168	*****	140	160	140	93	en e
Gingen		051	******	849.688	411444	800102	111998	******	400 ***	909.009
Chillies and		- :::	9	42	2	9	******	100100	400 000	101004
Cardamoms			******	4000m	001.000	******	51	11	40	441-44
Others		001	- 6	9	3 ;	6	13	441*** B	B	*****
		991	36	17	91	000173	58	81	88	******
Refined or orystallised, inclu candy. Unrefined—	ding su	Par-	81	900 apr	87	*******	81	37	******	6
Gur, rab, molasses, jaggery saccharine produce.	and c	ther		- 89	31	50	81	81	6	80
0-1144										
Ballast stone	444	0.01	600-00	21 000711	595	81	*****	626	000000	626
bacco-	1044	901	100000	101,000	******	400,00	******		111000	See His
Unmanufactured	800		82	48	125	43	185	168	******	48
Other sorts	000	000	100,000	111000	981611	*****	******	000150	900410	404044
ood	000	001	- 4	401000	. 3	*****	2	8	*****	1
Manufactures	000	161	78	15	58	e01966	98	53	40	
	0 0 0	904	1	6	*****	000111	8	******	5	******
ol raw- Manufactured-										
Corpets and ruge	****	424		277700	000400	4 4 4 8 8 8	******	101114		
Ditto, Indian	- 4.0	***	801100	504+pq	110200	*****	000.00	******	******	919000
Other sorts of manufactures	800	000	884 484	001000	1	040098	*****	3	******	1
other articles of merchandine	000	901	140	182	166	196	802	202	80	******
	Total		4,838	6,148	8,200	2 988	0.470	# 200 ·		
	AUGES	***	16,038	6,148	8,209	2,988	8,476	6,190	8,565	1,270

CALCUTTA, the 28th September 1900.

T. Siddle,

Chief Auditor and Accountant.

1900

TARKESSUR BRANCH BAILWAY-concluded.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

12:270 22:270 22:230 22:230 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23	Period.	Coaching Traffic,		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other enraings.	Total,	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
	Weck ended 7th July Ditto 14th Ditto 2 at Ditto 2 th Ditto 4th Aug. Ditto 15th Ditto 15th Ditto 1at Sept. Ditto 6th ,	Number of passengers. 29,128 32,489 19,929 17,877 17,980 18,810 17,187 16,330 16,430 18,385	Rn. 6,639 7,452 4,935 4,123 4,203 4,401 4,600 8,557 3,759 4,410	Price	Rn. 8 n. 450 4450 4461 619 542 5467 614 578 519	Rs. 77 70 99 99 99 88 8	Ra. 7,945 7,918 5,256 4,751 4,753 4,975 4,606 4,180 4,345 4,937	Re., 317 356 236 214 214 214 225 148 195	No. 1,188 1,296 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188	Rate, Rs. 4. 5 14 1 6 1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	Totals up to date	204,583	47,408	\$,76,416	5, 233	88	52,726	287	11,968	4.6

Abstract of progressive weekly return of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

1899 Number of passengers, 24,246 21,505 23,416 17,231 16,073 17,367 17,246 10,265 15,719 18,830 Rate.
Rs. A. y.
4 & 1u
4 1 1 4 10 0
3 13 10
3 5 0
3 10 11
3 12 6
3 6 3
3 5 7
4 1 0 Mda. 6,049 47,283 13,329 8,001 9,390 8,081 16,614 7,169 0,490 10,231 Ra, 6,025 4,792 5,142 3,740 3,169 4,135 3,690 4,395 Re. 13 16 7 6 12 4 9 5 11 7 July
ded 15th July
82nd , ...
20th , ...
12th , ...
26th , ...
26th , ...
26th , ...
26th , ...
2nd Sept, Ra. 286 286 247 216 187 202 161 179 217 No. 1,437 1,299 1,188 1,241 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 22.18 25.84 25.84 25.84 25.84 25.84 25.84 25.84 25.84 6,360 5,266 5,407 4,795 4,159 4,374 4,401 4,025 3,979 14,830 Totals up to date ... 188,188 43,380 1,85,169 4,296 90 47,766 12,246 8 16 1

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th September 1900 on 162.24 miles open.

1010	COACHED	G TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDISH AND MINERAL TRAVPIC.		Other earnings	Total	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BUE.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	(estimated),	earnings.	Conching.	Merchan- dise.	Total.
		Ro. A. P.	Mps, s.	Re. A. P.	B4. A. P.	Re. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 9 weeks of half-	13,480	11,674 15 0 71 16 6		6,910 1 0 42 9 0	63 0 0 0 6 8	18,648 0 0 114 15 1	6,780	4,045	10,775
year	135,966°	1,19,919 9 0	6,55,109 6+	85,508 8 0†	619 0 03	1,75,947 1 0	55,9595	26,1975	83,156
Total for 10 weeks	149,436	1,31,494 6 0	7,32,615 30	62,418 P 0	682 0 0	1,94,596 1 0	62,689	30,942	92.931
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	16,009	18,746 11 11	1,01,257 90	10,045 7. 0	78 7 6 0 7 P	28,670 10 5	7,980}	4,088	11,818
Total for corresponding 10; weeks of previous year	179,2634	1,47,967 11 1	8,41,759 80	1,11,606 2 10	0 7 9	147 3 1 2,00,448 8 5	71,954	20,000	104,665

Deducted number of passengers 1,657 and added Ea. 2,786 lbc. Mds. 25,060 and added ... 1,759 for the week ended 21st July 1900.

Added ... 1,759 for the week ended 21st July 1900.

Open mileage. 105134* 10524* 10524* 10524 10524 10524 10524 10524 10524	Period.		Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train mileage.	
	Week ended 7th July 1 16th 1 2nt 2 18th 1 3 18th 1 11th 1 18th 1	001 000 007 000 200 000 000 000 000	Number of passengers. 19,538 \$0,280 11,562 15,540 14,755 13,552 14 013 14,92 15,995 13,460	Ra. 11,176 20,633 10,234 11,506 12,039 11,627 10,708 11,627 10,399 11,675	Mds. 88,170 98,459 46,174 75,177 77,186 67,190 68,110 43,846 61,143 77,514	Ra. 11,150 10,400 4,954 5,816 4,651 4,654 4,683 4,124 3,465 6,910	Re. 84 69 70 68 68 68 68 68 63 63	20. \$2,410 \$1,100 16,278 17,389 16,747 18,049 15,415 15,042 15,645 15,048	200 192 94 107 103 111 95 97 86 118	No. 11,976 12,974 9,673 4,922 4,663 6,834 9,664 9,832 12,190 10,775	Rate Re. A. S.
	Abstract of pro	grou	tive weekly re	oturns of a	ill carnings	for 1900 in (comparison		-concluded		18
462-34 162-24 162-24 162-24 162-24 162-24 162-24 162-24 162-34	R days of July Week ended loth July Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand San	000 000 111 000 000 001 000	Number of pussers, 23, 211 50, 339 18, 730 18, 629 17, 306 16, 678 17, 407 16, 287 14, 56 2 16, 609	Re. 14,778 17,554 15,146 18,788 13,675 18,807 18,746 14,458 12,663 13,747	Mda, 78,881 61,718 84,224 83,196 94,348 76,869 74,677 1,14,735 1,25,170 1,01,288	Ra, 0,176 6,658 7,189 10,589 9,742 10,599 10,633 18,659 16,043 20,045	Ba. 96 69 68 68 96 68 99 79	Ba. 29,047 20,478 32,383 24,427 23,480 34,145 24,739 83,213 28,665 33,671	Ra, 179 163 186 181 145 140 153 205 177	No. 11,985 9,963 10,214 10,117 9,767 9,935 10,352 10,353 10,714 11,316	Re. A. 2 0 3 10 2 3 6 2 6 3 3 2 10 2 10 2 1
	Totale up to date		1,79,854						341	01,010	

[•] Audited figures.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-concluded.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open mileuge.	Period.	Coaching	Traffic.	Merchandise Traff		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train n	ilongos
1,856'18 1,857'16' 1,857'16' 1,897'15 1,836'16 1,836'16 1,836'16 1,836'16 1,830'74 1,840'68 1,860'68	Week ended 7th July 2 14th 1 2 15th 2 28th 3 11th 11th 25th 25th 18th 5th Aug. 18th 5th 18th 7th Bth 18th 18th 7th Bth 18th 18th	Number of passingers, 429,955 384,135 387,240 384,740 381,328 385,274 382,494 382,349 382,349 385,311 377,876 386,151	Re. 4,68,622 8,75,646 8,53,762 5,44,182 5,44,183 8,49,946 8,82,976 8,14,915 8,03,039 8,76,509 3,48,060	Mda. 47,60,054 49,93,181 47,94,842 60,86,389 44,04,869 40,61,607 42,04,614 42,01,090 45,47,045 42,53,080 44,77,408	Re. 0.26, 211 9.21, 959 8.85, 140 9.27, 069 8.05, 198 8.13, 4820 7.7, 198, 361 7.7, 198, 364 8.20, 014 92, 42, 244	Rs. 21,964 22,241 19,576 19,576 20,729 28,198 24,301 21,967 21,177 91,589 20,742 2,41,108	R.s. 14.16,727 15.19,896 12.55,426 12.42,669 11,82,818 12.90,261 10.95,982 10.94,947 10.82,782 11,92,813 12,81,425 1,34,46,578	Re. 772 719 6%5 705 705 4044 665 597 596 598 648 701	No. 808,408 817,447 297,581 294,959 294,959 294,959 295,708 278,657 295,966 291,785 3,831,443	Rate Re. A. 6 H 6 7 6 S 6 6 1 0 3 10 3 11 3 14 4 2

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

6				Number of	Ba.	Mds.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Re.	No.	Ba. A.
710'67	8 days	of J	oly	425,807	4.04,371	45,59,139	8,06,069	1	16,693	12,77,124	747	\$07,818	A. 6
1,710.07	Week	ende	d 16th July	363,619	3,51,988	42,17,020	6,87,300	1	13,140	10.52,402	615	254,918	4 2
1,710.67		10	22md	346,546	8,37,012	85,12,074	6,08,241		13,0%	9,55,335	800	286,082	4 1
1,710 67	11	0.0	201h	805,600	3,05,455	84,23,200	5,78,387	1	12,912	B,96,754	524	235,652	3 12
1,710'67	9.9	9.5	5th Aug		8,81,852	89,5-,345	6,89,110	1	14,859	9,85,851	076	243,941	4 0
1,710'67	41	4.0	12th	813,035	2,91,082	37,29, ENG	6,43,661		18,910	9,40,350	635	244,678	8 14
1,710'67			Adjustme				1,70,137	1	445, H / B	2,15,968	111111	440440	
1,710.07	24	81	19th Aug		2,01,935	80,00,561	6 87,899		24,761	P.72, 205	568	248,174	4 0
1,710.67	0.0	81	2411)		2,78,251	41,21,508	6,69,029	1	24,138	9,91,417	580	240,401	8 18
212181	1.0	9.6	2nd Sept		2,76,502	48,51,114	7,70,9 9		21, 118	10,68,949	625	254,879	4 3
1,710'87	0.0	2.0	9th		2,67,988	46,78,914	8,16, 56		22.599	11,06,041	647	264,104	4 3
1,710'07	21	6.9	16th	310,412	3,31,326	4 6,47,788	8,50,\$49		22,271	12,06,085	704	277,838	6 0
	Tot	ale u	p to date	3,591,022	35,18,628	4,54,17,180	79,16,982		2,43,718	1,16,79,328	613	2,812,455	4 9

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th September 1900 in 2223 miles open.

	COACHING	TRAPPI	fC.		MERCHANDINE THA	AND MII	v R S	LAL	Other ear			Total carn		1	TRAIN-MIL	to aun.
	Number of passengers.	Concl			Weight carried.	Recui	\$3£8 A		(entirgg	tod)		Tour carg	riska	Couching.	Merchan-	Total
		Re.	٨.	P.	Mds. s.	Rs.	À.	P.	Ra.	As 1	P.	Ra. A	. P.			
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway Por previous 10 weeks of half-year	22 130	4,188 224 47,804	6	23	57,901 20 2,02,811 20+	618 27 5,106	12		8 11 86	5 0	9	5,614 ; 252 52,996 1;	3 4	1,106	9886	11,98
Total for 11 works	227,042	52,793	8	-{i	3,00,213 0	5,724	8	0	94	0	0	58,611 1	D (I	12,139	1,037	18,17
Companison.																
Total for corresponding week of previous year	18,864)	4,195			0,382 0			0	9	9	0	4,597 10	0 5	1,037	161	1,45
ing week of previous year Total for corresponding 11) weeks of previous year	907,038	47,575	11		1,47,550 30	4,638	10			6 1		200 1: 1 52,98 3		12,375	1,169	13,54

Added No. of passengers 1,228 and Deducted Mds. 1s, 103 and Added Audited figures up to 28th July 1900.

597 On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the 1) 28th July 1990.

1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open ideage.	Period.	Conchis	ng Traffic.	Merchand Mineral T		Other enraings.	Total,	Per mile of milway.	Train :	milenge.
21.23 22.23 22.23 23.23 23.23 25.73 25.73 25.73 25.73 25.73 25.73	Week ended 7th July 15th 2 st 6th Aug. 18th	No. of passengers. 29.135 Sz. 180 10.925 13.108 17.920 18.510 17.187 16.583 16.583 82.130	Ha. d. (1392) 7, 462 4, 1035 4, 520 4, 520 4, 521 6, 60 3, 754 4, 51 6, 61 6, 63	31 dw. 12, 37 12, 337 13, 346 13 14, 35 14 34, 124 35, 14 36, 124 37, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18	Ra. 3.99 4539 441 4672 542 542 545 407 014 574 519 018	8ks. 7 7 10 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 8 8 8 8 8	Ra. 7: 45 7:418 0,256 8,028 4,725 4,175 4,545 4,545 4,187 5,435 5,435	250 256 256 256 214 224 205 188 198 222 253	No. 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,189 1,189	Rate Rs. A. 5 14 6 6 1 6 6 8 8 8 18 8 8 10 4 11
44	Totals up to date	227,948	88,794	8,00,2,3	5,734	94	58,613	240	1,158	4 1

TARKESSWAR B LANCH RAILWAY-concluded.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

1899.

Öpen ile ag e.	Period.	Conching Traffic	Merchandise a	and Mineral	Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train	mileage.
21·23 22·23 22·23 22·23 22·23 22·23 22·23 22·23 22·23 22·23	Week ended 18th July 20th 20th 5th Aug. 12th 10th 20th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12	21, 906 23, 115 17, 234 16, 072 17, 367 17, 248 16, 2-5 16, 719 18, 30	Rs. Mds. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	#s. 323 443 348 115 387 461 5547 324 376 428 383	Rs. 13 16 7 7 6 12 4 9 5 5 11 7 7 0	Rs. 6,380 5,256 5,497 4,793 4,159 4,374 4,494 4,494 4,025 8,979 4,830 4,007	Rs. 286 286 287 216 187 197 202 191 170 217 287	No. 1,437 1,258 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188	Rate. Rs. A. P. 6 6 10 6 1 10 6 1 10 8 8 00 8 10 11 8 12 6 8 5 7 6 1 0 8 10 11
	Totals up to date	. 207,052	1,875 1,47,551	4,689	99	52,363	211	13,514	8 13 10

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th September 1500 on 16224 miles open.

	COACHIN	G TRAPF	C.		MERCHAND		AND MIN	1301	(LAS)	Other ear	nin	28	Total			TRAFFIC	TRAIN-MIL	SH RUN.
	Number of passengers.	Coach			Weight ourr	ied.	Receip	pta	l _a	(estima)	ted)		carning			Coaching.	Merchan-	TOTAL
		Ra,	A .	P.	M.	s.]	Rs.	Α.	P.	Re.	Α. Ε	2.	Ru. A	. 1	P			
Total troffic for the week	13,480 145,002*	15,666 96 1,29,541	R.	0	85,330 8,65,461		7,818 48 G 3,468	9 9	7	63 697	0 6 0	0 8	23,533 145 1,93,707	9 0 1		7,360	4,967	12,896
Total for 11 weeks	162,382	1 45,198	1	0	9,80,791	30	71,252	21	0	760	0	0	2,17,240	3	0	70,860	38,660	109,535
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding, week of previous year	15,810	17,083 104			1,40,432	10	18,320 112			1t1 0	11 11		33, M	13		7,720	4,4024	12,131
of previous year	105,064	1,64,190	8	6	9,82,193	0	1,30,125	7	10	791	1	0	2,95,967	1	4	79,683	37,1111	116,794

• Deducted No. of passengers 534 and • Added Mds. 1,32,846 and 1 Do. § Audited figures up to 28th July 1909.

1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open mileage	Period.		Coaching	Traffic.	Morchandise a		Other carnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train 1	nilea go.
165:24 162:21 163:24 162:24 162:24 162:24 162:24 162:24 162:24	Ditto 14th prints 25th colors 15th prints	##	Number of passenters, 19,338 20,299 11,952 12,806 14,735 13,292 14,013 14,462 18,995 13,489 13,489	Re. 21,176 20,632 19,254 9,553 12,057 10,732 11,557 10,732 11,557 10,339 11,675 15,050	Mds, 88,170 98,459 44,874 2,08,928 77,886 77,886 65,610 63,844 61,183 77,514 85,930	Bs. 11, 50 10, 100 4, 95 4, 95 4, 95 5 4, 124 5, 405 6, 407 7, 81 6	Bas. 84 455 70 83 67 68 68 63 63 63	Rs. 82,410 81,100 14,239 16,501 16,747 15,642 15,642 15,643 29,233	Ra. 200 1192 984 1692 1685 111 95 97 5 115 145	No 11,976 12,004 9,072 9,100 4,002 6,534 9,004 10,032 72,100 10,775 12,336	Rate, Es. A. 2 11 3 0 1 18 4 10 1 10 1 10 1 11 1 11 1 14
	Totals up to date	***	102,382	1,45,198	9,60,792	71,982	760	2,17,240	122	1,00,835	1 15

· Audited figures.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899—concluded.

1999

162 94 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 24 162 34	8 days of July Week ended 15th Jul Ditto 29th , Ditto 5th Au Ditto 18th Ditto 18th Ditto 20th Ditto 20th Ditto 20th Ditto 2nd Sej Jutto 9th , Ditto 16th ,	uet	15,720 18,620 17,305 16,678 17,407 16,287 14,582 16,699 15,810	Es. 10,776 17,554 16,146 18,748 18,975 18,507 16,745 14,658 12,568 18,747 17,698	Mda, 72,891 61,713 56,226 63,996 94,248 76,869 76,477 1,14,725 1,25,170 1,01,359 1,00,432	Rs. 9,170 8,855 17,189 19,569 9,742 10,592 18,659 16,643 10,646 18,520	Ra. 186 400 98 710 63 46 64 59 79 112	Re. 281,047 281,442 22,353 24,472 23,480 24,146 24,739 33,813 28,845 23,671 35,465	24, 179 143 188 151 146 152 205 147 210	No. 11,955 9,963 10,214 10,117 9,757 6,935 10,563 10,563 10,714 11,518 12,132	Rate. Rs. A. 2 d 2 lu 2 lu 2 d 2 d 3 d 6 d 6 d 6 d 6 d 7 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8 d 8
	Totals up to d	140 000	195,064	1,64,991	9,62,199	1,30,125	791	2,95,907	164	1,16,795	2 8

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th September 1900 on 78.76 miles open.

	Содспан	TRAFFIC).	MERCHAN	DISE TRAI	AND MIN	ERA	- (Other ea	rnings	Total ear	!	TRAFFIC	TRAIN-MILE	s beg.
	Number of passengers.	Conclui		Weight car	ried.	Rece	pts.		(entima	ted).	TOTAL SEL	nings.	Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway Por previous 10 weeks of half-	12,668	Rn. 47,667	7 0	M Ds. 25,218	8.	Rsc. 2,109 26	A P		Re 46 0	0 (Rn. 9,312 117	A. P. 7 0 1 6	1,980	3,191	8,071
year	115,610*	69,801	0.	3,37,451	30+	22,250	1 0	+	388 (0.05	82,437	3 0	15,968§	8,2905	84,359
Total for 11 weeks	125,743 -	66,868 1	0	3,65,660	31	24,359 1	1 0	-	481 (0	91,650	10 0	17,918	9,411	27,330
COMPARISOR.								ļ							
Total for corresponding week of provious year Per mile of railway corre-	10,686	4,640 13	3	47,798	30	3,140	1 0		12 11	8	7,802	9 3	1,510}	791	1,500
sponding week of previous	044101	88 1	9	*** **		39 1	5 9	ì	0 2	7	P9	1 1	,,,,,,,		******
Total for corresponding 103 weeks of previous your	84,4773	41,990 2	g G	2,72,430	80	20,500	2 0		187 1	9	62,776	6 8	9,526)	\$,6004	12,127

Added No. of passengers 2,366 and Rs. 1,310 to Deflucted Mids. 5,305 to 1,400 of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 28th 1 100, 1 100, 28 dudited figures up to 28th July 1930.

1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open miliengo.	Period.	Coaching 7	Craffic.	Merchandise an Traffi		Other; earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train n	nilengo.
78-76 778-76 778-76 78-76 78-76 78-76 78-76 78-76 78-76 78-76 78-76	Week ended 7th July 1 14th 2 1st 2 1st 4th August 1 18th 1 18th 1 18th 2 2th 1 1st 8-pt 1 1st 8-pt 1 1st h 1 1st h	14,779 12,863	Rs. 6,867 6,214 6,482 7,749 6,493 6,493 6,192 6,065 2,128 6,310 7,800 7,907	Mda. 37,728 37,708 36,670 28,902 32,007 36,028 29,976 36,074 36,733 32,897 28,218	Tcs. 2.056 2.577 2.985 1.556 1.556 1.546 2.189 2.189 2.480 2.480 2.480	Ra. 32 20 56 20 4× 47 45 45 46	Rs. 8,375 8,841 7,703 9,309 7,394 7,776 7,242 7,958 7,823 9,83 9,83	Ra., 109 112 98 118 126 99 92 101 199 125 117	No. 2,363 2,244 2,244 2,205 1,831 2,284 3,308 2,706 2,205 2,678 3,671	Rs. A, P Rs.
	Totals up to date	128,473	66,869	3,05,670	24,300	431	91,660	106	27,320	8 5

[•] Audited figures.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899—concluded.

08-00 76-79 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76 76-76	4 days ended 8th July Week ended 15th 22nd 51h August 12th 10th 20th 2nd Bept	Number of passengers. 1,488 8,987 0,775 8,660 9,445 8,190 7,160 8,128 8,676 7,990 10,486	Re. 417 4,240 4,642 8,844 4,795 3,826 3,820 3,667 6,112 5,718 6,681	Dfrite. 17,5%2 19,2%6 15,792 16,488 20,547 21,676 35,781 37,359 47,796	Ea. 25 1,566 1,661 1,664 1,237 1,436 2,146 2,342 2,416 2,420 3,140	Ba, 1 12 13 10 25 30 17 17 25 25	Re. 461 5,818 6,356 5,358 0,057 7,230 5,503 6,026 7,142 6,115 7,802	Ra. 776 81 68 77 67 70 77 101 78 99	No. 1,984 1,113 1,113 1,113 1,113 1,113 1,113 1,113 1,113 1,113	Rate. Ms. A. F. 1 2 1 5 5 10 6 11 6 6 13 0 5 7 1 6 12 1 6 15 1 6 6 N 7 9 5 4 13 6
	Totals up to date	RR,448	41,999	2,72,431	20,590	187	68,776	76	12,187	5 8 10

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., K.-D., DACCA, AND ASSAM-BRUAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Beturn of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 15th September 1900 on 843† miles open.

	Сомония	G TRAPPI	ic.	MERCHAND	RA	FFIG.	FERA	 Other ear	ninge	Tou	n.T		TRAFFIC	TRAIN-NIE	Re Run.
	Number of passengers.	Coachi		Weight carried.		Recei	pte.	lerry		earn;			Ocaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total
		Ra.	A. P.	MDa.	۵.	Ra,	A. P.	Re.	A. P.	Re.	<u>.</u>	P.			
Total traffic for the week Or per units of railway Fig previous 10 weeks of half-	905,610 946		0 0	13,47,840 1,599		8, 15,970 375	0 0	13,830	0 0	4,34,440	0	0	35,150	47,100	82,23
Total for 11 weeks	2,116,581	9,53,971		99,96,971	_	19,93,011	0 0	1,47,866	0 0	30,93,849	0	0	354,588	410,944	765.83
COMPARISON.	2,322,191	10,48,612	0 0	1,13,44,811	0	23,07,981	0 0	1,61,690	0 0	185, 18, 240	0	0	399,738	458,044	847,7
Rotal for corresponding week of previous year	189,006 837		0 0 0	18,81,187	0	2,91,788 380		20,780	0 0	8,97,950	-		85,860	47,298	69,54
previous year	2,225,068	9,78,810	0 0	1,10,13,368	0	21,06,851	0 0	1,64,396	0 0			0	392,574	485,365	827,6

Excluding scening curvature
 C rected up to date.
 Audit d up to 14th July 1900.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., K. D., DACCA, AND ASSAM-BRHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 22nd September 1900, on 843 miles open.

	COACHIN	o Trappi	c.		MERCHAND		AND MIN	18	AL	Other earnings		ALOUE I			TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BUS.			
*	Number of Passengers	Coach			Weight carried.		Beceip	ts.		Ferry	/).	Š	Eurnis			Conching.	Merchan-	Total.
potal traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For provious 11 weeks of half-	159,640	R.s. 81,510 97	A. () 0	4)	MDs. 1,121,720 1,331	ss. 0	R«. 2,47,290 203	A. O	P. 0 0	Ra. 11,270 2	0 0	P. 0°	Rs. 8,40,100 3.12	A. 0 0	0	33,709	54,477	88,186
Authorization in the contract of the contract	2,333,467	10,46 115	0	0	11,823,923	0	23,53,623	0	0	1,64,666	0	0	.35,64,404	0	0	380,612	459,761	849,378
Total for 18 weeks	2,493,327	11,27,655	0	0	12, 45,648	()	20,00,013	0	0	1,75,936	0	0	29,04,506	0	0	423,321	514,238	937,559
COMPARISON.			٠															
to the corresponding week of previous year the mile of railway correspond-	198,113	92,406	0	0	1,260,939	0	2,67,600	0	0	14,452	0	0	3,94,849	0	0	35,183	49,100	84,289
ing week of previous year	235	111	0	0	1,512	0	345	0	0	1	0	0	467	0	0	***	444	940
previous year	2,421,181	10,65,716	0	0	12,274,304	0	23,94,148	0	0	1 78,777	0	0	30,30,035	0	0	427,737	484,471	912,228

^{*} Excluding steamer earnings.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 13th September 1900 on 86 miles open.

	COACEINS	TRAPPI	0.	MERCHANI	BAPI		RR	AL	Othe	r		Tota	1		TRAPPIO	TRAIF-MIL	es hob.
	Number of passengers.	Coach		Weight carried.		Becer	pta.		CATE 113	gs.		6arnin	oço.		Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Trtal.
		Ra.	A. P.	M Ds.	8.	Ra.	A ,	P.	Re.	A.	P.	Ro.	٨.	P.			
otal traffic for the week by per mile of railway by previous 10 weeks of half-	27,320 318	8,370 98	0 0	70,480 819		5,600 60	0	0		0		14,840 167	0	0	2,523	1,590	4,045
Aggs of medic of maria	250,579	75,888	0 0	297,511	0	24,510	0	0	1,445	0	0	1,01,347	0	0	25,264	16,691	41,955
Total for 11 weeks*	277,899	83,753	0 0	367,991	0	30,200	0	0	1,728	0	0	1,15,687	0	U	27,789	18,211	46,000
· COMPARISON.			٠														
otal for corresponding week of previous year	21,770	6,559	0 0	28,157	0	3,527	0	0	76	0	0	10,157	0	0	2,578	1,646	4,323
ing week of previous year	158	76	0 0	327	0	41	0	0	1	0	0	118	0	0	994		***
previous year	263,600	76,806	0 0	204,765	0	19,289	0	0	1,895	0	0	97,920	0	0	28,694	15,893	44,537

^{*} Audited up to 14th July 1900.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the wesk ended 22nd September 1900, on 86 miles open.

,	COACHING	Coaching Traffic.		MERCHANI	18B E \ 1	AND MIN	BRA	L		Other		_Total		TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BUN.			
	Number of Passongers.	Ocach Receip		Weight carried.		Receip	to.		Earnin	180		Barnir	age.	•	Coaching,	Merchan. dise.	Total,
otal traffic for the week	24,240 282	Re. 8,110	A. P. 0 0 0 0	M ns. 51,830 603		Re. 6,040 47	∆. 0 0	0	Re. 80 1	A. 0 0	0	Rn. 12,230 143	0	P. 0	3,520	8,138	4,032
or previous 1: weeks of half-	276,473	03,121	0 0	369,713	0	30,269	0	0	1,549	0	0	1,13,930	0	0	27,789	18,211	46,000
Total for 12 weeks	800,713	90,231	0 0	420,543	0	34,309	0	0	1,629	0	0	1,26,169	0	0	80,309	20,343	80,659
COMPARISON.																	
otal for corresponding week of previous year or nule of Ruilway correspond-	28,161	7,834	0 0	48,686	0	4,890	0	0	70	0	0	12,294	0	0	1,800	1,806	4,750
the week of previous your	278	* 85	0 0	564	0	87	0	0	1	0	0	148	0	0	640		***
ota: to corresponding dat ; of previous year	296,987	64,140	0 0	318,301	0	24,179	0	0	1,805	0	0	1,10,214	0	0	31,584	17,699	49,283

^{*} Audited up to 21st July 1900.

NOTE .- Decrease is due to incessant min during this week causing part suspension of traffic.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1900.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by poet.]

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101 101 109	3 7	Soptember 1990 Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 30th Sept: when to 6th October 1990 Weekly return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways International Exhibition of Minapowerships and Plan

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE ON THE ROAD AND PUBLIC WORKS CESS OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1899-1900.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.—ROAD & P. W. CESS.

Dated Discipling, the 4th October 1900.

RESOLUTION—No. 1686T.—F.

READ-

The Report of the Roard of Revenue on the Road and Public Works cess operations for the year 1899-1900.

The Road and Public Works cesses were levied at the maximum rate of one anna in the rupee during the year under review in all the districts in which the Cess Act, IX (B.C.) of 1880, is in force. During the year, it was decided to introduce the provisions of the Act into the Southal Parganas, excluding the Damin-i-koh, gradually as portions come under resettlement; and the Act will accordingly come into force in each tract from the date when the fresh settlement takes effect.

2. The following table compares the main results of the working of the Cess Act during the past two years:—

					1898-99.		1899-1900.
(1)	Current net demand	***	100	Rs.	90,34,880	Rs.	90,84,990
(5)	Arrear ,, ,,			99	18,60,441	91	19,09,787
(3)	Total ,, ,,		***	29	1,08,99,321	93	1,09,94,777
(4)	Total collections	***	***	22	90,06,445	22	93,13,990
	Remissions	0 0 0		99	56,005	99	45,257
(6)	Net balance	111	4 + 0	29	19,67,444	91	17,04,598
(1)	Percentage of total	corlections	OII				
	current demand	117			99 6		102.5

(8)	Percentage of current collections	an		1898-99.	1899-1900,
(0)	current demand	OLL		82.9	84.8
(9)	Percentage of arrear collections	on			
(10)	arrear demand	***		80 1	82.7
	Number of revenue-paying esta			252,436	256,887
(11)	Number of revenue-free estates a	nd		,,,,,,,	200,000
150	rent-free tenures assessed			146,481	147,077
	Number of tenures assessed			1,575,142	1,585,469
(13)	Number of recorded shareholders	in			
19.45	estates	•••		1,502,091	1,519,088
(14)	Number of recorded shareholders	101			
/181	tenures		970	2,697,940	:2,716,811
(10)	Current demand of land revenue	100	Rs.	3,90,03,120	Rs. 3,94,65,049

The increase in the current demand has been chiefly obtained by valuations and revaluations in the districts of Mymensingh, Backergunge, and Tippera. It is satisfactory to notice that in spite of the enhanced demand, both current and arrear, the balance outstanding at the close of the year decreased by Rs. 2,02,846 as compared with the previous year. The percentage of total collections on the current demand has not been equalled for the last 20 years.

3. As promised last year, instructions were issued by the Board to ensure that effect was properly given to the suggestion made by Government in 1894 that in calculating the percentage of collections on demand, the amount affected by the 15 days' grace allowed by law should be eliminated from the net demand of the district, so as to afford a juster criterion of the comparative standard of collections in each district. The subjoined statements have for the first time been prepared in accordance with these instructions

standard of collections in each district. The subjoined statements have for the first time been prepared in accordance with these instructions.

4. The following districts succeeded in attaining the accepted standard of cess administration for the first class, and showed a percentage of current collections above 90 per cent. and arrear collections above 80 per cent. during the year:—

DISTRICT.		Percentage	of current collectic current demand.	ons on net	Percentage of	arrear collection demand.	os on not arre
		1899-1900.	1608-99,	1897-98.	1809-1900,	1898-99,	1897-99,
1		3	3	4	8	6	y
		-					
Ranchi	3	99 9	100 .	100	100	100	100
Purnea	***	99.5	99.7	94.1	98-3	95.6	100 35·0
Darjeeling		99.8	99.9	89.7	86 3	94.6	
Dinajpur	***	98.8	98.8	98.8	99.7	99.9	94.4
1800B	***	98.5	98.7	96.7	91.4	91.3	100
Rajehahi	***	98.2	98 2	98.1	988	98.7	90.8
Backergunge		98-1	96.9	94.7	99.8	99 1	98.6
Birbhum	403	98.0	96.7	96.3	88 9	72.3	97.7
Rangpur		97.8	95.8	97.4	99.8	99.4	99.5
Singhbhum		97.8	98 9	100	100	100	99-4
Malda		97.6	97.5	97 7	99-9	99.7	100
Purit		97.5	91.8	97.2	100	998	99-2
Iazaribagh		97.5	87.5	98.2	99.3	91.9	100
Bogra		95.6	97.5	400	88.6	100	93.8
hamperan		95.5	95.5	94.0	88.8	99.9	100
Nadia		95.4	95.2	93.2	95.8	99.2	98.4
Jaya	***	953	97.2	89.1	86.1	76.9	97.8
Du tack+		93.4	87.0	847	84.0	80.8	89 2
Noakhali		93 2	92.3	93 9	81.2	80.0	79 8
Гіррега		92.7	12.4	90.8	91:3		96.7
Faridpar		99.2	88 9	85.5	93.4	91.8 86.2	92.4
Jes:ore	401	91.7	90.8	90.6	98:3		75.6
Patna		91.2	83.4	85.5	92.6	95.4	97.3
Khulna		90.5	94.1	89.2	99.7	80.7	88.6
Monghyr		٤0.5	918	926	85.5	92·7 81 0	86·1 79·2

Pigures could not be furnished by the Collector, as the records were destroyed by fire.
 There is no March kist in these districts.

5. The districts which fall into the second class, i.e., collected more than 90 per cent. of the current demand and less than 80 per cent. of the arrear demand, are the following:—

Destruct.		Percent on	age of current of	illections and	Percent	Percentage on arrear collections on net arrear demand.			
		1899-1990,	1898-99.	1897-98.	1899-1900.	1998-99.	1897-98.		
1	1	8	8	4	5	6	7		
Pabna Bhagalpur Murshidabad Burdwan Shahabad Balasore*	00 n	94·8 94·4 94·1 93·9 98·2 92·5	94·3 93·8 94·2 82·3 92·8 93·7	97 3 92·7 91 6 90·2 93·7 93 4	72 1 70·0 63·6 54·1 76·4 67 4	70·1 74·0 60 7 43·5 69 8 80·9	72·3 76·7 60·9 47·0 77·3 67·0		

^{*} There is no March kist in this district.

6. In the districts of the third class mentioned below, the current collections fell short of 90 per cent., but the arrear collections exceeded 80 per cent.

DISTRICT.		Percentage of	of current collect	tions on net	Percentage of arrear collections on not arrear domand.			
		1899-1900.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1897-98.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	
Darbhanga 24-Parganas Midnapore Chittagong ^e Mymensingh Palamau		89·6 88·6 87·2 67·1 86·9 83·8	90·0 89·0 85·4 83·2 85·6 85·8	91°0 89°0 84 8 79°0 92°5 86°2	85.0 90 8 95.9 90.0 95 5 99.6	83·4 88·2 95·9 90 2 79 9	83·7 80·4 95 7 89 5 93·0 99 7	

The last kist (25th February) of the year in this district became payable on the 12th March 1900.

7. The districts of the fourth or lowest class in which the current collections fell short of 90 per cent. and arrear collections of 80 per cent. are the following:—

District.		Percentage	or current collect	tions on pet	Percentage	Percentage of arrear collections on net arrear demand.			
		1899-1900.	1898-99,	1897-98.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1897-98.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7		
Jalpaiguri Bankura Saran Manbhum Musaffarpur Hooghly	•••	89·8 87·9 83·4 77·9 75·5 71·6	09·8 87·9 73·8 77·9 78·6 72·8	99·7 90 4 78·9 81·6 82·3 77 8	1·1 79·9 78·7 74·6 77·4 68·2	100 67·7 70 6 6 : 5 84·7 67·5	100 59.7 68.8 89.4 84.8 48.8		

The low percentage of collections in Jahaiguri is not real. Of the current demand, a sum of Rs. 8,161 and the whole of the arrear balance (Rs. 23,245) were due from the Bengal Duars Railway, which has since been exempted from the provisions of the Cess Act. If the demands against the Railway were separated, the percentage of current and arrear collections would stand at 98.2 and 100, respectively, and the district would be counted as coming within class I.

With regard to the various explanations given of short collections by District Officers, the Board write-

"They (the explanations) have in many instances degenerated into a matter of mere routine because the present standard is impossible of attainment everywhere. In some districts collections are facilitated by favourable local conditions, while in others they are hampered by the existence of a large number of rent-free holdings, revenue-free estates and poly co-sharers. The Board hope that the new scheme, which they will should submit to Government for orders, viz, of fixing a standard percentage for every district according to local peculiarities and circumstances, will, if sanctioned, give a fresh impetus to District Officers to improve their collections."

The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board as to the value of the explanations as at present submitted. Explanations of real or apparent deficiencies have undoubtedly come to vary within strictly stereotyped To take an limits, and are by no means always accurate or convincing. instance: regarding a district in which, during the present year, there has been a decided fall in collections, an explanation is furnished by the Collector that this fact is due to (i) bad harvests, (ii rise in price of grain, (iii) outbreaks of cholers, (v) imposibility of taking measures within the year for the recovery of the instalment payable on the 17th April, and (v) delay in the issue of processes from the Certificate Department. Of these explanations, the Board decline to accept the fourth, since the sums affected by grace days have already been eliminated from the demand as returned. It appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that the second and third explanations may also be rejected, since a rise in the price of grain is a reason for greater facility in collecting a tax which falls solely on the land-owning and grain-producing classes, while the latest Sanitary Report shows that the incidence of cholera in the district in question was in 1899 less than one-fifth of the previous decennial average. The first explanation, again, is somewhat discounted by the fact that collections in 1899-1900 were less in the district referred to than in the famine year of 1890-97, and that there has been a continuous decrease in collections for the last three years. No reason is given for the fact stated in the fifth explanation, which in itself indicates a defect in administration. Explanations of this nature are of little value in enabling Government to locate deficiencies and suggest remedies for them, and the proposals made by the Board for preventing a standard under which administration can be more fairly judged than under the present system are now under consideration.

8. The following statement illustrates the working of the certificate

procedure in the realisation of the cesses during the last two years: -

				1898-99.	1899-1900.
Certificates pending from	m the p	revious year .		44,572	57,357
Filed during the year	***			125.216	134,249
Total for disposal	***	***	***	169,788	191,606
Cancelled on objection	1 + 4	***		1,147	1,082
Struck off	***	***		6,724	7,619
Fully discharged	***	***		105,350	130,308
Pending at the close of	the yea	T		56,567	52,537
Sales effected		0 0 4	0 0 0	3,068	3,357
Sales set aside				142	885

The increase in the number of certificates filed occurred in all the divisions, except Chittagong and Orissa, and is attributed to better supervision and greater punctuality and strictness in enforcing demands. The largest number of certificates was filed in the districts of Saran (12,974), Hooghly (12,226), Gaya (10,225), Shahabad (8,502), Midnapore (8,402), Monghyr (6,330), Muzaffarpur (6,315), 24-Parganas (5,869), Patna (5,682), Mymensingh (5,605), and Darbhanga (5,567). The number of objections filed against certificates was 10,500 against 8,142 in 1898-99. In Gaya, Saran, Hooghly, Midnapore, and Cuttack, the number of cancellations was 204, 153, 120, 93, and 86, out of 926, 1,812, 1,194, 329, and 139 objections disposed of. The large number of cancellations in Gaya was due to double assessment, while the defective state of land registration accounts for the number in Saran. In Hooghly the cancellation was due partly to mistakes and double assessments made during the last revaluation and partly to other causes, such as death of judgment-debtors, failure to trace lands, diluvion, &c. In Midnapore it was due to

double assessment, filing of certificates against wrong persons and tender of payments before the issue of certificates. In Cuttack the cancellation is attributed to the fact that there were mistakes in money order challans, owing to which payments were credited to wrong estates, that judgment-debtors against whom certificates were filed having previously sold their estates were not liable to the amounts certified, and that payments were made after the arrear list had been sent to the Arrear Collection Department. In 3,357 cases as against 3,068 in 1898-99 sales were effected to realise the cesses. Board notice the growing difficulties which surround the prompt realisation of cesses in cases of default, and express an opinion that, in view of the persistent and increasing impunctuality in making payments, an amendment of the Cess and Certificate Laws will have to be undertaken in the near future.

9. The complete revaluation of the district of Palamau, which was sanctioned in January, and commenced in March 1898, was brought to a close during the year. The result of the work was an increase in the cess demand of the district from Rs. 37,727 to Rs. 64,112. Partial valuations and revaluations were completed in the districts of Birbhum, Khulna, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Mymensingh, Backergunge, Tippera, Noakhali, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Malda, and Manbhum. Valuation and revaluation work was in progress in several districts when the year closed. Sanction has been accorded to the general revaluation of the districts of Nadia, Khulna,

Hooghly, Bogra, and Shahabad.

Statement VI appended to the report compares the gross rental in each district for 1899-1900 calculated from the returns under the Cess Act with the gross rental ascertained on the same basis when the road cess was first introduced and the gross rental of the preceding year. The results of the province are as follow:-

> Gross rental at first assessment 13,11,68,432 in 1898-99 Ditto 16,53,64,233 ... 16,59,38,987 in 1899-1900 Ditto

The increase up to date amounts to Rs. 3,47,70,505, which was contributed by all the districts, except Murshidabad and Jessore. Compared with the figures for the year 1898-99, the gross rental shows an increase of Rs. 5,74,704, most of which has been obtained by means of the revaluation operations in the districts of Khulna, Dacca, Mymensingh, Backergunge, Neakhali, Palamau, and Manbhum.

11. The names of the Deputy Collectors whose work is favourable noticed by the Board will be communicated to the Appointment Department The Lieutenant-Governor's thanks are due to the Board of Revenue for their careful and efficient administration of the Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

E. N. BAKER,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

INDIGO INDUSTRY

REVENUE DEPARTMENT-AGRICULTURE.

Darjeeling, the 8th October 1900. RESOLUTION-No. 2006T-R.

READ-

A letter from the Government of India, No. 439—43-3, dated the 29th March 1900. regarding the desirability of legislation for the protection of the indigo industry in India, and the grant of loans to planters for the promotion of the cultivation and manufacture of sugar in Bihar.

Read also-

This Government letter No. 581T. -R., dated the 81st May 1900, reporting on the letter cited above, and letter No. 1516T.—R., dated the 4th September 1900.

In March 1900 the Government of India forwarded, for the opinion of this Government, a letter from Sir W. B. Hudson. in which suggestions were made for permanently improving the present unsatisfactory condition of the industry carried on by indigo planters in Bihar by means of introducing with Govern-

ment aid the cultivation and manufacture of sugar.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor was unable to recommend the grant of a loan to any particular member of the planting community, but he recognised that the indigo planters as a body had claims on the Government. They have rendered valuable services in the past on many occasions of administrative stress, and their disappearance would be in many ways a great administrative loss. They have embarked a large amount of capital in the industry; and, in the circumstances, the Lieutenant Governor consider that any reasonable assistance which Government can give in enquiries either towards improved methods of indigo cultivation and manufacture, or towards a substitute for it in the shape of more

profitable crops, should certainly be given.

3. As regards the first of the above two suggestions, the Lieutenant-Governor doubts whether any advantage would result at this stage from an enquiry by a Committee into the state of the indigo industry. In the present condition of the industry, experiments regarding the bast seed to be used, the most promising varieties of the plant, the system of cultivating the soil, and the processes for extracting the dye, must be patiently continued over a term of years, a task which is not fitted for a Committee. The Bihar Indigo Planters' Association is already doing all that is at present possible. That body has engaged, at a large expense, the services of two experts to conduct researches in India for the discovery of improved methods of cultivation and manufacture of indigo. This Government has agreed to give to the Association, beginning with the next financial year, a sum of £500 a year for three years for the appointment of a bacteriologist to investigate questions relating to the plant.

4. As to the second point there are grounds for believing that it may be profitable to the indigo planters of North Bihar to take up the cultivation of sugarcane and the manufacture of sugar, either by growing cane as a rotation crop in alternate years and keeping up the growth and manufacture of indige. Or over by abandaning the lutter industry alterether, for the manufacture of indigo, or even by abandoning the latter industry altogether for the manu-

In Part II, Volume VI, of the Dictionary of the Economic Products of India, are given the results of the attempts which have from time to time been made in Bengal to grow and manufacture refined sugar. The end of these attempts has hitherto undoubtedly been failure; but it is contended that circumstances then and now are so entirely different that no safe deductions regarding the present can be drawn from the lessons of the past, and the Lieutenant Governor believes that there is much to be said for this view. In the first place, evidence is forthcoming that there has now grown up amongst the people of this province a considerable demand for the cheaper kinds of refined sugar. Till recently this was supplied by the importation of bounty-fed sugar,

and it is now being satisfied by larger importations from the Mauritius. Again, in the past the manufacturers did not possess such machinery for the manufacture of sugar as is now available to lessen the cost of refining and at the same time greatly improving the quality of the outturn. Further, in the past, the planter who manufactured sugar was under the most serious disadvantage from the absence of suitable communications. His produce was overweighted with freight and transport charges, and he suffered severely from delays in transit defects which have now, through the opening of railways, to a great extent, disappeared. On the other hand, there are many circumstances at the present time which favour a revival of the industry. Sugarcane is now largely grown by the raiyats of North Bihar, where it is found that irrigation is seldom required for the crop; and the gur at present produced by these raiyats is in considerable demand for the use of refineries in other parts of India, owing to its superiority for refining purposes. The planting community has large areas of land available for the cultivation of the crop, and has already commenced experiments on a small scale with it; while labour, which is so costly in the sugar plantations of the Mauritius, is abundant and cheap throughout North Bihar.

From the information at present available, therefore, it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that there is some prospect of making sugar cultivation and manufacture in Bihar a profitable industry; but a further independent enquiry is necessary, both to secure that the mistakes which handicapped the planters in former times may be avoided and to provide a thorough examination of the conditions under which the industry is made to pay so well in the Mauritius. If the result of such an enquiry were favourable, it would probably give to the new departure that financial support in the open market which it does not at present receive; and in all the circumstances of the case he is willing to give the planters any assistance that a public enquiry might afford them towards establishing the prospects of their present design. He has, therefore, with the sunction of the Government of India, decided to appoint a Committee of Enquiry consisting of a president and two members.

6. For the post of President the Lieutenant-Governor has, with the permission of the Government of India, selected Mr. J. E. O'Conor, the Director-General of Statistics in India. The other members will be Mr. D. M. Hamilton, of Msssrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Company, and Mr. E. A.

Hancock, an agricultural chemist of considerable experience.
7. The work of the Committee will commence in Calcutta from the 15th October 1900. In November, it is desired that the Committee should, in order to study the question locally, pay a visit to Bihar, the details of which will be left to the Committee to settle. The functions of the Committee will be as follows :-

(1) to investigate the history of sugar growing and manufacture in Bihar, to shew why former ventures failed, and what there is to support the opinion that a revival of the industry would now result in success;

(2) to enquire whether in order to ensure success, dependence should he placed solely on the cane procurable from the ordinary cultivator, or on that grown by planters on their sirat lands or on

(3) to enquire whether it would be desirable to have central manu-

factories;

(4) to enquire what localities would be best suited for the erection of a large factory with special reference to (a; profitable and extensive cane cultivation in the vicinity, and (b) railway facilities for conveying sugar to the market;

(5) to estimate the capital required for opening and working a suitable

sugar factory; and lastly

(6) to consider what markets are open for the sale of the manufactured sugar, and their relative importance; and any practical suggestions for developing the use of refined sugar.

8. The Committee would probably obtain much information on the subject by examining Dr. G. Watt, C.I.E., Mr. A. G. Tytler, C.I.E., late Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Sewan, and Mr. Mylne of Behea, and the Lieutenant-Governor is willing to pay the travelling allowance of all witnesses whom the Committee desire to call, on the scale allowed to members of the Indian Civil Service. The Committee of Enquiry should also ascertain from the Indigo Planters' Association and Messrs. Begg, Dunlop and Company (who represent the Indigo Improvement Syndicate), the names of the witnesses whom they would like the Committee to examine.

9. Lastly, Sir John Woodburn desires the Committee to understand that the instructions given above are not meant to preclude the Committee from considering the subject in such other fashions as they may deem necessary in

order to ascertain whether the plan is likely to meet with success.

ORDER—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be published in the Calcutta Gasette.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. A. SLACKE, Secretary to the Govt. of Rengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1899.

No. 2928J.D.

RESOLUTION.

POLICE.

Darjeeling, the 29th September 1900.

READ -

The Report on the Administration of the Police Department for the year 1899.

Read also-

The Report for the year 1898 and the Resolution of Government recorded thereon.

AT the beginning of the year Mr. Henry held the office of Inspector-General of Police for I month and 26 days; he was then relieved by Mr. Greer, who administered the Department for the rest of the year. The report, which is submitted by Mr. Masters, was received by Government 17 days late, but

2. Constitution of the force. - During the year the staff of superior officers was weakened by the transfer of three Assistant Superintendents to Assam as part of the reserve for leave vacancies in that province. In the lower grades the process of substituting Sub-Inspectors for head-constables as the investigating agency steadily continued, and 70 new appointments of Sub-Inspectors were created on this account, the same number of head-constables being abolished. There was a further small increase of the force sanctioned to meet the pressing needs of different districts. At the close of the year there were 69 vacancies in the ranks of Sub-Inspectors to be filled by candidates from the Training School, 26 head-constables' places to be absorbed by the appointment of Sub-Inspectors, and 280 vacancies among the constables: this number is larger than ordinary because the demands for police for special purposes, such as plague, were more frequent than usual, and there was a difficulty in supplying their places. This difficulty is a recurring one, and to some extent is due to the desire to admit only the best men available, but it is a serious inconvenience when the sanctioned force is comparatively so small, being only the equivalent of one policeman to every 2,895 persons throughout the province.

3. Expenditure.—The following table compares the expenditure under the various heads in 1898-99 and 1899-1900:—

Sub- heads.	HEADS O	F CHARGES.		Actual expendi- ture for 1898-99.	Actual expendi- ture for 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease
1		3		8	4	5	6
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Inspecting agency Pay of District and Assis Pay of Executive Police good-conduct pay and b Travelling allowances Fixed boat establishment Special, regular, and cont Government contribution Police Bengal Military Police	and establishments	with	Rs. 1,68,420 4,96,959 \$4,05,224 1,33,410 67,701 6,20,343 1,81,353 67,465	Rs. 1,59,946 4,56,984 34,29,860 1,30,028 69,863 5,88,£84 1,72,190 62,210	84,196 2,162	Rs. 8,474 39,976 3,382 31,809
		Total	***	61,40,865	50,69,115	20,298	98,048
-		Net decrease	990	***	.,.	•••	71,760

The expenditure was kept well within the budget allotment, and shows a decrease on last year of Rs. 71,750; the chief item of saving is under the head of pay of District and Assistant Superintendents, and is explained to be due to the entertainment of a smaller number of probationers, and to reduced expenditure on acting allowances, because fewer officers than usual were able to go on leave during the year. The saving under the head of Special, Regular, and

Contract Contingencies was also considerable.

4. Recruitment of investigating officers.—Altogether 94 Sub-Inspectors were appointed during the year. Twenty of these appointments were given to deserving head constables, and seven persons were nominated direct without examination. The remaining 67 Sub-Inspectorships were filled by competitive examination. One hundred and twenty-one students received training at the Bhagalpur School, of whom one qualified as an Inspector and 76 as Sub-Inspectors. It is believed that the Sub-Inspectors appointed under the present system have, as a body, given satisfaction. It is not of course to be expected that the effects of the new system should be visible at once, or for some years to come, in a reduction or increased detection of crime, but one of the benefits expected from the appointment of Sub-Inspectors of a higher social status was an improved morale in the lower ranks of the force, and the report shows that this is being steadily if slowly attained.

5. Tawa Police.—A total force of 5,573 police was employed in the protection of 153 towns in the province. The complaint is general that the force is insufficient, and provision is made for its increase as funds allow. The standard of efficiency varied very much in the different towns: in Asansol out of 60 cases sent up, only 3 ended in conviction, while every person sent up by the town police in Patna was convicted. A considerable proportion of the town chaukidars are up-countrymen, and they are said in many places to work better than the local men. About 50 municipalities persist in the shortsighted policy of providing neither sufficient lamps for the streets, nor oil for the police lanterns; it is impossible for them to expect satisfactory protection

under these circumstances.

6. Rural Police.—At the end of the year there were 158,668 chaukidars, of whom 130,951 were under Act VI of 1870; while 10,305 remained under Regulation XX of 1817, and 17,412 were remunerated by holding service lands. Steady progress is being made in the substitution of chaukidars under Act VI for the Regulation chankidars and those remunerated by service lands, and during the year 8,756 chaukidars were appointed under that Act taking the places of 11,333 Regulation and 722 chakran chaukidars. Nearly the whole of these changes were effected in the Burdwan and Orissa Divisions, which are still a good deal behind other Divisions in this matter of conversion. The position of chaukidars throughout the province has of late years been raised in many ways, and especially by the daffadari system, which gives them officers of their own; but the essential conditions of any substantial improvement in their status are that the pay should be sufficient; that it should be received regularly; and that the men should be stimulated by appropriate rewards and judicious punishment. In Chittagong it is reported that the pay of 610 chaukidars was in arrears for periods varying from four to nine months, and in several districts of the Burdwan Division there was considerable irregularity in payment. It is not always possible to raise the pay of the chaukidars, though this is an object that should always be kept in view; but the Lieutenant Governor trusts that in future District Magistrates will insist on the pay of the chaukidars being promptly realised and distributed. More than one system for facilitating this end has been devised, and he desires again to call attention to that which was originally framed by Mr. Forbes when Magistrate of the 24-Parganas, and has since been largely employed with success in the Patna Division. It was explained and recommended to Commissioners in Mr. Cotton's letter No. 3800, of the 31st August 1894. August 1894.

7. The Inspector-General complains that the District Superintendents of Police are in many districts not given sufficient authority over the chaukidars. It need hardly be said that these officers should invariably be consulted on chaukidari matters, and the discipline of the force should be in their hands; but chaukidars are essentially village police, and it is on the fact that they are

village officers that their usefulness largely depends, consequently the Lieutenant-Governor is not prepared to agree to the control of the force being taken out of the hands of the Magistrate, or to their being assimilated to the regular police in the same way that the town police force is. The recruitment of men of respectable castes to be chaukidars and daffadars does not appear to have made much progress, but the effort to carry it out should not be abandoned. It has been very successful in Patna, Saran, and Dacca, but it must be distinctly understood that the daffadars should be local men: the Lieutenant-Governor cannot too strongly condemn the practice, said to exist in some districts, of appointing as daffadars the hangers-on of the courts, and

the needy relatives of police officials.

8. Rewards and fines. - The subject of the Chaukidari Reward Fund is one which has from the first occupied the attention of the Lieutenant-Governor; for he is convinced that, with the proper administration of this Fund, is closely bound up the well-being and efficiency of the village watch throughout the province. Sir John Woodburn has repeatedly urged the importance of the most careful moderation in punishing chaukidars, and of prompt liberality in rewarding them, and he is gravely disappointed at the results of the administration of the Fund in 1899 as disclosed in the Inspector-General's report. It appears that during the year Rs. 41,709 were expended in rewards from the Chaukidari Reward Fund in the province; but, in spite of this, the Fund which opened with a balance of Rs. 68,933, closed with a sum of Rs. 74,566 at its credit. It is reported that some rewards which had been granted had not been paid before the end of the year; but the balance of this Fund has been steadily rising, and the position cannot be said to be satisfactory. Out of the whole force of 158,668 chaukidars in the province, 33,926 were fined depart-

mentally, a percentage of 23.8, while the percentage rewarded was only 7.2.

9. These figures show a general failure to grasp the principles which Government has repeatedly laid down on the subject, but an examination of the district figures shows, in many cases, a state of affairs which, subject to any explanations that the officers concerned may have to offer, can only be described as very unsatisfactory. In twenty-one districts out of thirty-eight in which the Fund has been established, the payments were less than the receipts: in Bogra only Rs. 66 were expended as against Rs. 772 realised in fines, and in Pabna Rs. 515 were paid away as against Rs. 3,393 received: in no other districts is the difference so great as in these, but the figures for Midnapore, Howrah, Khulna, Dinajpur, Faridpur, Gaya, and Muzaffarpur are unsatisfactory. On the other hand, rewards were liberally given in Nadia, Jessore, Dacca, Mymensingh, Backergunge, Noakhali, Shahabad, and Bhagalpur. Moreover, nothing is more remarkable than the extraordinary variations in the working of the rules in different districts: in Bankura they appear to have been almost forgotten, for Rs. 163 only were recovered as fines, while only Rs. 49 were expended; Murshidabad and Champaran are not much better. On the other hand, the volume of transactions, including both receipts and expenditure, represented Rs. 9,868 in Mymensingh, Rs. 5,585 in Backergunge, Rs. 5,403 in Muzaffarpur, over Rs. 4,000 in Gaya, Faridpur, the Sonthal Parganas, Jessore,

and Dacca, and above Rs. 3,000 in Pabna, Rajshahi, Rangpur, and Shahabad.

10. Much attention has been paid to this subject in the Dacca Division, and useful measures have been introduced, for which the thanks of Government are due to the Commissioner, Mr. Savage, the result of whose policy is apparent in the crime returns of the Division. It is obvious that improved efficiency of the village watch will show itself most clearly in a reduction of the commoner orimes of burglary and theft: during the last three years these crimes have decreased by 23 per cent. throughout the province, and the falling off in the Dacca Division alone is exactly the same; but whereas the provincial statistics for 1897 include those of the districts where the stress of famine drove the crime returns under these heads temporarily to a high figure, the Dacca Division has had no famine, and the decrease there does not represent a resilience from abnormal statistics, but a steady reduction of normal figures, which, in the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor, must be largely attributed to the improve-

ment in the chaukidars of the Division.

11. Sir John Woodburn desires to commend to district officers generally the system of giving medals for good service to specially deserving

chaukidars, which is in vogue in the Dacca Division, and that of granting good conduct stripes for long continued good service, each stripe securing, as in other departments of the public service, an increase of pay, which, in this case, may be given from the Chaukidari Reward Fund in the shape of a yearly bonus: he also approves of gratuities on retirement to chaukidars of long and meritorious service : furthermore, rewards should be given with some ceremony, and they should not be withheld till some conspicuous service is rendered. but should be awarded also for general good conduct. In the prevention-and detection of the rural crime which makes up the great bulk of the crime of the Province, the village chankidars are the existing and the best possible agency at the disposal of the District Superintendent. They are his eyes and ears. If they are content, a great deal of that crime will be certainly detected; if they are discontent and surly, great deal of that crime will most certainly not be detected. Bad conduct and negligence must be punished, but the same hand that punishes must also reward. The chaukidar who is fined can understand when his fine rewards his more active neighbour; but he does not understand when the fine from his small salary goes to increase the balances in the police chest. The result is inevitable. The village watch grows resentful, and the machinery which, in good hands, is responsive, becomes inert and dull. The Lieutenant Governor has on previous occasions given advice and guidance. The advice must now be an instruction, and he looks to the Inspector-General to see that the instruction is obeyed.

Railway Police - The total force employed as Railway Police at the 12. end of the year was 776, showing an increase on 1898 of 101 men.

increase was divided amongst five railways.

Special constables and additional and private police. - The number of cases in which additional police were entertained was eight against ten in 1898, and the total number of police appointed was 155. This includes the force mentioned last year as posted at Ghatal, which was removed at the beginning of 1899. Under Act V of 1861 in fourteen cases, 1,026 men were appointed special constables against 612 men in ten cases in the preceding year. Of these, 887 were appointed to keep the peace during the Bakr-Id and Muharram festivals at three places in the district of Darbhanga; there were also three instances of their employment in Patna and in Mymensingh, while five other districts had one case each. Thirty-two Sub-Inspectors, 36 head-constables, and 585 constables were supplied to private individuals at their request. These were sanctioned with a view to preserve order at fairs and religious ceremonies, to escort treasure; and to keep the peace during the pendency of land disputes; but in Backergunge 28 Sub Inspectors, 4 head-constables, and 193 constables were employed in 95 cases to enforce the execution of Civil Court decrees. This is not work on which the police ought ordinarily to be employed, and it is impossible to believe that the conditions of this district differ so much from those prevailing in other parts of the province as to make this unusual procedure really necessary. It is hoped that the measures that the Inspector-General proposes to take, will in future restrict applications for police aid on this

Temporary Police. - The spread of plague in the province necessitated the employment of a large force of temporary police during the year. In addition to the police entertained in the preceding year for the plague camps at Chausa, Mairwa, and Chakradharpur, and the addition thus made to some of the district reserves, 475 head-constables and 191 constables were employed at plague observation camps, and on steamers and railways, to prevent the importation of the disease from infected districts. At the end of the year this force had been reduced to 59 head-constables, 82 constables and 3 chaukiders. Five Inspectors and six Sub-Inspectors were specially deputed to Mymensingh in connection with crime in that district.

Military Police.-The sanctioned strength of the Military Police remained the same-four companies, each one hundred strong. yet been settled where D Company is to be permanently stationed, and they It has not

remain for the present at Bandel.

16. Casualties.—The total number of casualties was 2,264, or 9.1 per cent., against 8.2 per cent. in 1898, the increase being chiefly under the heads of resignation and death. The average daily percentage of sick in hospital to

actual strength remained almost the same. Chittagong and Orissa were the healthiest Divisions, and the average was highest in the Military Police and in the Chota Nagpur Division.

- 17. Torture and extortion by the Police.—There were nine charges of torture against the police during the year, being four less than in 1898. Two daffadars were convicted under section 448, Indian Penal Code, and a constable was convicted under section 161, but was acquitted on appeal. In five cases the charges were declared false, and three prosecutions under section 211 were instituted against the complainants: in the other two cases there was no evidence. There were 63 charges of extortion against 85 last year: nine cases ended in conviction, 20 were declared fulse, and 2 mistakes of fact, and 24 ended in acquittal or discharge. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that the steady decrease both in the number of charges brought and in the number found to be true, may be construed to imply a satisfactory improvement in the conduct of the police. Though there is undoubtedly a percentage of bad characters in the force, it is as a whole particularly liable to be harassed by malicious accusations, and where the charges are found by the Court to be false, prosecutions under section 211 of the Indian Penal Code should be freely sanctioned.
- 18. Punishments.—An improvement in the morale of the force may also be justly inferred from the decrease in the number of judicial punishments from 418 to 323, and of departmental punishments from 3,856 to 3,019. Jessore, with a total average strength of 475 men, shows a total of 189 departmental punishments, a most unsatisfactory state of things, which requires some explanation: the returns of this district were unfavourably commented on last year. For the whole province the percentage of punishments is lower than it has ever been before, and the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that this result is partly due to the observations recorded in the Resolution on the Police Report for 1898.
- 19. Conduct of the Police.—There was an increase of 1,042 in the number of men now wearing good-conduct stripes. Schools have been opened for the rank-and-file at almost all the head-quarters stations, and 86.9 per cent. of the officers and 27.8 per cent. of the men can now read and write. As regards the conduct of the police generally, they are on the whole well reported on. They have been punished less and rewarded more than in the previous year, and there have been fewer charges of misconduct brought against them. The reports from different districts vary, as is to be expected: some Magistrates set up a higher standard than others; again the personal influence of the superior officers is a considerable factor in the conduct of the police, and where there have been frequent transfers of them, the effect on the subordinate police has been bad.
- 20. Inspections and investigations.—Mr. Henry spent 26 days on inspection and Mr. Greer was on tour for 80 days. All the districts were inspected either by the Inspector-General or one of the Deputy Inspectors-General, except Pabna, Noakhali, and Balasore, and these have been inspected since the close of the year. Faridpur, Singhbhum, Bogra, and Purnea show a bad record of inspections by local officers, and the Inspector-General will be asked to obtain an explanation from the officers concerned. Statistics as to the cognate duty of investigations are given in an appendix to the Report. Patna shows the largest number of heinous cases personally investigated by the District Superintendent, viz., 30, which is very creditable to Mr. Ryland. Puri and Singhbhum return only two cases each, and Ranchi three, while there are several other districts in which very few cases have been investigated by the District Superintendent of Police. The Inspector-General will be requested to draw the attention of the officers concerned to the necessity of personally supervising and instructing their investigating officers, for the Lieutenant-Governor attaches the greatest importance to this matter. It is true that in many cases a European officer from his less complete knowledge of the language is not so likely to ascertain the truth of a case as his native subordinate, but the fact of his presence affords many obvious advantages, and the knowledge that he is likely to arrive at any moment often acts as a most powerful incentive and deterrent.

21. Suicides and accidental deaths. The number of cases of suicide increased by 29 (from 3,362 to 3,391), but the most striking feature in the figures is the very large increase in the number of children who committed suicide. The return of 69 in 1893 seems to have been an abnormally low one, if correct, and the figure for 1899, viz., 268, is only a return to the average number. As in 1898 Cuttack stands first, and the numbers were also considerable in Nadia, Saran, Jessore, Dacca, and 24-Parganas. Seven cases reported as suicide proved to be murders, and two others to be homicides. Accidental deaths totalled 36,791 as against 33,670 in 1898. The increase was chiefly under the heads of deaths caused by drowning and snake-bite. Eighteen of these cases proved on enquiry to be murders and one to be a case of homicide.

22. Crims.—The following table shows the incidence of cognizable crime

according to Divisions, excluding nuisance cases and cases not investigated :-

Division,	Police,	Popula-	crimes publi local nu serial i actually	izable (minus o and dsances, No. 57) y inves- ted.	police to	Proportion of police to population.		Proportion of police to cases of cognizatile crime investigated.			Proportion of cases of cognizable crime invo. ti to population.			of igated	
-	1509,	1891.	1008,	1800.	1699,		1606	3,	199	9,	18	e,		1899	9.
1	9	8	4	5	6		7		8			()	1	10)
Burdwan Pessidency Reisidency Reisidency Reisidency Sulfageong Patina Bingalpar Orisaa	8,039 8,727 2,702 8,454 1,157 4,039 2,100 1,346 1,713	7,688,514 7,853,506 8,019,1×7 11,844,187 4,082,705 15,811,014 8,582,490 4,047,352 4,029,792	11,668 18,098 11,871 14,642 4,812 19,068 11,871 6,988 7,586	11,451 11,573 10,750 18,263 4,331 20,807 12,005 6,221 7,365	num. 1 to 1	Per- com, 2,112 2,107 4,011 8,413 5,006 8,702	Police- man. 1 to 1 1 1 1 1 1	Cases. 3:2 3:5 4:2 5:5 4:1 4:2 6:4 4:5 6:4	Police- inan. 1 to 1 :- 1 :- 1 :- 1 :- 1 :- 1 :- 1 :- 1 :-	Capes, 8'1 8'1 3'0 8'6 8'7 4'5 5'7 4'0 6'0 6'2	Canes. 1 to 1 *** 1 *** 1 *** 1 *** 1 *** 1 *** 1 *** 1 *** 1 ***	Per. 650 600 708 727 848 803 73: 655 615	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10	Per- sons 671 601 743 740 642 758 077 689

Although the proportion of reported cases to population is lower in Bengal than in the other provinces of India, except the Central Provinces, being only one case to every 531 persons, yet the number of reported cases in proportion to the police is much higher than elsewhere except in Assam, being 5.4 cases to each policeman, and a larger percentage of the reported cases is investigated than in any other province except Bombay. The comparative figures are as follows :-

					Percentage of crime	PROPOR	PIOH-	
PROVINCE.			Yesr	•	investigated to crime reported.	Of crime reported to population,	Of reported cases to each police-man.	
	1		8		8	4	8	
North-Wester Punjab Central Provi Bombay Madras Assam Bengal	4.5	100 000 000 000 000	1898 Do. Do. Do. To. Do. 1899	000	45 67 65 84 73 60 74	Once to persons. 1 to 287 1	4·5 3·8 2·3 2· 4·7 6·4 5·4	

The pressure on the police as an investigating force is therefore very high, while the low proportion of police to population, viz., 1 to every 2,895 persons, makes the work of preserving order and repressing crime very onerous. The Inspector-General thinks that the remedy lies in the direction of a special detective force, and since the close of the year a small increase has been sanctioned to his reserve of Inspectors for special work, but this will only enable him to give help to selected districts. 23. Poline tests.—The following statement shows the result of police work during the last three years according to the prescribed tests:—

	٠		PERCENTAGES-	
		Of cases investigated to cases reported.	Of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Of parsons convicted to persons sent up for trial.
,,	1897	 70	76	61
Classes I to V taken together	1898	 73	68	56
LOSSUSUE . A C	1899	 75	69	55
7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1897	 76	.86	75
Classes I to VI taken together	1898	 78	83	72
· ·	1899	 79	84	72

The percentage of cases convicted to cases decided, though higher than last year, is still disappointing as compared with the results in other provinces. It has just been stated that in Bengal a much higher percentage of cases is investigated, and besides this there are various other explanations suggested in the report, not all of which can be laid to the charge of the police, each of which may have contributed to the result.

34. Reported crime of the province.—The table below shows the totals of reported crime, cognizable and non-cognizable, during each of the last ten years:—

				Cognisable crime.	Non- cognizable crime,	Total reported crime of the province.
1890	9 0 0		***	117,443	116,554	233,997
1891	0.00	• • •	• • •	128,472	119,072	247,544
1892	4.00	44.0		146,185	121,624	267,809
1893		***	411	137,898	121,490	259,388
1894	8.84		***	140,902	118,070	258,972
1895			***	136,777	125,685	262,462
1896		0.00	8 4 0	147,433	129,439	276,872
1837	***	·	4 610	185,061	125,770	810,831
1898			***	171,993	129,935	801,928
1899	***		***	167,642	122,786	290,428
				•	*	,

The figures for reported cognizable crime rose at a bound in 1897 on account of the famine, but they decreased considerably in 1898 and are again less for 1899. The decrease as compared with 1898 is under the heads of offences against property and miscellaneous cases. The total for non-cognizable crime is considerably lower than that for 1898 or 1896. The fall in some districts is attributed to the completion of settlement proceedings which have removed land disputes—a very fruitful source of non-cognizable complaints.

25. The figures for cognizable and non-cognizable crime in each Division of the province are shown in the following statement:—

Divis .		Population.	Cognizable.	Non- oognizable.	Total.
Bordwan		7,688,818	25,782	20.330	46,112
Presidency	***	7,853,566	20,984	19,622	40,606
Rajsbahi		8,019,187	15,973	8,496	24,469
Dacca	4 4 9	9,844,127	22,914	21,712	44,626
Chittagong		4,082,795	8,595	13,418	22,013
Total for Bengal	424	87,488,493	94,248	83,578	177,826
Patna	***	15,811,014	30,841	15,495	46,336
Bhagalpur	0 0 0	8,582,490	19,240	12,933	82,173
Total for Bihar	***	24,393,504	50,081	28,428	78,509
Orissa	***	4,047,352	12,344	7,028	19,372
Chota Nagpur		4,628,792	10,969	3,752	14,721
GRAND TOTAL		70,558,141	167,642	122,786	290,428
(a) (b) (c) (d)			-		

It is interesting to note the incidence of crime on population in these Divisions. The incidence of cognizable and non-cognizable crime is given separately below:—

			Cogniza	ble			Non-cognizable.	
Burdwan		1	case to every	298	persons.	1	case to every 378 p	persons.
Presidency		1	ditto	874	ditto	1		ditto.
Rajshahi		1	ditto	502	ditto	1	****	ditto.
Dacca		1	ditto	429	ditto	-1	94	ditto.
Chittagong		1	ditto	475	ditto	1		ditto.
Patna		1	ditto	512	ditto	1		ditto.
Bhagalpur	* * *	1	ditto	446	ditto	1		ditto.
Orissa		1	ditto	327	ditto	1		ditto.
Chota Nagpi	ar	1	ditto	421	ditto	1		ditto.

Taking cognizable crime as the criterion of the law-breaking or law-abiding nature of a district, the Burdwan, Orissa, and Presidency Divisions are by far the most lawless Divisions: Patna is the most law-abiding; and Rajshahi comes

				and the state of t
	1896.	1897.	1898.	next. The incidence of cognizable crime
Burdwan	1-335	1 - 278	1-296	in the Burdwan, Presidency, and Orissa
Presidency	1-439	1-857	1-362	Divisions is given on the margin for the
Oriana	1626	1-421	1-818	three margin on the margin for the
Dunaidaman		48 - 1		three preceding years. Burdwan and the
1 residency	maintai	in their s	upremac	y in crime all through, while Orissa has only
amailled m	is unenv	luble bre	-eminena	20 since 1807 In non cominally
Burdwan a	nd the P	residence	Division	are again prominent, though the incidence
in Chittage	no is his	מנים מונים	2111010	are again prominent, though the incidence
4 dl Villetago	ung to this	guer. II	lese Lesn	Its are not creditable to the inhabitants or
to me hom	ed Torce	or ruese	IWO DIVE	sions, and it must be remembered that the
Presidency	figuros	do not in	alada O.	Janette De l'ambient de l'ambie

Presidency figures do not include Calcutta.

26. False cases.—The following statement shows the number and percentage of cases declared maliciously false in each of the last five years, with the results of prosecutions:—

Number of cases declared to be maliciously false
Percentage of cases declared to be false
Number of cases in which prosecution was instituted
Percentage of prosecutions resulting in conviction
Number of cases in which order was passed for payment of compensation to the accused under section 250, Criminal Procedure Code

1000,	1898.	1897,	1896.	1895.
5,518	5,864	6,141	6,891	6,785
8.2	8.4	3.3	4.6	4.9
667	626	600	627	584
87.8	38-4	37.8	85.2	33.3
599	489	511	617	626

There has been an increase in the number of prosecutions and a decrease in the number of cases declared maliciously false, which is satisfactory. There has been a slight increase in the number of cases excluded from the returns as false owing to mistake of law or fact; but these figures, and in a lesser degree the number of cases declared maliciously false, depend very largely on the personal views of the different Magistrates, so that no particular inferences can be drawn from them. Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, and Saran show the largest number of convictions for bringing false cases. Tippera, with 248 cases declared to have been maliciously false, shows only two prosecutions and no convictions: if all these cases were really false, there must have been many more instances in which a conviction could have been obtained. The provisions of section 250, Criminal Procedure Code, were employed in 599 cases against 489 last year. This increase is satisfactory, as this section is especially applicable to cases which should never have been brought before the Courts, under section 211, Criminal Procedure Code, inadvisable. The Lieutenant-deterrent.

27. Abstention from enquiry by the Police.—The following statement shows the extent to which use has been made by the police in each of the last four

years of the provisions of section 157, Criminal Procedure Code, in respect of cases of theft and house breaking:—

Divisions.	Sumber of cases of house- breaking (serial 36) reported.			Percentage not enquired into.			Number of cases of theft, ordinary (serial 44), reported.				Percentage not enquired into.					
	1896.	1897.	1898,	1899,	1006.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1894.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1996.	1897.	1898,	1680
• 1	3	8	4	8	8	7	8.	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Burdwan Presidency Rajshahi Dacoa Chittagong Patua Bhagalpur Orusaa Chota Nagpur	3,289 4,528 4,844 6,122 767 10,073 6,374 037 8,148	4,866 5,719 4,467 6,542 840 14,228 8,397 1,040 4,364	3,210 8,199 4,146 4,788 8,8 8,438 5,298 057 2,540	8,101 8,479 3,677 4,720 1,623 9,193 5,681 1,115 1,790	17'1 15'2 18'9 15'9 21'9 19 8 28'8 16'4 20'0	11.6 10.7 10.7 12.8 11.2 11.2 20.8 5.7 8.6	16:1 12:3 12:3 11:2 14:5 7:7 19:5 3:8	15'5 5'8 7'1 10 5 12'3 7 2 10'1 8'3	4,516 5,785 6,844 4,714 1,701 5,285 4,222 2,.84 2,096	4,020 3,827 4,621 4,131 1,311 7,016 5,475 3,518 2,861	4,093 3,576 4,144 3,513 1,571 5,547 3,846 8 575 2,0-0	4,094 3,460 3,644 8,335 1,113 5,740 4,132 3,975 8,012	11.7 11.3 25.4 19.2 23.0 5.8 6.4 21.0 5.7	12:3 15:3 23:2 19:4 15:7 4:8 6:7 20:6 4-4	11'1 8'5 16'8 18'9 13'7 8'8 4'6 21'7 3'9	10°7 6°3 15°11 12°5 18°11 8°6 6°5 6°5 6°5 6°5 6°5 6°5 6°5 6°5 6°5 6
Total	37,272	48,855	31,084	33,781	19.5	12'5	11.7	817	33,227	30,783	31,663	31.545	13:9	12 7	10'5	10

Compared with other provinces, very little advantage has been taken of the power to abstain from enquiry; for it has for some years been the accepted principle in Bengal that, however hopeless the case may appear, no chance is to be lost of enquiring into it if it seems to have been the work of a professional criminal. The percentage of burglary cases not enquired into has steadily fallen from 19.5 in 1896 to 8.7 in 1890; the percentage in the case of theft is 10.4, but there are many cases of theft which can at once be excluded from the category of professional crime. The Lieutenant-Governor is disposed to think that this principle has of late been carried too far, with the result that a large number of petty cases are now investigated which are obviously hopeless from the first, and which therefore occupy to no purpose the time of an overworked police, while, on the other hand, it is to be feared that the knowledge that however petty the crime a police investigation will follow, if it is reported, must necessarily lead to the suppression of many cases of a trifling character. His Honour is aware that there is another side to this question, but after fully considering the subject, he is of opinion that the general rules laid down in the Police Code, Volume I, Chapter XVI, page 374, should be followed more largely than they now are, and the Inspector-General is requested to take the requisite steps to have this policy enforced.

28. Results of trials.—The number of persons convicted and acquitted in police cases and the percentage of convictions to acquittals in each of the last

four years are shown below:-

		Convic	TED-		Acquitt	ED				
Ysa	2.	By Magia- trates. By Courts of Secsion		Total.	By Magis- trates. By Courts Session.		Total.	Total tried.	Percent- age of convic- tions.	Percent- age of acquit- tals.
1		2	8	4	5		7	8	9	10
1896 1897 1898 1899	***	76,203 87,989 80,039 7 7,490	1,623 1,747 1,843 1,766	77,826 89,736 81,882 79,256	31,328 31,137 30,280 27,539	1,162 1,844 1,065 1,175	32,490 32,481 31,345 28,714	110,975 122,217 113,227 107,970	70·5 73·5 72·3 73·4	29·5 26·5 27·6 26·6

Excluding Class VI (Nuisances, &c.), the percentage of convictions is 57.5, a slight increase on the figures of last year. Darjeeling, Singhbhum, and Cuttack show the highest percentages, and Shahabad the lowest. There is a falling off in the percentages of both persons and cases convicted by the Courts of Session. Noakhali and Palamau return 100 per cent. of convictions, but there were only eight and one cases, respectively, in each; Cuttack (88.8) and Midnapore (86.6) show the best results; and Chittagon; (53.3) and Birbhum

(52.9) the worst. No mention is made of the extent to which District Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents supervised the Sessions cases, but from the results it may be inferred that there was no improvement in carefulness in preparing cases for the Sessions. At the same time a low percentage of successful cases at the Sessions is not always wholly due to the inefficiency of the police; the personal equation of the Judge, and the vagaries of the jury are elements which have also to be taken into consideration. Of the persons arrested by the police, 53.3 per cent. were convicted. The acquittals before the Courts of Session were chiefly in cases of serious offences against the person.

29. The following table analyses, class by class, the true crime during the last seven years:—

Class	I 2,843 II 4,568 III 31,463 IV 2,082 V 43,098 VI 47,748	1894. 2,892 4,794 34,094 2,412 45,393 44,684	1895, 2,772 5,146 33,570 2,627 41,423 44,743	1896. 2,907 5,417 38,764 2,271 45,951 45,231	1897. 3,918 5,930 51,949 3,116 68,452 45,535	1898, 8,144 5,145 35,864 1,970 41,559 46,760	1899. 2,844 5,800 34,398 1,815 89,540 44,567
-------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--

It is satisfactory to observe that every class, except II, that of serious offences against the person, shows a decrease during the year.

30. Class I (Offences against the State and public tranquillity).—There were 179 offences relating to coinage reported during the year and 3 relating to currency notes. Of the 102 cases specially reported, 65 were found to be true, and 57 cases were sent up for trial, of which 44, involving 52 persons, ended in conviction. There were only seven true cases of manufacturing counterfeit coin, and in none of them were the operations on a large scale: there is no reason to suppose that machinery is anywhere used for making counterfeit-coin. It is reported that there was a large influx of Muhammadan coiners from the Bombay Presidency, called Chhaparbands, and that they were responsible for nearly 40 per cent. of the true cases of uttering counterfeit coins. There is considerable difficulty in tracing the previous history of these men, but by a recent order of the Government of India finger-print records will in future be kept of all offenders under these sections: this should render it much easier to deal with these wandering gangs.

31. The number of rioting cases shown as true was 2,194, a considerable decrease on the figures for 1898, which were 2,499. Up to 1896 all reported cases (not including those found to be mistakes of law or fact, which were not entered in the returns at all) were counted as true, except those found by the trying Court to be maliciously false. In 1897 new forms were promulgated by the Government of India on a different basis, and there appears to have been some want of system in the calculations of the true cases for that year; the cases declared to be mistakes of fact or of law seem to have been counted as true cases. During the last two years all cases pending at the beginning of the year have been included, and those pending at the end excluded; Magistrate before trial, and those declared by him to be mistakes of fact or law, non-cognizable, or maliciously false. It is impossible to calculate the returns of the years before 1896 on the basis now adopted, but the figures for the

					acopted, [
1889 1890 1891 1892 1898	2,186 2,239 2,187 2,192 2,218	1894 1895 1896 1897 158	***	2,937 2,929 2,968 2,283	last ten yes margin: thos re-calculated adopted in the those for prev

last ten years are given on the margin: those for 1897 have been re-calculated according to the system adopted in the two subsequent years; those for previous years being given as they stand in the Reports. Apart

from the possible variation between 1896 and 1897, due to an alteration of system of calculation, there has been no striking rise or fall in the figures during the last ten years except in 1898. The figures for 1899 show a decrease in every Division, but, even so, the number of riots in the whole province is

more than three times the number in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

Burdwan Presidency	b 4 a	867 or	l case	to every	Persons. 27,175	The number of true cases of rioting in each Division and their incidence on the namulation in the namulation.
Rajshahi	9 9 8	836	10 p	12	23,373	the namelation and their incidence on
Dacca		266	19	59	80,147	DODUIALION IN OTROP IN AL.
Chittagong		440	0.9	31	22,373	- no accust filmhar and the in the
Patna		112	9.9	10	36,453	are highest in the Dacca Division, but
Lingalpur		353	31	91	41,787	in all the Dacea Division, but
Orissa		184	87	Pg	46,618	an the lucidence on nonning;
Chota Nagpur		117	23	99	84,593	Presidency and Burdwan Divisions
		79	9.9	p 9	68,592	follow rous al
a mill riot i	n H	owrah	and	anothe	er in Bu	follow very close upon it. There was

a mill riot in Howrah and another in Burdwan, in which the Assistant Manager of a paper mill was killed: in the Presidency Division eleven riots ended in loss of life. These are very disgraceful figures for what may be termed the Metropolitan Divisions of Bengal, and are discreditable alike to the police and to the zamindars of the districts concerned.

32. It is notoriously difficult to obtain a conviction in rioting cases, as the numbers are large, the cases are protracted, there is rarely any independent evidence, and it is often complained that the plea of self-defence is too readily admitted by the Courts even when it has been shown that there was time to seek the protection of the police. The mainspring of nearly every riot is a land dispute, but it is almost impossible to bring home complicity to the owners for whose benefit the riot is committed, and who are morally responsible for the loss of life that ensues. They may be prosecuted under sections 154 to 157 of the Indian Penal Code, but they frequently escape punishment, and they may be bound down under section 107, Criminal Procedure Code, but in that case it is easy for them to employ others to commit the breach of The provisions of section 110 (e), Criminal Procedure Code, should be rigorously enforced against those who are suspected of being professional lathia's, and, where necessary, prompt application should be made for additional police; moreover, where the cause of the riot is a land dispute of a serious nature, the most efficacious method of dealing with it is to have a settlement and record of rights carried out under the provisions of section 101 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, and there should be no hesitation in applying for action in this direction whereever it is needed. Only nine cases of rioting were enquired into by District Superintendents or Assistant Superintendents; but serious riots are matters of little less gravity than dacoities; and moreover, from the numbers involved, the difficulties of the case and frequently the wealth of the principals, these are cases which an unscrupulous police officer can often bring to nought, so that the early presence of his superior officer is particularly des rable: the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the Inspector-General will impress this strongly on police officers, and trusts that a comment of the kind will not again be necessary 33

The number of rioting cases in which loss of life has occurred during the last five years is given on the margin. The 66 decrease is satisfactory, but there does not appear to 1896 ... be a corresponding decrease in the number of cases 58 1898 where the rioters are an organised body armed with 48

deadly weapons, such as guns, swords, spears, &c. Such outrages as these should be treated with the utmost severity, and in the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor, Magistrates trying cases of this kind would exercise a wise discretion if they made it a rule to sentence offenders, on conviction, to imprisonment without option of fine. The prevalence of rioting has long been a blot on the administration of criminal justice in Bengal.

Class II (Serious offences against the person). - There has been a rise of 155 under this class. Murders by poison show a decrease of seven, and all other nurders remained stationary. One hundred and seventy-six cases were tried by the Sessions Courts, and 116 ended in conviction, but in 2 of these the decisions were upset on appeal. Forty-two persons were sentenced to death. Backergunge returns 36 murders against 45 last year; this is a satisfactory result, and the fact that only one of these was by gunshot affords additional proof of the wisdom of disarming the district. On the other hand, out of eight murders in Khulna, three were by gunshot. The Presidency, Burdwan, and Patna Divisions show very poor results in dealing with these murder cases. There were 21 cases of drugging, of which 16 were said to be the work of

Class 111 (Serious offences against property) .- The figures for dacoity are satisfactory, showing a decrease of 107 cases. One hundred and twentynine cases were sent up for trial, and in 79 cases, 400 persons were convicted. But it is noticeable that, although all the cases, except two, were classed as professional, out of 874 persons sent up, only 38 were B and C class bad characters: eight villagers and four dacoits lost their lives in these dacoities. The decrease is generally attributed to successful prosecutions of gangs of dacoits, which have of late years been taken up vigorously in several districts, and to a more frequent resort, in the affected districts, to the preventive sections of the Criminal Procedure Code. Burdwan still heads the list, though with a smaller number than last year, and it would seem that the police are not sufficiently energetic in looking after the bad characters of the district. The repressive measures in Purnea, mentioned in the Resolution of 1898, have been most successful in cheeking this form of crime in that district, which it may be observed has been unfortunate in having had four different Superintendents of Police during the year. The percentage of convictions shows that the police throughout the province did not display great ability in detecting these offences, but it is only fair to them to say that they receive little assistance from the villagers who, far from opposing the dacoits, usually make no attempt to see or recognise them, or to assist the victims in any way. Robberies decreased slightly, and cases of house-breaking increased; the results of the trials were much the same as last year. The true cases for the your were 29,216 and 30,537, respectively.
36. Class IV (Minor offences against the person).—The offences under this

class practically consist of wrongful restraint and confinement. There was a

slight decrease of 155.

37. Class V (Minor offences against property .—This class shows a decrease of 2,019, chiefly under the head of ordinary thefts. As usual, in a large majority of the cases the amount of property stolen was under five rupees.

38. Class VI (All other cases).—The largest number of cases in this class falls under the head of public and local nuisances. The total number of cases in the class was 44,567 against 46,760 last year. There was an increase in the number of salt cases from 995 to 1,151, chiefly owing to greater activity in the 24-Parganas. Excise cases slightly decreased, and there were no important Arms Act prosecutions. The largest decrease in this class, however, is under the head of vagrancy and bad character, a disappointing result since the crime returns from the various districts show that the police cannot afford to neglect the preventive sections of the Criminal Procedure Code. During the year 3,736 cases were instituted by the police, in 2,488 of which security was required by the Court; but a noticeable feature of the returns is that in Nadia 47 cases and in Champaran 77 cases were instituted by complaint, and were not referred to the police at all: in 25 and 46 of these cases, respectively, security was eventually ordered. Villagers are as a rule extremely loth to take upon themselves the danger and trouble of instituting these cases, and the facts that they appealed to the Magistrate in these instances and that in so many of them their action was justified by the eventual orders of the Court, prove that they must have been very much harassed by these bad characters, and that the police were very lax in their supervision. Both these districts show a small number of cases instituted by the police, and the particular attention of the Inspector-General is invited to the matter. Similarly Burdwan, Howrah, and Khulua show simultaneously very bad crime returns, and very few bad-livelihood cases. In 77 per cent. of all the cases in the province the accused was ordered to furnish security against 76 per cent. last year. Of the total number of cases tried, 2,089 were tried in the village of the accused, a figure equivalent to 62 per cent. of the whole. Excluding those who were in jail or who had disappeared, 36,417 persons were under the surveillance of the police at the close of the year.

89. Railway Police.—The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable cases reported to the Railway Police during the year was 4,373 against 3,576 last year: 1,613 cases were prosecuted to conviction. There were 605 accidents on the railway resulting in the deaths of 264 persons—a decrease on last year's figures. No explanation or details are given of the increase of cases of placing obstructions on the line from 38 to 55, but no accident or serious damage was caused by them. Thirty-six persons were sent up charged with this offence, of whom 20 were convicted.

40. Non-cognizable crime. - The total of non-cognizable crime for 1899 is

compared in the following statement with that for 1898:-

					Cases.		
Olass-				2898.	1899.	Increase.	Decronso.
I	100	٠	***	9,524	9,473		51
				16	18	2	
III	0.0 0		***	664	778	114	***
V	0.00			59,692	55,475		4,217
V	***			11,339	10,072	***	1,267
VI.	***		***	15,404	15,961	557	140
Special	laws			33,296	31,009	***	2,287
	Total		4 6 0	129,935	122,786	673	7,832
1	Net decrease	3		***	***	7,1	49

The largest decrease was under Class IV "Petty assaults." In Class VI ("Other offences") there was an increase under the head "Disputes as to immoveable property," and a decrease under that of "Security for keeping the peace." The decrease under special laws is almost wholly in cases under the Bengal Municipal Act. In Murshidabad, Balasere, Malda, and Noakhali a comparatively small proportion of persons summoned appeared: it is not clear whether these cases are compromised out of Court, or whether the summonses are disobeyed: in either case the matter should be looked into. In Malda and Hazaribagh the number of acquittals argues a lack of care in issuing processes.

41. Remands.—The following table compares the percentages of remands in the trial of cases sent up by the police is each of the last three years:—

37			P	ERCENTAGE (F A FORMS.				
Year.	Disposed of at first hearing.	Romanded once.	Romanded twice.	Romanded thrice.	Remanded four times.	Romanded five times.	Remanded six times.	Remanded more than six times.	Pend ing.
- 1	2	3	4	.5	6	7	8	g	10
1897 1898 1899	84·5 32·8 33·0	22·7 20·6 21·5	15 ·3 15·0 14 9	10·4 10·6 10	6·2 6·9 6·4	3·9 4·3 8·6	2·3 2·5 2·4	3 5 3·9 3·9	9 2·9 4·0

There was a slight improvement in the percentage of cases decided on the first two hearings, viz., 54·5 against 53·4, but the proportion of cases remanded more than six times is still too high. In Backergunge 121, or 11 per cent., of the A forms sent up were remanded more than six times, and in Patna 77, or about 9 per cent.: these results are not creditable, and an explanation should be furnished. In Pabna only 35·9 per cent. of the cases were disposed of in the first two sittings, but this is said to be due to a gang case, the enquiry into which occupied much of the time of the Magistrates at Sirajganj. Mymensingh (38·1), Faridpur (40 7), and Backergunge (36·7) are also offenders in this respect, and the Commissioner will be asked to draw the special attention of the Magistrates of these districts to the matter.

42. Previous convictions. - Out of 18,086 persons convicted of offences against property, 2,182 had been previously convicted, giving a percentage of 12 against 12.2 hast year. The highest percentage of reconvictions is returned by

the Patna Division, and the lowest by the Rajshahi Division. The figures for individual districts fluctuate between 20.7 per cent. in Muzaffarpur and 5.7 in Purnea. There seems absolutely no reason for these variations, and the Lieutenant-Governor is driven to the conclusion that the police in some districts do not take the trouble to enquire whether an accused person is an old offender or not, and the attention of the Inspector-General is invited to the matter.

Systems of identification. During the year reference was made to the Central Office with respect to 892 persons whom the local police were unable to identify. Of these, 580 were identified as old offenders by their finger-impressions, and 57 by anthropometry, or 637 in all. This is very satisfactory and yields the highest percentage yet attained by the Central Office, which is to be congratulated on the result. The results obtained since 1894 are given in the table below, and it is perhaps unnecessary to observe that it is by no means certain that all the persons not identified had been previously convicted: -

You	it.	Number identified by anthropometry only.	Number identified by inger-impressions only.	Total number identified.	Number in column 4 referred by Pengal districts.	Total number of persons in Bengal districts whose identity local police were unable to ascertain,	Percentage of successes from Hengal districts (column 6 to column 5).	Percentage of successes with females, juveniles and non-British subjects excluded from total of column 6.
1		2	8	4	5	. 6	7	8
1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	•••	148 207 834 318 148 57	174 345 580	143 207 334 492 493 687	112 162 236 325 317 845	536 641 831 1,040 1,097 892	20 8 25·2 28·3 31·2 31·4 38·6	27 ° 31.6° 35.7° 41.6° 37.6

[.] Juveniles were also excluded from the total in column 6 in these years.

The Inspector-General brings to the notice of Government the good work of Messrs. Pratt, Masters, and Harris, Deputy Inspectors-General, and Mr. Barnard, Assistant Inspector-General of Railway Police, and records his obligations to Mr. Showers, his Personal Assistant, and Mr. Warden, who was in charge of the Central Office for identification, and the Lieutenant-Governor has pleasure in recognising the services of Mr. Greer in the administration of the Department during the year. The names of the District Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents and Inspectors, who have been specially commended in paragraph 43 of the Report, will be noted in the Appointment Department.

ORDER.—Ordered that copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Police, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and all Commissioners of Divisions, for information.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the Calcutta Gazette.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

WEATHER AND OROP REPORT.

For the weak ending the 8th October 1900.

Burdwan.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.09, Kalna 0.16, Katwa 0.16, Raniganj 0.02. Weather hot and cloudy. Threshing of aus going on. Prospects of aman fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling as follows:—

				Sra.	
Sadar	***	***		12)
Kalna	•••			108	(
Katwa	400	•••	***	12	per rupee.
Raniganj	***	•••		12)

Birbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Rampur Hât 0.42. Weather fair. Crops doing well. Price of common rice at Sadar 12 seers and at Rampur Hât 13 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient.

Bankura.—Weather fair. Standing crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Common rice at Bankura 12 seers and at Vishnupur 111 seers per rupee.

Midnapore.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.97, Contai 1.87, Tamluk 1.96, Ghatal 0.10. Weather cloudy at Sadar and Tamluk; fair at Contai; hot at Ghatal. Portions of Contai and Tamluk are still under water. Floods in Ghatal than have almost subsided. No flood report received from Daspur than. Paddy crops have been damaged severely in most places in the Sadar and subdivisions. Fodder sufficient except in flooded tracts. No cattle-disease. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Sra	ch.	
Sadar	***	•••	***			
Tamluk	. ***				131	per rupee.
Ghatal	***	***		10	0	3

Hooghly.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.36, Serampore 1.10, Arambagh 0.02. Prospects of standing crops poor. Steeping of jute nearly finished. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee.

Howrah.—Rainfall at Sadar '42, Ulubaria 3.55. Weather cloudy with occasional showers. Paddy and sugarcane crops in many places are still under water and damaged to a great extent. Cutting of jute nearly fluished. Water sufficient. Want of fodder is being felt. Price of common rice 10 seers I chitak per rupee.

24-Parganas.—Rainfall at Sadar '81, Barasat 5·10, Diamond Harbour 3·07. Weather cloudy and showery. A good deal of rice is emerging from the flooded areas, and prospects are not quite so bad as was reported. But the destruction of the crop on low ill-drained lauds is complete. The estimated outturn of the winter rice crop is 8 annas. Anan in low lands generally destroyed, but on higher lands 10 to 16 annas is expected. Aus is being harvested. Washing of jute going on briskly. Cattle-disease in Barasat reported. Folder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	
Badar	***	***	•••	10	1
Barasat			***	11	per rupee.
Basirhat	***	***	***	9	por rapos.
Diamond Harbour	***	000	0.04	108	,

Nadia.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.07, Kushtia 0.25, Meherpur 0.69, Chuadanga 0.91. Weather seasonable. Prospects of aman and other standing crops generally good except in Ranaghat where they were partly damaged by the cyclone. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice stationary.

Murshidabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.05, Jangipur 1.11, Lalbagh nil, Kandi 0.44. Weather hot in day and cool at night. Harvesting of aus and cutting of jute finished. The recent cyclone and floods damaged the winter rice crop in Kandi to the extent of under four annas; in the rest of the district the prospect of aman has improved. Sowing of kalai nearly over. Cattle-disease reported from Nabagram thana. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling at Sadar 12½ seers, Jangipur 13½ seers, Lalbagh 13 seers and Kandi 14 seers por rupes.

Jessore.—Rainfall at Sadar 5'41, Jhenida 2'04, Magura 0'47, Narail 2'85, Bangaon 2'42. Weather sultry, cloudy. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of auspaddy nearly finished. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

	Bre				rs.
Sadar	0 0 0	001	0.00	1	
Jhenida	0 0 0	* * *	0.00	1	
Magura	000	000		1	31 >per rupee.
Narail		> 0.0	***	1	5
Bangaon	0.00		***	1.	1)

Khulna.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.20, Bagerhat 1.69, Satkhira 3.95. Weather fair. Common rice sells at Sadar 13 seers, Bagerhat 13; seers, and Satkhira 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Rajshahi.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.90, Nator nil, Naugaon 0.03. Prospects of standing crops good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling at 143 seers per rupee.

Dinajpur.—Rainfall nil. Weather fine. Rain wanted in south of district. Prospect of aman moderate. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water plentiful. Rice 15 seers a rupee at Sadar and 13 seers at Thakurgaon.

Jalpaiguri.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Haimanti paddy growing well. Harvesting of bhadoi still continues in places. Steeping of jute going on. Price of common rice steady. Fodder and water sufficient.

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Darjeeling 0.02, Kurseong 0.43, Siliguri 0.20. Weather seasonable. Hills—Bhuita, bhadoi paddy, and potatoes being harvested; hara marua and haimanti paddy doing well Terai—Harvesting of bhadoi and transplanting of haimanti paddy finished. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

Hills		Srs.				
	0 0 0		0 5 0	11	per rupee.	
Terai			* * *	14	per rupee.	

Bhutta sells at Darjeeling 22 seers and at Kalimpong 28 seers per rupee.

Rangpur.—Rainfall nil. Weather hot More rain wanted. Steeping of jute and transplantation of aman finished. Water and fodder sufficient. Common rice sells at Sadar 10 seers, Kurigram 11 seers, and Nilphamari 14 seers per rupee.

Bogra — Average rainfall 0 10. Prospects of standing crops good. Land is being prepared for rabi crops. Prices unchanged. Fodder and water ample. Cattle disease reported from Sharpur and Panchbibi.

Pabna.—Rainfull at Sadar 0.38, Sirajganj 0.86. Wenther partially cloudy and hot. Prospects of crops better than in September. Recent rain has done much good to aman paddy. Common rice sells at 12 seors 9 chitaks per rupee. Fidder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

Dacoa.—Rainfall at Sadar 79, Manikganj 50, Manshiganj 103, Navainganj 107. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Fodder available. No cattle-disease. Common rice 12 seers per rupee.

Mymensingh.—Rainfall at Sadar '89, Jamalpur '90, Kishoreganj '21, Netrokona 1 '65, Tangail 1 '17. Weather seasonable. Prospect of winter rice crop good except at Jamalpur, where more rain is wanted. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle good. Common rice sells as follows:—

			Srs.	
Sadar	***	304	12	3
Tongail	***	3.00	12	1
Jamalpur	16.0.0	4 0 0	93	per rupee.
Kishoreganj Netrokona	0.0	***	***	
Metrokons	***	4 + 0	121)

Faridpur.—Weather seasonable. Common rice 123 seers per rupee.

Backergunge.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.45. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Common rice sells at 12 seers (aman) and 14 seers (ams) per rupee.

Tippera.—Rainfall at Brahmanbaria 23, Chandpur 15. Weather hot. Prospects of standing crops favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice averages 18 seers per rupee.

some to Hooda

Nonkhali.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.41, Feni .40. Recent rain has done good to the crops. Lands are being cultivated for rabi crops. No cattle disease reported. Fudder and water good. Common rice sells at 15 seers (aus) and 12 seers (ausn) per rupes.

Chittagong.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.61, Cox's Bazar nil. More rain urgently wanted in parts of the district. Transplantation of winter rice nearly completed. Cattle-disease still prevalent. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice 12 seers per rupee.

Patna.—Rainfall nil. Prospects of winter rice not favourable. Fields are being prepared for rabi sowings. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Common rice 15 seers per rupee.

Gaya.—Paddy doing well. Lands are being propared for rabi crops. Common rice selling at 11 seers per rupee.

Shahabad.—No rainfall. Harvesting of bhadn nearly fluished. Folder and water sufficient. Rice at Sadar 12 seers per rupee.

Saran.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.04, Siwan 3.58, Gopalganj 4.40. Weather cloudy and hot. Harvesting of bhadoi going on. Lands are being prepared for rabi. Prospect of winter paddy good. Common rice 12 seers 9 chitaks and makai 21 seers 3 chitaks per rupee.

Champaran.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Bhadoi harvesting nearly over. Aghani crops doing well. Preparation for rabi going on. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice and maize at Sadar are 11; and 23 seers per rupee respectively.

Muzaffarpur.—Rainfall nil. Harvesting of bhadoi crops almost finished. Prospects of standing crops excellent. Prices are —Common rice 13 seers, wheat 12½ seers, barley 16 seers, maize 22½ seers, gram 14½ seers, arhar 15½ seers and mirua 22½ seers per rupee.

Darbhanga.—No rain. Weather hot. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of bhadoi nearly finished. Cattle-disease reported from Madhubani sublivision. Folder and water sufficient. Common rice selling as follows:—

Sadar ... 141 | per rupes. Samastipur ... 14 | per rupes.

Monghyr.—Rainfall at Monghyr nil, Begnsarai '50, Jamui '23. Weather bright and hot. More rain still wanted for paddy. Standing crops promising. Sowing of kurthi and kalai continues. Lands are being prepared for rabi crops. Common rice sells as follows:—

Monghyr 11 to 12
Begusarai 121
Jamui ... 12

Bhagalpur.—Weather hot. Standing crops growing well. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water ample. Prices stationary.

Purnes.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Kishanganj 4.60, Araria 3.03. Weather hot and clear. Steeping of jute nearly over. Prospects of aghani crops good. No eattle disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

Malda.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Lands are being prepared for rabi. Sowing of kalai going on. Winter rice doing well. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 14 seers per rupee.

Sonthal Parganas.—Average rainfall 61. Weather seasonable. Standing crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle disease reported from Rajmahal subdivision. Average price of rice 12 seers 13 chitaks and of maize 27 seers 4 chitaks per rupee.

Cuttack.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.85, Jajpur 4.25. Weather cloudy. Beali being harvested. Sarad and sugarcane growing. Condition of men and cattle generally good. Fudder available. Some damage to crops on low lands is apprehended on account of high flood. Common rice sells as follows:—

Sadar ... 13 12 per rupes.

Jajpur ... 14 7 per rupes.

Kendrapara and Banki returns not received.

Salasore.—Rainfall at Sadar 3.60. Weeding of saved goes on. Jute is being out and thrashed. Aus outsing the progress. Beals is repening. Sugarcane growing well. Rice sells at 1512, 13 and 16 seers per rupes in interior. Balastre, and Bhadrak, respectively. Some loss of orep reported from Kamarda, Gingli, Balastre, Jellatore and Dolesahi chaklas. In some places fodder wanting owing to floods.

Angul—Rainfall at Angul 1.10. Weather cloudy, cyclonic and unsettled. Sowing of kulthi and mung and harvesting of mendit and autumn paddy in progress. Field labour available. Common rice selling from 9 to 14 seers per super in Angul and 8 to 9 beers per rupee at Bissipara. In Khondmals number of persons daily on relief.—Men 590, women 852, and children 238.

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.99, Khurda 0.61. Weather seasonable. Transplanting of sarad nearly over. Weeding continues. Laghs in ear. Beals and mandia being harvesteen Sugarcane is being bound. State of miscellaneous crops good. Flood is subsiding. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:

Sadar ... 11 13 Per rupee. Interior of district ... 12 13

Hazaribagh.—Weather cloudy. Rainfall at Sadar 85, Giridi 1.05. Harvesting of bhadol going on. Prospect of paddy good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at Sadar 13; seers and at Giridi 12; seers per rupee.

Ranchi.—Rainfall 0.76. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of gora paddy and marus continues. Prospect of winter rice good. Average price of common rice 10 seers per rupes, and that of gora rice 16 seers per rupes. Cattle-disease reported from three thansa.

Palamau.—Rainfall 0.21. Weather seasonable. Gram being sown. Prospects of standing crops still favourable. Prices at Sadar are—Rice 10 seers 2 chitaks, makai 27 seers, gram 10 seers 2 chitaks, barley 11; seers, wheat 9; seers per rupes.

Manbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.86, Gobindpur 0.47. Weather at first seasonable, then cloudy. Crops on ground doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from thanas Jhalma and Manbazar. Average price of common rice at Sadar 11 sees 14 chitaks and at Gobindpur 11 sees per rupes. Supply sufficient.

Singhbhum.—Rainfall 0.50. Ass paddy is being out; outturn well up to the average. Prospects garally good, but some of the paddy on the lower land is suffering from excessive moisture and some of the bhadoi crops on the high land have been knocked about by the rain. Average price of rice is 132 seers in the district; at Chaibassa 12 seers.

General Summary.—The rainfall during the week was general, and in places moderately heavy, in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and South-West and East Bengal. In Bihar practically no rain fell, and in North Bengal only a few showers are reported. The general prospects of the winter rice crop are good except in the flooded tracts of the Burdwan, Presidency and Orissa Divisions. In Midnapore, Hooghly, Howrah and the 24-Pargands the rice plants on low lands in many places are still under water and destroyed to a considerable extent. The rice crop is still in need of rain in Dinajpur, Rangpur, Chittagong and Monghyr. The harvesting of the autumn crops is almost at an end, and the preparation of lands for the aping crops is in progress. Fodder is sufficient except in the flooded tracts of Midnapore, Howrah and Balasore. Cases of cattle disease continue to be reported from some districts. The price of rice has fallen in 15 districts, has risen in 10, and is stationary in the rest.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. A. SLACKE,

Secretary to the Goot, of Bengal

REVENUE DEPARTMENT, The 9th October 1900. PRICES-CURRENT (RECAIL) OF FOOD GRAINS AND SALT

IN THE

HEAD-QUARTERS STATION BAZARS OF THE DISTRICTS OF BENGAL DURING THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE SOTE SEPTEMBER 1900.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-

			1				*	VH24								-	I		-			_	1	PER RU	
					-		-				-	-	BA	RLE	T.			Rı	œ,	001	MOI	ı.	Sor.	AROR O	BOLDI Bigare
	Number.	\$	DISTRI	CTS.		Present return.		Next preceding return.		Corresponding return		Present return.		Next preceding	Corresponding return	of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding		of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Con exponding return
			BENGAL.		8	. C	ъ. 8	. Ch	8.	Cl	a.	s. o	h. S.	Ch	8.	Ch.	S	. ci	s. S.	a	a. a	Oh	S. CI	h. S. Ch	
	/	1	Burdwan	***	. 1	1 4	8 1	1 8	1	2	0	***		•••		0.9		12							
BIOR.		2	Birbhum	011	. 1	8 (0 1	2 0	1	8	8	***		•••			12	0	12				***		460
BURDWAR DIVISIOR.	1	8	Bankura	8.64	10	0 (0 1	0 0	1	2	8	***					13	2	12	8	17	8	10>		140
RDWA		4	Midnapore	911	1	9 (9 0	1	3	0	•••		***		ю .	18	0	13	~ 0	17	0	13	100	
E P		6	Hooghly	800	10) (1	0 0	1	3	8	=00		***			9	0	10	0	12	0	491	***	
		8	Howrah	***		***		466		,				- 3 0			10	0	10	8	13	0	***	-04	
	Í	7	24-Parganas	***		B-0+		***		194	-	P 0-0		-00			10	10	11	0	12	8	600		
BEOM.		8	Calcutta	001	10	0	10	0	10) 10	1	4 8	16	0	18	8	10	0	10	10	11	6		***	14
T DIV		9	Nadia	***	18	5	14	8	14	1 8		***	17	12	29	1	11	12	11	14	13	14	*54		
PRESTURBET DIVISION.		10	Murshidabad	***	14	0	18	8	18	5 (2	0 0	20	0	20	0	12	0	14	0	16	0	***		***
Pa		11	Jemore	401	9	0	8	0	8	8	1	0	10	0	10	0	13	0	18	0	18	0	481		**
	9	15	Khulna	804		t-0 0		0 (0 0	01			601		•			12	0	13	0	18	0	***	***	200
	1	13	Rajshahi	•••	14	4	13	8	14	4	21	0	22	8	24	0	18	2	13	14	16	8	004		
př.		14	Dinajpur	***	11	4	11	4	15	4		•••	0.1						144				001		
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A. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Kalna 10 seers (panga) and 11 seers 7 chitaks

B. At Rampur list the retail price of salt is 10 seers 7 chitaks per rupes.

C. At Vishuppur the retail price of salt is 10 seers 7 chitaks per rupes.

D. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Contai 10 seers; Tamluk and Chatal returns not received.

E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Serampore 10; seers; Arambagh 10 seers 10 chitaks.

E. At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 10 seers 10; chitaks per rupes.

G. In the subdivisions the seers; Baduria 9 seers 2 chitaks; Magrahat 9 seers 2 chitaks.

E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Chetia 10; seers; Barneat 11

E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10 seers (panga); Chuadanga 10 seers (panga); Meheppur 10 seers (karkatch); Ranaghat 11; seers (crushed.)

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quarters Station Basars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30th September 1900.

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J. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 10½ seers; Magura 9½ seers; Narail return not received; Bangaon 10 seers 1 chitaks.

K. In the subdivisions the rotail prices of salt per rupee are:—Baserhat 9 seers; Satkhira 11 seers.

L. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Mater 10½ seers; Naugaon 9 seers 10 chitaks.

M. In the Alipur Duars the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupes.

N. Rotail price of salt (panga at Kuracong 8 seers and Shiguri 10 seers; Gaibanda 10 seers; Nilphamari 10 seers.

P. At Sirajganj the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kurigram 8 seers; Gaibanda 10 seers; Nilphamari 10 seers.

P. At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 11½ seers per rupee.

Q. In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Madanganj 11 seers 6 chitaks;

Manikganj 5 seers; Mirka im 11 seers 6 chitaks.

R. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kishorganj 10 seers; Netrokona 9 seers; Jamalpur 10 seers; Kagmari 8 seers.

3. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Goalundo 10 seers (panga); Madaripur 10½ seers (crushed).

T. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Pirojpur 8 seers; Patuakhali 9 seers; Bnola 9 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-quarters

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V. At Foni Hat the rotail prices of salt per rupee are:—Brahmanbaria 10 seers; Chandpur 9 seers.

W. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bihar 9½ seers; Barh 10½ seers; Dinapore return not received.

X. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jahanabad 10 seers; Aurangabad and Nawada returns not subtractions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Siwan 11 seers 1 chitak; Gopalganj (Mirganj) 12 seers 1 chitak.

Z. At Bettiah the retail prices of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.

a. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Samastipur 10 seers; Madhubani 10 seers 11 chitaks.

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Stat on Basars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30th September 1900 - (concluded).

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b. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt (panga) per rupee are:—Begusarai 10 seers; Jamui 10 seers.

In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Banka 10 seers; Madhipura 9\frac{1}{2} seers; Supaul 10\frac{1}{2} seers.

J. In the Kishangan and Arraria subdivisions the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.

At Balia Nawabganj the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Deoghur return not received; Godda 10 seers; Jamtara 11 seers; Rajmahal return not received.

Jajpur 10 seers; Kendrapara 10 seers.

At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.

At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 12 seers per rupee.

PRICES-CUBRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, &

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The 9th October 1900.

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F. A. SLACKE,
Secretury to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the Results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of September 1900.

The mean pressure of the month The average pressure of September from 24 years' registers The highest pressure in the month 29.722 The highest pressure in the month 10
The average pressure of September from 24 years' registers 29-682 The highest pressure in the month 29-912 25th
The average pressure of September from 24 years' registers 29.682 The highest pressure in the month 29.912 25th
The highest pressure in the month 29.912 25th
The lowest pressure in the month 29.472 18th 16
The range of pressure 0.440
Hours,
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month 113.5
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine 367.0
m
The mean temperature of the month 82.1
The average temperature of September from 24 years' registers 83.3
The highest temperature in the month 94.4 12th
The lowest temperature in the month 73.0 24th
The range of temperature during the month 21.4
The mean daily range of temperature 9.6
The greatest range of temperature in one day 14.4 14th
Per cent,
The mean humidity of the month 89
The average humidity of September from 24 years' registers 85
Inches,
The mean vapour tension of the month 0.967
The average vapour tension of September from 9 years' registers 0.987
The mean cloud proportion of the month 8.15
The average cloud proportion of September from 23 years'
registers 6.96
The Askal and all of the man of
The total rainfall in direct by The total rainfall in direct b
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-
gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground) The average tall of September from 48 years' registers 43.53 10.18
The greatest fall in 24 house
14.53 20th
The number of mine days in the most
The number of rainy days in the month
The average number of rainy days in September from 24 years' registers
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation
during the month
The mean difference of sun and our terransportures
The greatest sun temperature
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer
on woollon oloth
I no mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer
below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the
ground
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer
below the minimum air temperature 3.4 11th
Minn
The mean movement of the wind per day
The greatest movement of the wind in one day 304.0 22nd
The greatest movement of the wind in one have
ZOUR IU to II P
The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points— N. 36, N.E. 25, E. 129, S.E. 196, S. 199, S.W. 55, W. 20, N.W. 31, Calm 30.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore '003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently equal; and, finally, the thermometer, which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

G. W. KUCHLER,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA, Alipore (Calculta), the 9th October 1900.

For Meteorological Reporter to the Goot. of India and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

kesults of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 30th September to 6th October 1900.

HYGROMETRY

TEMPERATURE,

			5	baromet		PRMPR	RATURI	E.	1	HYGROL	ARTRY.		WIND.			
Mosth.	Date	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours bright sumshine.	Mean pressure bar at 32º Fahr.	M sen.	Marionum.	Range.	Minimum.	Meen wet balb,	Vapour tension.	Daw point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.	Hain.	Weather,
1900.				Inoben.		•				Inche		1 %		1	Inches	1
Sopt.	80th	146-7	6.7	29 -828	82.9	8:8	10.6	78-2	79 6	0.970	78-3	87	NNW and calm	78	NII	Partially ofoudy
Uot _e :	lat	138-5	2-4	791	83.8	39.6	9.4	80.2	80 1	-981	78.6	85	N by W and calin	70	30	Chiefly oloudy,
**	2nd	148-8	28	-787	81-0	86.8	12.1	74-7	78-4	938	77:3	.31	N by W and calm	70	0.08	Chiefly cloudy
12	3rd	141-6	4-4	•790	80.9	87.8	11.6	76.2	78-4	•941	77:4	89	WSW, calm & variable.	77	0.17	Chiefly oloudy
p •	4th	145 6	9.1	•779	83.5	89-6	11-9	77-7	77.7	·873	75.1	76	NE by N, calm & variable.	76	0 07	Partially floudy,
10	5th	186.5	0-9	•735	81.9	88 6	11.9	76-7	77.9	.903	76-2	83	NNE and E by N	99	0.02	Chiefly cloudy, o,
10	6th	139 ·2	2.4	•748	80.8	87.6	9.5	78-1	77-7	•910	76.4	87	ENE and E	191	0.22	Chiefly cloudy, o d
Th	8 BY	an pre erage Office	prea	of the sure of	the	day	spond	ling	period	l for			s, Surveyor-Ge	berai's	, <u>2</u>	Inches. 9.780
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The	e me	an ten	npera	ture of	the s	even	days		101		-					82·1
The	ave	erage Jenera	temp	peratur	e of	the	corre	spond	ing I	period	for	24	years, Surv	eyor-		02.1
Th				tion of	tamn	oratin	ro		***		0.00		***	***		83.3
				peratu		OI or (I)			***		***	•		101		149
				•					194		***		100			89.6
The	b hig	hest v	elocit	ty of th	e win	d in c	one h	our	***		400		***	100		Miles. 16
The	a mar	an rel	ative.	humidi	to											85
The	D AV	978.70	rela	tive h	umid	ity c	of t	he c	no Prese	nondi	***		od for 24	***		85
	8	urvey	or-G	eneral's	Offic	8	***		JONE OF	Ponta	mg 1	hatt		yours,	4	
011											***	•	***	***		83
The	tota ave	orage	fall	in from	oori	espon	ding	perio	od fo	otobe	r 190	0	Surveyor-Gen	***		0.57
	()thoe						Post	111	47	yes		h	eral's		1.00
The	tota	l fall	from	1st Jan	nuary	to 6t	h Oo	tober	1900				***	100		1.80
The	876	rage	fall	of the	corr	espon	ding	perio	od fo	or 24	yes	APS,	Surveyor-Gen	eral's		89.02

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground. A, dew; o, overcast; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; d, drizzling rain.

METBOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA,

G. W. KUCHLER,

Alipore (Oaloutta), the 8 h October 1900.

For Meteorological Reporter to the Gort. of India and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 29th September 1400 on 1,118 miles open

	COACHING	TRAFFIC.	Monona ndier Tray	AND MINERAL VIC.	Other earnings (estimated).	Total	TRAPPIO	TBAIF-MILI	to Ru
	Number of passengers,	Receipts,	Weight carried.	Receipts.	including steam-boat.	earnings.	Conching.	Merchan- dine.	To
Total traffic for the week on		Re.	Mps.	Ro.	Re,	Ba.			
1,118 miles open Or per mile of railway For prayions 18 -weeks of bail-	128,540 114'97	(a)46,580 41*63	7, 37 ,280 659.44	(a)89,890 86*61	(a)6,190 8:56	(a) 92,310 82*57	\$2,154	(0)20,515	62,
year (s)	1,718,002	6,29,449	55,48,686	5,45,034	1,27,623	13,01,903	369,691	801,682	671
Total for 18 weeks	1,841,842	6,74,079	68,81,106	5,84,524	1,33,715	13,94,218	401,745	398,847	724
Comparisos.									
coal for corresponding week of previous gener on 1,086 miles open. er mile of corresponding week of previous year osal to corresponding date mf previous year	148,344 ,186-68 1,730,857	54,246 50°00 6,48,794	4,26,567 893°15 72,78,903	70,144 64°65 8,17,899	19,827 17:81	.1,48;717 134'46 16,98,711	25,426 335,225	(d)26,967	52,

⁽s) Decrease due to slack traffic owing to heavy rain and the traffic being specially good last year. Includes 5,12,31 maunds and Rs. 13,230 of balls trains in this week.

(b) Includes 5,15 miles of ballast trains run on open line.

(c) , audited figures up to week ending 4th August 1900,

(d) , 6,306 miles of ballast trains run on open line.

SEGOWLIE-RAKSAUL BRANCH RAILWAY.

(WORKED BY THE B. & N.-W. RAILWAY.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ending 25th September 1900 on 18 miles open.

	OOACHING	TRAFFIC.	Murchaudian Tras	PIC.	Other carnings	Total	TRAFFIC	TRAIN-MILE	a nv _{ii} ,
	Passengers carried.	Receipts.	Weight onrued.	Receipts.	(ostimated).	earnings.	Coaching.	Merchan: diso.	Total
Total traffic for the week on 18	No.	Be.	Mps.	Ra.	Ro	Re.			
Or per nule of railway For previous 12 weeks of half.	99R 55'44	190 6:67	8,175 161°94	80 6166	0188	204 11:83	185	87	16
3002 (a)	8,045	1,434	39,043	1,494	46	9,964	1;646	408	001
Total for 13 weeks	9,043	1,644	42,318	1,574	50	3,168	1,781		2,01
COMPARISON.					-	0,100	1,701	433	2,21
Total for corresponding week of previous year on miles open Par mile of corresponding week of previous year	P 6 % B 244	0.,, 400	*******	120204	920000 .	100 000	******	86440,	Time
Total to corresponding date of	400000	941 965	0.0000	**4000		*****	440 pag		***
previous year	444001	111000	110004		494,110	000004	+11000	****	000

⁽a) Includes audited figures up to week ending 4th August 1900.

Note.—The line was closed for traffic from 2th September 1900.

SEGOWLIE-RAKSAUL BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Worked by the B. & N.-W. RAILWAY.)

Audited Return of Traffic for week anding 4th 4.

	COACHING	TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDIAN TRA	PPIC.		Trada 1	THAFFIC	TRAIN-MILE	to Bul
	Passengers carried.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	Other earnings.	Total carnings.	Conching.	Merchan-	Total
fotal traffic for the week on 18	No.	Ba. A. P.	MDs.	Re. A. P.	Re. A. P.	Be. A. P.	14		
miles open	8 '44	0 1 8	681020	400	6 0 0	7 6 8	******	031011	pp1+->
Total for 5 weeks	2,870	432 18 8	21,129	728 7 1	13 0 0	1,169 4 9	476	216	71
YOMI IOL 9 MOSES W	2,676	434 2 1	21,119	723 7 1	19 0 0	1,176 0 2	576		7
COMPARISON.							0.0	216	7
otal for corresponding week of previous year on miles open									
of previous vers	******	44444	*** ma		D34.1+1	936147		0.004.0	467.1
tal to corresponding date of	04114	649449	*****	1.,,,,	******	919400	******		
111 100	991999	# 5 X A Gas	*****	111994	*****	efferen		10000	ggs A

DARJERLING-HIMALAYAN BAILWAY COMPANY,	LIMITED.		
Approximate earnings for the week ending 29th September 1900 Ditto for the corresponding period of 1899	Rs. 10,938 9,413	0	P. 0
Increase	1,525	0	0
Ditto for the corresponding period of 1899	314 184		6
Increase eas ere per equ	29	14	6
Beceipts from 1st July to 29th September 1900 Ditto for the corresponding period of 1899	1,64,678 1,68,468	0	0
Decrease	4,070	0	0

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF FIRE-PREVENTING AND FIRE-SAVING ARRANGEMENTS, BERLIN, 1901.

No. 1905 T.M.—The 3rd October 1900.—The following papers are published for general information.

E. N. BAKER, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1900.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Nim-Subscribers to the Garren may receive the Supelument separately on payment of Six Rupes:

per annum if delinered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupes if sent by post.]

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RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON EXCISE ADMINISTRATION IN THE LOWER PROVINCES FOR 1899-1900.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT-SEPARATE BEVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 9th October 1900.

RESOLUTION—No. 1622T.—F.

READ-

The Report of the Commissioner of Excise for the year 1899-1900 with the observa-

Mr. K. G. Gupta held the office of Excise Commissioner during the year except for three months, from the 22nd November 1899 to the 21st February 1900, when he was on privilege leave, and Mr. L. Hare acted as Commissioner. He had the direct assistance of three Deputy Collectors, one of whom was his Personal Assistant, and two were travelling Inspectors of Excise. In 19 districts, 14 of which have central distilleries, Special Deputy Collectors were employed exclusively on Excise and Income-tax work, one officer doing the work of Hooghly and Howrah, while in 26 districts Deputy Collectors of the ordinary staff were in charge of Excise in addition to their regular duties. Nine

of the most important distilleries, were in charge of Sub-Deputy Collectors, the remainder being in charge of non-gazetted officers. There were also three Railway Sub-Inspectors whose services were utilised in the supression of excise offences in districts where they had been most prevalent, while a Special Sub-Inspector was as usual employed for checking the smuggling of contraband opium and liquor to and from Chandernagore. In the executive branch of the subordinate establishment, and among the clerks in the office branch, the numbers remained the same as in the previous year, viz., 201 and 141, respectively; while an old excise daroga was replaced by a man of a superior class.

2. Inspections.—During the year a sufficient amount of inspection was done by the two Inspectors of Excise, who were out for 257 and 225 days respectively, while between Messrs. Gupta and Hare, the tours of the Excise Commissioner occupied 126 days. Every district, distillery and spirit depot, most of the ganja warehouses, and all but eight subdivisions in the Province were inspected. With regard to inspections by Collectors it is reported that the Excise Offices in Howrah, Murshidabad, Puri and Palamau were not inspected at all. No explanations from the Collectors of the defaulting districts are furnished in the report. In all the districts, except Champaran, in which Special Deputy Collectors were employed, the prescribed minimum of touring (150 days) was exceeded. For Deputy Collectors of the ordinary staff employed on excise work the minimum period of touring is fixed at 90 days; in 17 out of the 26 districts, the prescribed amount of touring was done; the defaulting districts being Palamau, Singbhum, Faridpur, Malda, Chittagong, Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling, Birbhum, and the Sonthal Parganas. The Board notice the large deficiency in touring in the Sonthal Parganas where it is particularly important that a sufficient amount of touring should be done. On the other hand they have decided on a relaxation of the ordinary rules of touring in favour of the Excise Deputy Collectors in Singbhum and Palamau, the Deputy Commissioners themselves taking up the work of excise inspection in their cold-weather tours.

3. Revenue and charges.—The excise revenue was, as in previous years, realised from fees on licenses for the wholesale and retail sale of distilled and fermented liquors and drugs, distillery fees and duty on the actual quantity of country rum, country spirit prepared in central distilleries, opium, and hemp drugs that passed into consumption. The following statement shows the gross excise revenue, the charges, net revenue, and percentage of charges on gross revenue for the last five years:—

Preiop.		Revenue.	Charges.	Net revenue.	Percentage of charges.
1		3	8	4	5
		Ra.	Ra.	Rs.	
189 5- 96 1894-97	•••	1,83,77,705 1,84,10,577	6,74,682 6,83,35 t	1,27,03,123 1,27,27,226	6:04 5:09
1897-98		1.27.48.059	6,77,203	1.20.70.856	5.3
1898-99		1,34,27,290	6,74,503	1,27,62,787*	6.03
1899-1900	***	1,39,65,984	6,85,984	1,32,80,000	4.91
Difference of past two ye		+6,38,694	+11,481	+5,27,213	11

In order, however, to obtain the true figures for the net revenue derived from excise, there should be added to the charges here given Rs. 10,258 on account of refunds, and Rs. 10,976 for the excess of rewards distributed over fines realised, the latter of which are credited not to Excise, but to Law and Justice. This raises the expenditure to Rs. 7,07,218 and reduces the net revenue to Rs. 1,32,58,766, against Rs. 1,27,34,852 in 1898-99. As is remarked by the Board, the fact that the revenue of the previous year, which itself was the highest on record, has been so largely exceeded, clearly reflects the prosperous condition of the people during the year. The improvement was

shared by all but eight districts, Calcutta contributing about a quarter of the total increase. Calculated on the population ascertained at the Census of 1891 (after allowing for natural increase at the rate of seven per thousand per annum), the incidence of excise revenue per head of population during the year under review amounted to two annas and eleven pies, against two annas and ten pies in 1898-99. The net increase of Rs. 11,481 in charges is attributed to promotions and acting allowance of some Excise Deputy Collectors.

Revenue by Divisions .- Distributed according to divisions, the gross

receipts for the last five years are as follows:-

Divisions.		1896-96,	1896-97.	1897-48,	1898.90,	1899-1900.	1899-1900, WITH	00 MPAUED 1898-99.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						Increase.	Decrease
1		2	8	4	5	6	7	8
Burdwan Presidency Rajahahi Dacca Chittagong Patna Bhagalpur Oriasa Ohota Nagpur	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	Re., 13,30,346 58,42,486 10,73,295 8,17,361 8,41,931 27,58,200 14,70,888 6,27,620 10,55,618	Re. 18,66,767 35,78,369 11,12,958 9,05,270 2,74,725 26,84,836 14,84,130 6,63,071 11,06,151	Rs. 13,52,065 37,76,707 10,44,479 9,03,785 9,73,480 24,39,722 14,881,215 6,90,146 7,84,450	Re. 14,53,754 89,92,547* 10,47,797 9,28,135 2,84,939 20,98,216* 15,56,800 7,50,415 8,54,837*	Re. 15,03,785 40,64,697 10,65,127 9,36,254 2,90,768 27,30,275 15,92,993 7,60,38) 9,71,815	79,001 1,6:,150 17,330 8,119 6,739 1,12,059 36,193 F,856 1,07,288	Re.
Total		1,33,77,706	1,84,10,677	1,37,48,050	1,34,27,290*	1,39,65,984	8,38 694	

The increase was shared by all the Divisions. As usual the largest receipts were obtained in the Presidency Division, including Calcuttta, and the smallest in the Chittagong Division, while the Presidency and Patna Divisions between them contributed over half the excise revenue of the Province. The Lieutenant-Governor observes that in Mymensingh there was a falling off of Rs. 6,204 under country spirit; of Rs. 9,612 under ganja, and of Rs. 1,120 under opium. No satisfactory splanation of this general decline is given, and the Lieutenant-Governor would be glad to hear the result of the enquiry which has been instituted by the Board. In Bhogalpur, the aggregate falling off was still larger, but was confined to ganja, and has been explained.

5. The relation of the growth of consumption to the growth of revenue is illustrated by the following statistics of the four chief articles of excise:—

ARTICLES OF EXCISE.	REVI	INUE.	Percentage	Consu	MPTION.	Percentage	
ARTICLES OF ELCINA.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	of difference.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	of difference	
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	
Country (Distillery	Rs. 31,05,315	Rs. 32,53,777	+4.8	L. P. gallons. 5,30,083	L. P. gallons. 5,74,952	+8.5	
spirit (Outstill	29,92,486 3,15,613	32,59,9 62 3,34,325	+ 8·9 + 5·9	50,053 M ds.	53,244 Mds.	+ 6.4	
Opium	24,01,027 27,20,140	24,54,877 26,99,767	+2.2	2,164 4,797	2,189 4,844	+1.2	

The consumption of distillery spirit, country rum, and ganja has risen during the year to a greater extent than the revenue, and the incidence of taxation on these articles was therefore lighter than in 1898-99. As the Board remark, although both consumption and revenue are progressive under normal conditions, they do not rise in the same proportion owing to the fluctuating nature of the license fees which are generally determined by auction.

					REVENUE.			1899-1900, con 1898	MPARED WITH -99.
ARTICLES OF E	XCISK.		1895-96.	1896-97.	1867-98.	1598-99.	1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
l			2	3	4	5	6	7	- 8
			Ra.	Ito.	Rs	Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	Re.
Country spirit	***	***	59,11,840	60,80,461	55,81,012	•60,97,801	65,13,739	4,15,938	***
Rum	***		4,66,296	4,18,780	4,14,665	8,15,613	8,34,825	18,712	601
mported liquora	417		2,47,995	2,94,420	2,91,685	8,06,350	3,11,863	5,018	># 6
Beer	407	400	485	507	726	5,449	5,153		296
ari	***	440	10,24,031	10,10,481	10,14,265	10,28,219	10, 14,663	16,444	+0+
achwai			4,89,284	4,48,481	3,70,843	4,46,441	4,89,873	43,432	***
haras	9 0 4	• 0.0	17,985	19,591	19,932	22,058	23,625	1,567	***
lidhi, sabsi or bhan	g	994	59,498	65,564	64,083	•67,239	65,164	***	2,075
dajum	001		1,710	1,495	1,482	1,493	1,658	65	
Madak	441	4.0	77,832	***	***		141	***	***
Chandu	43+		30,360			4.00	***	***	-41
pirits used in arts	417		1,097	812	126	•392	1,415	1,093	4 5 0
lanja		***	26,80,819	27,31,522	26,57,452	*27,20,140	26,99,767	***	20,373
pium		***	28,65,129	23,25,603	23,18,598	*24,01,027	24,54,577	58,850	101
liscellancous	8 ± 6		18,844	17,862	13,240	•15,188	20,462	5,321	
T	otal	•••	1,38,77,705	1,84,10,579	1,27,48,059	1,34,27,290	1,80,65,981	5,61,438	22,74
				1	,A		Not incre	eare 5,38	,694

The revenue shows an increase under all the heads except Beer, Sidhi and Ganja. Country spirits continue to bring in the largest revenue (46.7 per cent.) followed by Hemp Drugs (206), Opium (18.2), Tari (7.4), Pachwai (2.8), and Rum (2.1). This order is the same as that of the preceding year. The

fluctuations under each separate head are discussed in detail below.

7. Current Settlements.— The settlements for the current year, as made up to the end of May last, show an increase of Rs. 4,37,151 as compared with the previous year, and this has been shared by all the divisions in the Province, except Chota Nagpur. The most marked increase occurred in the Patna Division (Rs. 1,81,385), followed by the Burdwan (Rs. 78,674), Rajshahi (Rs. 77,255) and Presidency (Rs. 58,349), Divisions. The decrease in Chota Nagpur (Rs. 52,825) is ascribed chiefly to the non-settlement of outstills in Palamau and Ranchi and the reduction of fees of shops in Hazaribach, caused by the searcity of feed the reduction of fees of shops in Hazaribagh, caused by the scarcity of food grains and the poor outturn of the mahua crop. The improvement elsewhere is undoubtedly owing to the cessation of scarcity and the bountiful harvests of the

8. Country spirit.—Of the total revenue from country spirit, Rs. 32,53,777 was contributed by central distilleries under the three heads of license fees (Rs. 10,83,645), still-head duty (Rs. 21,00,315) and distillery fees (Rs. 69,817), and Rs. 32,59,962 by outstills, the former showing an increase of Rs. 1,48,462, and the latter of Rs. 2,67,476 over the receipts of the previous year. This reverses the order in 1898-99, when the revenue from distillery liquor reverses the order in 1898-99, when the revenue from distillery liquor exceeded the outstill revenue. The number of outstills sanctioned tell from 2,104 in 1898-99 to 2,099 in the year under review, while the number settled rose from 2,076 to 2,096. The number of shops sanctioned for the sale of distillery spirits rose from 1,190 to 1,193, and the number settled from 1,186

to 1,192.

In the Burdwan Division, throughout which, with the exception of certain tracts in Bankura and Midnapore, the central distillery system is in force, there was an increase of Rs. 30,000 in revenue, which was shared by all the districts. Bankura shows an increase of consumption of duty-paid liquor, which is ascribed to the exertions of the special preventive staff; while the system of colouring distillery liquor, which was introduced into the district as an experimental measure, has, it is said, helped to check the smuggling of outstill liquor. There was also a considerable increase in the licit consumption of liquor in Hooghly, and it is remarked that in the Arambagh subdivision of the district, where illicit dealings have been rife, the revenue from distillery liquor has nearly trebled since 894-95. This, however, was due, at least in part, to the reduction in the rate of duty in 1895-96. In parts of the Burdwan district and the whole of Midnapore, where the existing rate of still-head duty appeared to stimulate illicit practices, the duty has been reduced from Rs. 5 and Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 4 and Rs. 3, respectively, since the close of the year. The Presidency Division, where the central distillery system prevails throughout, shows an increase of Rs. 67,633 in revenue, of which Rs. 56,257 were contributed by Calcutta alone. In Murshidabad, where the total incidence of taxation was much higher than in the neighbouring districts, the still-head duty has been reduced during the current year from Rs. 4-6 to Rs. 3. In the Rajshahi Division, with the addition for excise purposes of the districts of Purnea and Maldah throughout which area the outstill system prevails, there was an increase in revenue of Rs. 24,070. The Dacca Division, where the central distillery system is in force, shows a net increase of Rs. 255. Since the close of the year the still-head duty was raised in the Faridpur and Backergunge districts from Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 4, which is the rate prevalent in the rest of the Division. In the Chittagong Division, in which the outstill system is in force and the consumption of spirit is very limited, the revenue rose during the year by Rs. 3,321. The Paina Division, which for excise purposes is taken to include the districts of Monghyr, Bhagalpur, and Hazaribagh, is under the dual system of central distilleries and outstills, i.e., the principal town area is supplied with distillery liquor, whereas outstill liquor is supplied to the rest of the district. The liquor consumed in these districts is ordinarily weak, and there is a large consumption of tari, which is still weaker. This tract yields the largest revenue from country spirits; the amount realised in the past year being Rs. 22,96,006. against Rs. 20,81,267 in 1898-99. An increase of Rs. 5,583 in revenue is returned from the Sonthal Parganas, where the distillery system is in force. This system is also in force in the Orissa Division, with the exception of a portion of the billy tracts of Cuttack along the frontier of the Garhjat States which are under the outstill system. This division shows a slight decrease of Rs. 422. With the exception of a small portion of Hazaribagh and Manbhum, the outstill system is in force throughout the Chota Nagpur Division, which,

excluding Hazaribagh, shows an increase of Rs. 70,759.

9. The Excise Commissioner has appended to his report a statement showing the consumption of outstill and distillery liquor in different districts of the Province, the incidence of taxation per head, and the proportion of revenue brought in by vond licence fees compared with duty. The figures show that the incidence of revenue is no greater in the distillery than in the outstill areas, that there are great inequalities of consumption between distillery districts, between outstill districts, and between the distillery and outstill areas of the same district. In commending this statement to the attention

of district officers the Board write:-

"Thus, Hooghly yielded a revenue on distillery spirit which works out to 2 annas 1 pie per head of the population, whereas its neighbours, Howrah and Burdwan, yielded a total taxation at half the above rate per head. Similarly, the incidence of taxation per head in the distillery area in Patna was more than double that in Gaya and nearly four times that in Saran. The consumption of distillery liquor per 1,000 of the population was by far the largest in Patna. viz., nearly 500 gallons, while it exceeded 300 gallons in Calcutta and Monghyr, and 200 gallons in Gaya and Shahabad. Compared with these figures, the rate of consumption, which was less than 20 gallons per 1,000, in prosperous districts like

Hooghly, Burdwan and the 24-Parganas, appears to be extraordinarily small, but in the last-mentioned districts the distillery system is not confined to thickly populated towns where the bulk of the well-to-do people who pay the drink bill reside. In the outstill areas the incidence of taxation per head was about 11 unuss in Darfeeling, while it was only one pie in Chittagong and Noakhali. The incidence of taxation per head in the distillery area in Midnapore was half of that in the outstill area, while in Bankura the incidence in the distillery area was less than one-eight of that in the outstill area. Considering that the distillery areas include the townships and the more prosperous parts of these districts, it might have been expected that the faxation per head would be higher in the distillery areas than in the outstill areas. A contrary result is due to leakage of revenue by illicit dealings, as is amply shown by the numerous cases yearly brought to light in these two districts."

10. Country rum.—The total quantity of rum which passed into consumption from the distilleries in Sibpur and Sakri, and by importation from Shahjel anpur in the North-Western Provinces and from the distilleries in the Madras Presidency was 5-3,244 gallons London-proof against 50,053 gallons London-proof in 1898-99. And, as a result of this increase, the revenue rose from Rs. 2,92,200 to Rs. 3,10,577. Over three-fifths of the demand is supplied from the Shahjahanpur distillery, while the importation of Madras rum shows a marked decrease, having ceased to be profitable since the enhancement of the duty in Bengal from Rs. 5 to Rs. 6 per gallon. The consumption of rum had reached 101,541 London-proof gallons in 1891-92, when in the following year the duty was raised to Rs. 5, with the result that the consumption dropped to 80,176 gallons. Consumption remained practically stationary with a single exception, till 1897-98 in which year it was 77,979 gallons. On the enhancement of the duty to Rs. 6 in January 1898 it fell to 50,053 gallons, and the recovery during the present year has been inconsiderable. The Board express no decided opinion as to how far the falling off is due to the increase of duty and how far to competition or changes in the taste of consumers. It is, however, noticed that the falling off in rum s coincident with a large increase in the consumption of German white spirit, which is put on the market, not under its own name, but under the more attractive designation of brandy or whisky. Proposals to bring this latter traffic under control are now under the consideration of the Board. The bulk of the trade in rum is carried on through Calcutta, where the quantity imported during the year amounted to 38,676 gross gallons. Excluding the quantity exported to Assam (3,202 gross gallons) and a small quantity of 36 gallons to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the amount consumed in Bengal mufassal direct from Shahjahanpur amounted to 2,236 London-proof gallons.

11. Imported liquor.—The excise revenue from imported liquor, which consists exclusively of fees for wholesale and retail licenses, rose from Rs. 3,06,350 to Rs. 3,11,363. Nearly one-half of the total revenue was collected in Calcutta. The number of wholesale licenses was increased by 5, and that of retail licenses by 20. The changes are ascribed to the ordinary fluctuations of trade.

12. Tari.—The receipts from tari, the revenue from which is derived from license fees, for the sale of both fermented and unfermented tari, advanced from Ra. 10,28,219 to Rs. 10,44,66%, the increase being most marked in the 24-Parganas, followed by Calcutta, Gaya, Shahabad, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr and Cuttack. In Calcutta the revenue has regained its normal condition. As usual, the bulk of the tari revenue was derived from the Patna Division and the districts of Monghyr and Bhagalpur, which contributed between them 63.8 per cent. of the total receipts. Since the close of the year it has been decided to abandon the idea of introducing the tree-tax system, regarding which experiments and enquiries have been made in selected areas in the Province. The result of the enquiries was to show that the prospect of deriving an increased revenue from tari was too doubtful to be allowed any weight in considering whether the system in question should be introduced; and that no advantages were likely to follow from the exercise of a stricter control over the trade in tari which would be commensurate with the evils inseparable from such a measure.

13. Packwai.—The revenue derive I from license fees for sale and homebrewing of pachwai, which includes both the rice-beer that is consumed chiefly in the districts of Western Bengal, and the millet (marua) beer drunk in the Darjeeling Hills rose from Rs. 4,46,441 to Rs. 4,89,878. The districts of Burdwan and Birbhum between them contributed 61.8 per cent. of the entire revenue. The total number of licenses for sale rose from 1,606 to 1,610, and the number of licenses for home-brewing rose from 8,641

Ganja, Ganja is grown under close supervision in a compact area 14. in the district of Rajshahi. The revenue from gauja is derived from license fees and duty, which varies according to quality. The following statement shows the main statistics relating to ganja revenue in the last three years:—

			Licensee sanctioned.	Liconses issued.	Quantity consumed,	Revenue.
1897-98 1898-99 1899-1900	•••	***	No. 2,712 2,711 2,711	No. 2,706 2,699 2,701	Mds. 4,651 4,797 4,844	Rs. 26,57,452 27,20,140 26,99,767

The area of land brought under ganja cultivation during the increased by 1,203 bighas, and the quantity produced by 2,134 maunds. figures are curious. Cultivation and production have increased very largely, and abnormally high prices were realised by cultivators throughout the year; yet the increase in consumption has been nominal, and the revenue has fallen off appreciably. It is explained that the variety of ganja which contains the largest proportion of the narcotic principle, and on which the highest rate of duty is levied, was less grown and less in demand than in the previous year, and that the falling off in its sales was not compensated by the increase in the sales of the cheaper variety. The question of extending the area under ganja cultivation, to which reference was made in last year's Resolution, was discussed during the year under review, and it was decided to slightly extend the area up to a prescribed limit. The quantity exported to the North-Western Provinces was 411 maunds, to Nepal 159 maunds, to Assam 765 maunds, while 325 maunds were distributed between Cooch Bihar, the Garlijat States and other places.

15. Bhang, Majum and Charas.—The license fees and duty on bhang, which is also known under the name of siddhi and sabzi, declined from Rs. 67,239 to Rs. 65,164. The question of raising the duty on bhang came under consideration during the year, owing to the fact that the incidence of taxation derived from license fees largely exceeded the direct taxation. taxation. It was decided that while a general enhancement of the rate of duty was not desirable, it might be useful to introduce different rates of duty in different districts according to the circumstances of each. The rate of duty has accordingly been raised from eight annas to twelve annas a seer in the districts of Burdwan (Sadar and Ranigunge subdivisions), Midnapore, Hooghly, Howrah, Calcutta, and the 24-Parganas with effect from 1st October 1900. The revenue from majum, a sweet preparation of bhang, rose from Rs. 1,493 to Rs. 1,558, and from charas, which is the essence of ganja in its greatest purity and strength, from Rs. 22,058 to Rs. 23,625.

16. Opium—The following statement illustrates the demand for excise

opium during the last three years:-

1897-98 1898-99 1899-1900	•••	****	No. 2,990 3,623 3,653	Mds. 2,086 2,164 2,189	Rs. 23,18,598 24,01,026 24,54,877

The number of permits to licensed druggists to sell opium and its preparations and poppy heads for medicinal purposes, which are included in the number of licenses above, increased by 41, while the number of ordinary licenses for retail sale fell by eleven. It is reported that madak and chandu smokers resort to French Chandernagore, and that illicit dealings are prevalent there.

The effect of the measures adopted in recent years for the prohibition of the sale of preparations of opium used for smoking was examined during the

year. The difficulties put in the way of opium-smoking appear to have resulted in some diminition of the practice which may be expected to be more marked in the future. Experience so far does not point to the expediency of special legislation for the suppression of private opium saloons, but it has been decided, with the approval of the Government of India, that while the present limit of individual possession of the preparation of opium (one tola) might be left undisturbed, the aggregate limit of possession by a party of smokers should be fixed at five tolas.

17. Methylated spirits.—Methylated spirits are either imported by sea or methylated locally. The quantity passed out fell from 65,619 gallons to 54,226, and the revenue from Rs. 4,611 to Rs. 3,758. This heavy fall is ascribed to the restrictions placed by the new rules upon dealers and importers, who are compelled to use caoutchoucine as a denaturalizing agent to prevent the

spirit from being potable.

Offences against the Opium and Excise laws .- The number of arrests for offences against the Excise laws increased from 3,830 to 3,940. The arrest of 2.258 persons was effected by Excise Officers, while arrests by other officers, the majority of whom belong to the Police, numbered 1,682, the percentage of convictions in the cases instituted by Excise Officers being 91.6 against 88.1 in those instituted by the Police. There was a large increase in the number of arrests for illicit distillation and in the number of persons convicted, the figures heing 773 and 709 against 459 and 405 in the previous year. For this increase, the Sonthal l'arganas are mainly responsible. The amount of fines imposed for breaches of the Excise laws and rules was Rs. 74,896, of which Rs. 51,199, or 68'3 per cent., were realised. A sum of Rs. 62,175 was distributed in rewards to Police and Excise officers, and informers against Rs. 58,098

in the previous year.

The low percentage of fines realised, which was commented on by Government in reviewing last year's report, is explained by the Board as being due to the fact that offenders of a certain class, who form by no means an insignificant proportion of the total number, would rather undergo a short term of simple imprisonment than pay the fine imposed in excise cases. Imprisonment however does not imply remission of the fine, and the facts appear to indicate in want of energy on the part of Magistrates and the Police in realizing excise fines. It appears from the Excise Commissioner's report that the class reterred to consists partly of aboriginal tribes who have always made their own liquor and for whom imprisonment has no terrors, and partly of persons arrested for offences which are frequently only technical in their nature, and become a source of oppression in the hands of unscrupulous officers. Regarding the Sonthal Parganas, which supplies the major portion of the former class of offenders, the Board observe that the figures "suggest the inference that the system is susceptible of improvement, and that at present the people are subjected to an excessive degree of harassment and annoyance." The latter class of cases shows, it is satisfactory to observe, a decrease during the year under review. It is to be hoped that it will still further diminish in future, and that the detective branch of the Excise Department will be more successful than at present in laying hands on the principal, that is the profit-making, offenders. The realization of fines, is as the Excise Commissioner observes, not in the hands of the Excise Department, but the selection of cases for prosecution, for which they are largely responsible, is a matter on which realisation of fines must be, to a great extent, dependant.

19. The thanks of Government are due to Mr. K. G. Gupta for his administration of the Department and to the Board for their supervision during the year. The Excise Commissioner expresses his obligations to the District Officers generally, and to some of them in particular, including the Hon'ble Rai Durgagati Banerjee Bahadur, c.i.e., Superintendent of Excise Revenue, Calcutta. The names of the officers specially mentioned by Mr. Gunta will be communicated to the American Department.

by Mr. Gupta will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

E. N. BAKER, Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRELIMINARY FORECAST OF THE WINTER RICE OROP OF BENGAL FOR THE YEAR 1900.

THE following is published for general information

F. A. SLACKE,

The 10th October 1900.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Preliminary forecast of the winter rice crop of Bengal for the year 1900.

Explanatory.—The district returns appended to this forecast report on the state of the crop about the middle of September. In estimating the Provincial outturn, however, I have taken into consideration the rainfall during the latter

part of September.

Character of the season.—The rainfall of the season up to the third week of September has already been described in the preliminary forecast on the bhadoi crops of 1900, which was issued by this Department on the 24th instant. Both in April and May the fall was deficient in the greater part of the Province, the total fall being much below the normal, except in South-West Bengal and in the Chota Nagpur Division, where it was considerably in excess. In June, the fall was normal in the east of the Province, and in other parts, though much interrupted, it was not deficient on the whole. The fall in July was more evenly distributed, and was fairly continuous over the greater part of the Province. The total fall for the month was much above the normal in North and East Bengal, but more or less in defect elsewhere. There was break in the rains in August which greatly retarded the work of transplantation in many districts, especially in South Bihar. The fall in the current month has been general and exceptionally heavy in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisious, where it has injured the prospects of winter rice to some extent.

Area cultivated.—Since the publication of the final forecast of the winter rice crop of 1899, the District Officers of Midnapore, Rajshahi, Dacca, and Champaran have revised their figures for the normal area under this crop, with the result that the Provincial total of the normal area under winter rice now stands at 31,023,000 acres against 31,076,400 acres shown in the final forecast of the preceding year. The area sown with winter rice this year is estimated at 28,883,200 acres against 31,344,700 acres in 1899. The decrease in the area sown is due to the scanty and badly

distributed rainfall in the early part of the season, and also to the drought at the time of transplantation. On the whole, the season has not been altogether favourable for the winter

rice crop.

Character of the crop.—It will be seen from the district returns appended to this note that out of the 45 districts in the Province, only 11 (the 24-Parganas, Khulna, Backergunj, Bhagalpur, the Sonthal Parganas, Angul, Puri, Ranchi, Palamau, Manbhum, and Singhbhum) have returned an outturn of 100 per cent. or over. In nine, the outturn is estimated at between 90 and 100 per cent., in ten others between 80 and 90 per cent., while in all the rest, except Gaya, the estimate varies between 50 and 80 per cent. Gaya with 49 per cent. shows the poorest outturn of all.

Outturn.—According to the estimates made by the District Officers, the outturn of the winter rice crop this year for the Province, as a whole, will amount to 87 per cent. of a normal crop, as compared with 90 per cent. as finally estimated last year. While the recent heavy rains have been beneficial to this crop in most parts of the Province, although the record fall in the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions will no doubt cause partial damage to the aman paddy there, the weather in the month of August was distinctly unseasonable, and I do not feel justified in raising this estimate beyond 88 per cent., although I am aware that the general tendency of the returns is towards an underestimate. An estimate of 88 per cent. corresponds to what was formerly known as a fourteen-anna crop.

G. C. Dutt,

Assistant Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

(Countersigned.)

P. C. LYON,

Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st October 1900.

APPENDIX I. Preliminary Forecast of the Winter Rice Crop of 1900.

1	Bemarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.						The outtorn in the Rampur Hat sub- division has perhape	been overentimated.
10	Remarks by District Officers.	For want of sufficient rain the outturn is ex-	pected to be below the horman.	The increase in area in column sagainst Nativa is due to the fact that some nactors	lands have been brought under cultiration.		The rainfall was deficient and irregular throughout the senson. Some of the pasidy lands have not been cultirated at all, and	produced good crops.
500	Taking 100 topical, independent outburn, independent independent voncent vear's outlane (1990)?	12	1/2 E~	\$	fe	#	125	82
80	Taking 100 to represent the another of the outturn, how much represented the out-	100	105	100	10	80	25.	16
Lo.	Estimated area under winter rice this year (1909) in acres.	431,900	110,000	135,300	168,900	845,900	344,100	555,700
6	Approximate orea under winter rice hast year (1899) in acres.	000°28	128,000	140,000	280,600	920,000	393,300 211,600	008,800
10	Approximate nemal area, under winter rice in acres,	361,600	115,900	120,200	000'603	906,000	203,300 211,600	604,900
*	Total area sstimated to be under culti- vation to acree.	0020,6000	224,000	170 000	254,700	1,944,800	0000006	090,000
60	Total area of auddivision of district to acros.	794,580	276,480	226,290	459,440	1,725,080	709,120	1,121,020
Ç=3	Subdivisions	Badar	Kalma	Ester	Bauigan!	District Total	Sedar Rampter Hås	District Total
-	Durnet.	Burdwan					Phbhum	

11	Remarks by the Records and Agriculture, Bengal.									
10	Remarks by District Officers.	The evanty rainfall accounts for the decrease in area and the small outsurn estimated.		On the whole the area brought under culti-	the outturn is not likely to be good for want of seasonable rain. The difference of the figure in columns 4	and 6 as compared with last year's figures, is due to revised estimates made of the area under cultivation and the normal area.	٠		Owing to the scanty rainfall in the beginning of the rainy season, the transplantation of paddy seedlings was mach retarded at first lissfill going on rigorously in the sadar and visich have benefited by the recent rains. A few thousand acres once are expected to be transplanted. A poor outturn is expected.	
•	Taking 100 to represent the normal outtirm, how some the woll represent the spiritual (1900) \$\frac{1}{2}\$	88	98	10	91	78	99	8	nce.	E
•	Taking 106 to represent for minch the morning the first represented the first outline for the first outline fo	45.65	87	110	190	10	D	101	b.	88
7	watalw rabing area belamited	305,000	405,000	760,000	354,390	280,000	100,000	1,484,360	80.000 100.550 50.000 50.000 60,000	353,000
89	approximate orra and solution of a find or and a find or	355,700	540,700	780,860	846,700	\$30,006	108,000	1,447,900	111,600 100,5:40 80,5:40 60,3:40 65,000	397,408
NO.	Approximate normal area, under winter rice in acrea,	346,600	307,000	717,560	356,700*	\$30,200	118,300	1,412,700	115,800 96,100 77,800 \$1,800 \$2,800	396,360
•	Total area estimated to be under cutiva- tion in serea,	214,000	642,800	1,940,300	440,100°	253,600*	171,600*	2,190,600	176,900 169,140 167,700 69,770 188,000	702,200
50	Total area of subdivision or detrick in acres.	1,229,450	1,677,430	2,095,440	546,380	417,920	228,098	3.272,800	200, Sept. 2016, 580 216, 580 216, 580 216, 580 216, 680	1,057,360
		1:	1	4 4	:	1	ŧ	i	* : * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:
m	Babdivision.	Sadar Vishnapar	District Total	Sadar	Contad	Tamiak	Ghatal	District Total	Sadar Serampore Arambagh Howrah Uhbaria	District Total
1	District.	Bankure		Midnepore					Houghly	

		4	M	4	3	part.		Murahid- a		800	-
Barrant	District Total	100	Kuchtie	Meherpur	Chuadangs	Revegbat	District Total	Stofar Laibagh Jankipar Kandi	District Total	Sadar Jhenida Megens Bungong	District Total
1 1 1 1 1		i	:	:		i		* : * :	11.	• ; ; ; ; ;	<u> </u>
57,539 90,539 90,539 90,539	1,344,640	448,64u*	385,160	404,480	\$79,680°°	273,280	1,789,100	487,230 255,000 250,400 267,030	1,373,440	8678 970 874, 440 577, 040 877, 680 485, 360	1,672,400
2005,700 124,400 8 6,400	1,102,000	362,500	278,400	294,700	167,908	159,200	1,3.3,000	202,300 142,700 214,700 225,300	988,5-0	270, 010 220, 000 171, 500 147, 500 242,000	1,142,000
265,700 11, 2,100 145,500	743,750	007,130	\$6,600	22,800	10,300	11,300	132,400	67,000 46,500 27,40 133,600	877,100	152,300 63, 460 82, 460 129, 460	364,300
200,000 145,000 200,000	820,500	65,800	28,000	15,600	\$0,000	10,960	140,300	60,10+ 48,200 24,100 163,300	250,700	138,000 44,100 78,000 128, 1990 10,000	001'64
204,100 117,100 145,000 253,000	739,300	000'00	\$3,000	14,600	000'08	11,606	133,600	59,300 48,600 27,600 153,300	0/0/L	340,000 62,11:0 82,000 125,11:0 10:0	483,100
332 5	8	001	8	10	93	8	180	8338	26	82555	8
8388	103	\$	8	*	9	8	55	88 138 37	35	6027	2
Instifficiency of rainfall in the sedar sub- division accounts for the decrease in the total area estimated under winter the the year as compared with last year.		The decrease in the outturn is due to wast of	The difference in the figures for column 5 between the pre-ent a d former printing is	which has been retwasferred to the Chus- dangs subdivision, was till rechoned as part	to be under cultivation in the than, so that	and Chuadanga may be revised, if necessary.		0			

11	Remarks by the Bepartment of Land Records and Agri-						I will ask the Collector to make careful enquiries as to whether the area actually sown this peer have been actually sown this peer.	before the submis- sion of the final forecast.
30	Lemarte by District Officers.	•		The increase is due to the revision of the normal area by the Subdivisional Offices of	Nator. + Last year's figurances a mistake. The decrease in the area sown and in outturn his year is due to the meant of timely sein.	and flood.	Early transplanted rice was damaged by excessive rainfall in July. During the first three weeks of August the morseon failed and transplantation was much impeded. Hence the outturn is not likely to exceed 75 per cent.	
	The source of th	98.61	103	100	76	82	2 2	R
80)	Taking 100 to represent the normal cutture, how much represented the fourtrum last year (1880) ?	118	113	110	3	108	# #	83
Į»	verse ni (0061) rasy sidi oola zerse ni (0061) rasy sidi oola	229,000 201,000 224,000	003,600	172,300	300,000	672,300	897,300	1,115,300
•	Approximate area under winter rice last year (1886) in acres.	228,600 2715,040 25,400 25,400	067,000	200,000 183,400	207,600	091,000	816,100	1,115,500
ii)	Approximate norms area, under vice in series,	224,800 1199,200 224,000	658,100	197,400	307,600	697,000	218,100	1,115,300
•	Total area setimated to be under cultiva- tion in acrea.	001,772 001,772	870,000	3e0,000 462,109	420,900+	1,262,100	37,460	1,687,640
••	Total area of subdivision or district in acrea.	1,006,536 814,643 962,523 817,440	8,103,942	681.760	E87,760	1,663,040	1,971,300	£,526,08a
	But-direllon.	Sathira Area of boundary the Sundarbane for the Sundarbane in this district.	District Total	Sader	Nampton	District Total	Sadar m Thakurpon	District Total
99	Distract.	Ehulps		Rejebshi			Disafper	

4		Derjoeling 83	đ ấổ		MAN TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	Q	M === M		Pabus Sa	10	Daces III	Di
Alipur (Dears)	District Total	Sadar (including Kalimpong).	Siligari	District Total	Sadar Kurigram Gaibanda Nijbanari	District Total	Whole district		Bodar Sirajganj	District Total	Sedar Hanikgan Munshigan Narayangan	District Total
000,477,000 000,428 000,428	1,904,610		161,920	744,960	730,240 879, GW 469, 400 414,720	8,231,040	869,780		864,480 618,480	1,176,960	810,240 812,660 847,040 410,240	1,780,480
667,300	1,075,000	0.0,0.0	13.700 69,000	148,000	48° ,890 465,200 871,260 275,800	1,602,700	000'000		429, 500 429, 500	662,300	\$78.409 250, son 197,5n0 267,200	1,213,500
148,800	451,500	11,400	S2,706	64,900	379,600 \$15,000 \$2,500	926,200	203,000		405,300 \$10,800	616,000	295, and 214, sec 68, 590 128, 300	635,600
313, 400 150, 200	463,600	11,580	S2,706 43,000	54,500	234,600 234,600 215,640 91,000	840,50n	400,000		408,000 236,200	641,100	205.000 202.200 62,000 75,000	566,900
100,290 100,290	317,600	11,800	this Subdivision.	43,500	254.600 254.500 80-1,-190 90,000	818,800	320,000		405,000 236,000	641,000	2255, 000 9-15, 1900 02, 1900 15, 1900	615,800
28	87	100	ion. 117	118	107	107	106		125	112	100	100
E3	19	100	3	100	78	7.6	8.5		800	8	100 100 100	8
The area cultivated and the outpurp expected are much below the normal owing to the want of seasonable rain. A prolonged "break" in August po-rented transplants, the seedlings already transplanted,	2		The rain has been insufficient.		The decrease in the area transplanted is due to went of rain. The crop has been damaged by drought in places.		Some high lands could not be transplanted	for want of sufficient rain. The decrease in the outturn is also due to the same cause.	high crop erop water	(2) its as saiden fall, and (3) subsequent scanty rainfall. If scoot rain falls from now, the prospects may improve.	* The difference is due to the revision of the normal area under each crop.	

11	Bewarts by the Department of Land Receives and Agriculture, Bengal.					I will ask the Colliciant to enquire whether the normal when the premise of the property of the colliciant of the collic	this year and last before he submits his final forecast,
10	Lemarks by District Officers.	The crop suffered owing to the heavy rain at the time of transcious and want of sufficient rain ister on, bence the outlura is estimated as below the normal.		For wark of sufficient rain and flood water, the crops on the high land have withered and those on low lands have not thrived well.		pod man des	
۵	Taking 100 to represent the much morem of the pear's will represent this year's such (1900)?	88228	2	282	61	106	105
40	Taking 100 to represent the normal outcome, in your much represented the outtimn has year (1999) ?	100 112 900 110	8	95.59	8	108	105
po.	Tallunfod area under winter. serion al (9001) two unfinorit	250, 560 100, 600 126, 500 314, 900 205,000	1,659,000	25.2.20 25.2.20 26.00 26	535,500	SES, (II) STANGED OF STANGED OF S	1,100,000
•	Approximate area under violative (1800) winder rios last year (1800) in seres.	\$50,500 161,000 13,000 \$14,000 \$06,000	1,000,510	248, field 87,704 3022, 400	628,100	2528, 000 3 mr., 0410 2736, 000 2 mr., 0410	1,100,000
	Approximate normal seves, under winter rice in seves,	266,700 172,000 172,000 273,100 265,000	1,011,500	\$50,100 \$7,770 \$32,890	559,690	200,000 200,400 200,400 200,000	1,100,000
•	Total area spinsted to be under cuiti- vation in sarea.	667, 060 274,500 264,100 627,200 633,000	2,406,700	255, 390 2015, 400 436, 880	1,007,500	454,000 255,000 355,000 255,000	2,409,000
•	Total area of subdivision or or elettric in acros.	1,185,960 647,44U 647,54P 872,460 679,040	4,052,480	566,400 873,920 500,100	1,460,480	711.040 777,410 442,610 598,600	2,335,360
•	€ abdivision.	Sadar Neirakona Nichoranaj Jamaipur Tangail	District Total	Seatundo	District Total	Badar Fatuakhali Putopur Pakhin Shahban	District Total
5	Descaror.	- dan		Bridge		Backer.	

		I will ask the Collec- tor to enquire further whether the normal	area was actually sown both last year and this, and whether the cuttum of these	year has been exact- y and lar, before he submits his final report.					
The expectative has been revised this year after special requiring. The decrease both in the area own and in the cutturn is due to the area own for the rains and the subsidence of the rains and the subsidence.	823 8			Rainfall has been sensity this year, and catified leases has been very prevalent; as a result, the full normal area has no been continued. No rain has fallen now for a long tume, and if heavy rain dues not fall				Owing to the abnormally short rainfall in July and August, ironoplantation was everywhere defined and over a large area, even the seedlines had drived up. Figures collected from various parts of the district show that little nore fram half the normal area has been about and the laterates of the seedless of the contrast.	the sowings will affect the outturn.
222	8	100	60 10°	8	8	1888	25	3385	9
252	18	. 88	22	011	110	2283	98	6883	g
200,000 192,000	777,200	141,400	998,900	90,000	480,000	122,000 4,000 75,000 75,000	241,000	248,000 135,000 207,610 150,000	740,000
260,000 182,000	835,300	425,570	\$66,900	966,000	402.000	114,600 4,100 65,300	388,900	408, nh 370, nh 270, nh 810, nh	1,286,000
200,000 192,000	775,890	405,500 141,400	666,900	85,400	487,600	128,500 67,150 67,530 67,530	415,200	\$65,890 \$71,400 \$00,600 \$41,900	1,518,570
547,800 375,000 365,000	1,188,400	178,800	818,800	418,900 90,08	506,900	883,800	882,500	\$17,900 469,900 321,900 478,100	8,207,500
250,000 482,100 371,840	1,694,890	630,720 323,050	1,062,900	1,027,150	1,004,70	1,358,660	1,332,580	1,819,200 611,24-0 887,840 797,440	8,015,680
11:	1 1	1 1	1	* ;	1 1	::;:1	i	1 1 1 1	
Brahmanbaria Chandper	District Total	Sadar	District Total	Con's Busine	District Total	Sadar Diuapore Barh Sibar	District Total	Sadar Nawada Jehanshad Aurangabad	District Total
Zipett.		Noakbali		Obittagong		į			

	Derroot	Ebulantad		ered t		Ohemberran		
N .	Subdivision.	Annah Santan San	Printmot Total	Seday Servan Gopulgraf	District Total	Sadar	Bettlah	District Total
20	Tetal arm of publician or diffict to some	851, 760 425, 560 935, 720 532, 140	20 W.	675, 767 870, 648 607, 580	1,690,067	971,530	1,265,320	2,239,840
•	Tern lares cettin a'n, to be inder cuttined in acrea.	487,400 841,100 664,410 470,000	1,811,8.9	807,580 460,000 877,000	1,362,500	225,900	070,220	1,364,000
40	Approximate normal area. Ander winter rice in sores,	227,5 us 237,5 us 237,5 us 237,5 us 237,5 us 237,5 us 237,5 us 5 us 237,5 u	1.229, INV	14.300 170,000 81,000	408,410	257,000	203,000	650,000
60	friproximate area under winter rice last year (1999)	325,000 139,500 335,000 313,830	1,184 100	17.970 000,472 000,128	3:8,300	250,000	278,000	828,000
\$ to 1	Estimated sress values order winter recession of (1900) jummers.	243,700 177,000 275,000 116,000	E04,719	177.400 129.000 61,093	254,000	225,000	\$45,000	ARE IN
ශරී	ori invidence of the second of the second control of the second of the second of (400) and the second	2223	20	222	168	8	g	8
O)	Taking 100 to represent the four sour sour sour sour sour sour sour s	# 5 3 to	25	858	59	100	8	8
1.9	Remarks by District Officers.	The falling off both in gree and outlern this year is due to the want of timely rain.		Iosuficient and capricious rainfill retarded transplantision, and reduced the planned area from the planned of the poreal ages has been planted, and he near each act that the that the that the that he has the pares with even with even and and active the time.	Faing this the outton now estimated will be much reduced,	The figure is column 8 have been reviced	earthily according to the seitlements provide. Provide to drought in August, transplants. It was imposible on anne hands. Elements the de-reason in see. The effect of frought in the critical in column 9 may be respect, but not in column 9.	falls up to the end of September.
=	E-marks by the Depticuent of land Records and Agriculture, Empl.							

The deficiency in the avea sown and the outing as concared with the normalia	attributable to'msuffic.ent rain.	The rainful! in the Sadar subdivision has not been altogether favourable.		The reinfall in rests of the Sadar and Jamii subdivisions has been samy, hence the ont. There has been sufficient and seasonable rain in the Begusers subdivision.		The rainfall has been favourable up to date.		The decrease in the area cown and in the estimated outturn this rear is due to confinuted drought during the month of August.	
8	3	25 20 30	16	853	23	125.00	130	25.00	9
25.5	98	8 15 10 8 10 10	8	60 S 30	08	11.00	8	300	26
105.400 94,600 \$03.570	\$32,800	375,000 125,000 850,000	1,050,000	210,700 14,700 884,330	289,700	255,000 527,400 518,200 188,200	1.291,400	175,600	008*28\$
237,000 255,100 421,900	764.930	375,000	1,102,000	231,710 16,3 to 364,334	597,300	250,000 251, 500 318, 500 195, 200	1,331,400	201,000 2×1,300 115,800	596,700
\$16,000 105,190 337,500	GS, Ghi	\$75,000 161,900 651,700	1.122,500	263, 100 14,740 563, 800	613,600	230,000 527.100 212,000 202,000	1,588.500	249 Em 281.2 4: 115,650	645,900
- 626,940 379,240 543,270	1,255,00	000,400 000,400 834,600	1,-80,700	68.8.800 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	1,682,900	464,000 585,000 575,000 447,000	00","160"3	790,000 553,400 263,400	1,639,807
789,1%6 510,896 630,174	1,54,151	752,060 455,86:1	2,135,400	907, 00 4.2,16. 1,018,520	2,500,440	2867,700 786,430 788,430 785,760	2,704,640	1,665,440 ks1,4 to 688,640	3,105,520
Bader Haftror Sitamarki	Dietrict Total	Semastipur Madhulani	District Total	Sedar Beginstral	District Total	Safar Sanka Manka Madhigura Sugaul	District Total	Sedar Lishapganj Azala	District Total
Munifer Pour.		Darbhanga		Monghyr	- Care	Bhagalpur	5	Purnes	

Tigo 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			500,500	181,900 62,100 74,300 201,200 201,200	884,400	\$41,100 250,400 25,000	916,600 1	346,100	006,846
es fast grantino faminara (1988) any fast grantino faminara fast grantino of the famina famina fast grantino of the faminary faminary faminary faminary forms work grantino faminary forms work grantino faminary faminary forms forms for faminary fa	_	winter rice last year (1699)					1,002,500 1,002,100	861,400 300,800 862,000	652,800 652,800
The decrease hoth in transplantation. The approximate norm of the following the man of rain. The soft chain has benefits the first may be post in the final report paddy already transpaddy already favourable. The absence of seasonat latter half of July has of outling this month and dependently the farmer of outling this month and arrease in area.		dougn work, arminion legion from the second representation of 16881 year (1688) year (1688) of the second s	300	117 81 100 87 100 100	101	38 200 25 25	98	1500 7.6	111 80
Becarits by the Berarits by the Berarits by the Berarits and Arma Records and Arma Subdivious Officer de that any futther rated will be shown The prompets to be planted appear to be planted appear to be blow the normal, but the month of October.	10	Remarks by District Officere.	b is sees and outgern ent rainfull at the time	The approximate normal area has not been sown in the Godds and Jamans and invisions for want of rain. The Subdivisional Office of Godds has reported that any further lands that may be parted will be shown in the fant report. The prospects of the paddy already transplanted appear to be very favourable.		The absence of seasonable rainfall during the latter half of July has reduced the estimate of outstarn a little below the normal, but want much now depends upon the rainfall	authrest the month and the month of October.	The increase in sres is due to seasonsble rain at the time of mowing, but the degreese	floods.

		-	has be	The Deputy Com- missioner should have entered his own estimate in the return. I will		enguire further as to the actual area sown both this year and last year before ant.	of their				
The normal area has been cropped this year on account of easonable rain, and the crop is expected to yield a full outturn.		The crop is so far doing, well and if there he	middle of November, it will yield a good outturn.	In my opinion this estimate is below the mark.		The season is favourable and a good crop is		The increase in area and outturn is due to			
100	100	100	140	\$ 32	88	160	12.5	100	104	100	87
2 8	388	325	88	2 3	9#	\$	110	901	100	8	8
75,000	125,000	321,400*	400,400	666,000	1,114,000	1,491,700	236.900	593,700 209,640	803,300	315,000	28,553,340
30,000	93,300	315,000	495, Brio	666,000	1,114,600	1,401,700	230,000	750,000	940,000	315,000	31,344,700 2
50,000	124,600	314,200	405,700	966,000	1,114,600	1,421,700	277,900	76,500	945,500	315,000	31,023,000 3
160,000	260,1000	460, 903 351,540	812.900	1,689,300	2,479,500	2,668,300	768,000	300,700	1,419,900	758,700	57,352,600 3
512,000	1,075,840	B79,260 6(3,520	1,542,720	3,210,880	4,493,540	4,500,600	3,139,200	2,140,163 513,920	2,651,050	2,52:,019	95,435,994
1 1	:	::	1	1 1	:	:	:	1 1	1	:	
K bondmaly	District Total	Sadar Khurda	District Total	Sadar Giridib	District Total	Whole district	Whole district		District Total	Whole district	Grand Total
		Peri		Haxari. Oagh.		Penchi	Palamen	Manbhum		Singhbhum	

APPENDIX II.
Statement of Rainfall from May to September 1900.

	Max	1900.	Jun	R 1900.	Jour	r 1900,	AUGU	r 1900.		MBER 00.
DIVISION AND DISTRICT.	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.	Northal average.	Actual rainfall.	Normal average.	Actual minfall,	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.
1	3	3	4	Б	6	7	8	9	10	11
Burdwan Birbhum Backura Midnupore Hooghly Howrah	Inches, 5'02 4'10 4'80 5'29 5'46	Inches, 6°10 4°68 4°42 6°68 1°76 4°17	Inches. 9:21 10:73 10:44 9:80 9:70 10:24	Inches 7'08 6'80 6'07 7'61 8'65 9'94	Inches. 12:01 12:71 12:07 12:42 12:02 11:96	Inches, 7:14 9:50 5 69 9:40 6:79 4:86	Inches, 11°65 12°00 12°42 13°18 12°46 12°20	Inches, 10 67 804 806 18:39 18:37 18:10	Inches.	Inches
Nadis Nadis Nadis Dad. Jessore	5145 6140 5187	5 13 6:17 2:17	10'62 0'72 9'60	11:09 8:82 9:29	12:53 10:50 11:11	12:22 7:89 13:70	13:21 11:29 10:11	17°21 7°87 7°26		
Khulna	7°06 6'40	7°84	11'20 12'65	11'85 13'20	10:41 13:83	11.63 15.03	10.75 11.78	9.27		
Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri Durpeding Ramgnur Bograt Pabna	6·20 5·88 12°27 11·38 11·07 7·94 7·75	2:08 6:05 11:04 7:31 p:96 4:16 3:64	10:06 12:80 25:56 87:22 10:51 12:40 10:85	11'90 18'99 18'27 22'85 22'60 29'06 15'29	11*72 13:03 28:08 35:47 15:23 12:57 11:13	12°94 10°00 27°78 37°01 23°19 10°54 15°53	10:43 11:61 23:49 27:98 12:03 11:53 11:17	7.53 8.78 9.73 18.95 6.11 6.12	1	
Dacea Mymen.	9°65 11°05	6°37 7 70	12.72 17.01	11'84	18:46 10:17	13·23 23·20	12'64 14'88	10:40	1	
singh. Paridpur Bucker. gunge.	8*50 8*10	6'28	12.25	8*00 i	11:85 18:65	11'71 20'51	11'51	10.08		
Tippera Nonkhali Chiltagong	10°32 10°93 11°54	5°04 6°64 7°35	14'05 21'54 22'51	16*75 31*84 27*81	12'97 24'66 25'38	10°92 25°64 20°23	12 85 24 00 21 18	19°40 13'85	!	
Paina Gaya Shahabad Saran Chaoparan Muzafarpur Darbhanga	2°00 1°45 1°03 1°77 2°66 2°23 8°68	1°55 0°59 0°96 1°34 2°22 1°25 1°05	0.98 5.60 5.47 6.94 10.15 7.46 7.41	0:72 7:69 3:98 5:79 0:95	12:30 12:11 11:00 12:14 13:76 12:30 12:47	8:85 6:87 9:12 10:31 11:25 12:43 12:70	11°27 84°11 82°21 82°21 11°26 11°26	7:46 7:15 8:65 6:59 7:48		
Monghyr Bhagalpur Purion Malda Southal. Pargamas.	3.00 3.01 9.00 4.00 2.00	1142 8138 6135 3166 8127	6791 8761 13708 9773 8775	11:85 16:96 17:77 16:10 9:71	18:22 13:12 17:72 13:40 13:17	13:61 16:15 25:41 14:62 18:23	11:88 11:68 15:78 11:18 11:89	9°86 8°53 7°07 7°50 8°40		
Cuttack Enlasore Puri	4°87 5°12 3°35	3'97 5'80 3'03	9-99 8-97 8-36	6°73 8°33 8°01	11'77 12 69 10'94	12:71 13:13 7:72	12:34 11:50 12:08	21:88 20:17 20:97		
Hazaribagh Ranchi Palaman Manbhum Singhbhum	2.71 2.81 1.28 3.13 3.69	1.32 2.10 0.94 2.51 4.58	7.58 8.11 6.44 8.93 9.18	8:36 8:21 7:28 6:82	14:36 13:63 14:15 13:57 13:57	9:30 8:30 9:03	13:45 13:67 14:05 18:25 18:41	11.98 13.69 11.87 16.58	•	

APPENDIX III.

Abstract Statement of Estimated Acreage and Outturn of the Winter Rice Crop, 1900.

	}			ACREAGE.						OUT	OUTTUBE IN CUT.			
PROVINCE.	cers, a crop.	ent's erop.	or test aria	salboorna zis	Percentage exceeds (\$+7	which column 2 or falls short area in—	inerrue to bl	Tiona year, n column 3.	anibered at	antheory x (seet of see	Percentage excreds of (-)	4 + 0	which column 9 or falls short itturn in—
	Of current	garolverid 10	Average of figs.	Average et	Column 3,	Column &	Column 5.	Fatt a fed yield a feat and a feat and a feat and a feat a	ord to blei'f i asta loe.;	Average of fig. 1	in to ognieva I , alv) sinez	.01 mm#fo()	tt mmnlot)	'St amulo'.
	91	65	4	40	\$	Į-u	×	da .	10	11	139	07	15	10
9 4		98,883,300 31,344,700	30,589,100	30,857,300	2.62	643	01-9-	280,109,100	280,109,100 310,888,200 295,323,900 303,474,800	295,323,900	302,474,800	00.6-	45.	\$ 1.00

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE STATIONERY DEPARTMENT FOR 1899-1900.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.-MISCELLANEOUS.

Dated Darjeeling, the 9th October 1900.

RESOLUTION-No. 1618T.-F.

READ-

Letter No. 790B., dated the 19th September 1900, from the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, submitting the Report on the Administration of the Stationery Department for the year 1899 1900.

THE following statement compares the value of the stocks, receipts, and issues of the Stationery Office for the past two years:—

	1898-99.	1899-1900.
Value of stores at the beginning of	Rs.	Rs.
Loss (—) by revaluing the opening	7,17,254	7,00,633
balance at the issue rate of the	-24,364	-46,813
Corrected value of stores Value of stores received during the	6,92,890	6,53,820
	7,84,250	29,19,518
Total 3	4,77,140	35,73,338
Value of stores issued during the year 2	8,32,062	29,69,536
Gain (+) by valuing the stores in stock at the close of the years	6,45,078	6,03,802
1898-99 and 1899-1900 at the	+ 55,555	+28,605
Corrected value of stores at the close of the year	7,00,633	6,32,407

2. Compared with the figures of 1898-99, there was an increase of Rs. 1,35,268 and Rs. 1,37,474 in the value of stores received and issued during the year, but that of stores in stock at the close of the year fell off by Rs. 68,226. The advance in the receipts was mainly due to an increase of Rs. 35,807 in the value of imported stores and of Rs. 82,317 in that of paper purchased from the Indian mills. The increase in the value of imported stores is attributed partly to the heavier demands of some of the indenting officers and partly to the arrival from England of white and coloured printing papers, which were indented for with a view to the comparison of price and quality of Indian papers of similar description. The rise in the value of paper locally purchased was mainly due to an increase in the demands of the Presses under the Government of India, the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab, Assam and Burma, the Postal Press at Aligarh, and the State Railways.

3. The issues to Local Governments, including Vernacular Departments, show a decrease of Rs. 19,238. This was due to smaller supplies to Bengal and the Central Provinces. All the other provinces show an increase. The largest increase, amounting to Rs. 77,509, took place in Burma. There was a net increase of Rs. 1,12,856 in the value of stationery used by officers and departments of the Government of India. The issues to the State Railways rose by Rs. 55,378. The fluctuations will, as usual, be explained in the reports on the consumption of stationery, which the Superintendent of Stationery submits to the several Local Governments and Administrations and to the Government of India.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with satisfaction that the stock at the close of the year has been further reduced, and that that of countrymade articles was less than one month's consumption.

5. The supply of water marked paper issued for use with adhesive courtfee stamps fell off by 3,969 reams, and its value by Rs. 12,703. A decrease

occurred everywhere except in Assam and the Panjab.

6. The income of the Stationery Department fell off by Rs. 290, while the expenditure rose by Rs. 10,681. The advance in the expenditure is mainly attributable to an increase under the heads "Establishment," "Packing cases," "Freight," and "Landing and shipping charges." The increase in the cost of establishment was chiefly due to the employment of additional temporary hands during the year, while that under the other heads was caused by heavy despatches of stationery to Survey and Settlement Officers, to officers on famine relief works, to State Railways, and to the Presses in Burma and

Upper India.

7. The total value of the different articles of stationery issued, exclusive deficiencies in stock-taking and miscellaneous adjustments, rose by Rs. 1,39,566. The increase is mainly attributable to increased demands from the various Government Presses and State Railways for writing and printing papers; of the Survey and Settlement, Postal, and Telegraph Departments, the State Railways, and the officers on famine relief works for lithographic, carbonic, papyrographic and other kinds of papers; of the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, and State Railways for blank books; and of indenting officers generally and of Staff Officers in connection with the mobilisation scheme for type-writers and their accessories, cyclostyles and materials, press-

copying books, &c.
8. The supply of papers to the various Government Presses shows a decline of Rs. 374. There was, however, an increase of Rs. 58,130 in the consumption of the Government of India Presses, of Rs. 3,380 in the Punjab, of Rs. 5,154 in Assam, and of Rs. 52,038 in Burma. The supply to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh fell off in quantity, but the value rose by Rs. 1,206, in consequence of more expensive paper being used. In Bengal, there was a decrease of 12,425 reams valued at Rs. 75,714. This decline, which is said to be partly due to the fact that a large quantity of paper had been drawn by the Superintendent of Government Printing, Bengal, in 1898-99 to work off the arrears which had accumulated at the Presidency Jail Press, will be explained by the Superintendent of Stationery in his report on the consumption of stationery and printed forms in Bengal. The other Presses are not under his

9. Comparison of the prices of European and country-made papers shows a difference in favour of the former on the stock obtained during the year, amounting to Rs. 86,233. In the case of eight out of eleven kinds of paper, the country-made erticle is considerably more expensive than that made in England, and in only one variety is there a large margin in favour of Indian paper. The Superintendent has submitted an alternative statement showing that if all the charges incidental to the landing, storage, and despatch of English papers to distant places up-country were taken into account, a net saving, amounting to Rs. 47,721, has been effected by obtaining the entire stock locally instead of from England. It is noticeable, however, that even including incidental charges, the use of country made, in preference to English, paper results in a loss of Rs. 61,846 on six out of the eleven varieties, and that almost the whole of the counterbalancing gain on the remaining five kinds is obtained on the single variety referred to above. In the absence of quotations and samples from England, which could not be obtained for want of time, contracts have been entered into with the local mills for the supply of the current year's requirements, leaving a small margin to be obtained from England should the English prices prove favourable. The Director-General of Stores has been written to for samples and prices of all kinds of paper for a three years' contract, and the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that on arrival of these samples the question of the future supply will be placed on a satisfactory basis.

10. The system of supplying newspapers and books through the Stationery Office continues to work well. The total payment on account of newspapers,

&c, amounted to Rs. 1,04,593 against Rs. 1,32,649 in 1898-99. The decrease is said to be due to the fact that in the previous year, under new arrangements, payment for foreign periodicals had to be made for two years, viz., 1897-98 and 898-99, while in the year under review payment for that year only had to be made.

The receipts of standard and special forms fell of by 22,527,241, while the issues rose by 1,090,534. The receipts in 1898-99 were considerably augmented by the receipt from the Press of certain forms which were due in 1897-98 and of over seven millions of High Court forms, which were not due until 1899-1900, and to this is mainly to be attributed the decrease in the year under review. The increase in issues was due to the larger demands of the indenting officers. The details of the work of the Form Branch, will, as usual, be furnished in the report on the consumption of stationery in Bengal, and will be reviewed when that report is received.

12. The receipts and charges of the Form Branch amounted to Rs. 40,616 and Rs. 44,895 against Rs. 35,385 and Rs. 47,470 in the previous year. The advance in the receipts was mainly due to the larger demands for forms by local funds in Bengal and Assam and to the sale of a larger number of service books and forms to the public in those Frovinces. The falling off in the charges

is attributable to reduced expenditure under the head "Contingencies."

13. The office of the Superintendent of Stationery was held by Mr. A. H. Gayer throughout the year, except for three months, when Mr. H. B. St. Leger The Lieutenant-Governor notices with satisfaction the Board's acted for him. fevourable report on the work of these officers.

ORDER. -Ordered that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Board

of Revenue, Lower Provinces; for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy of the Resolution, with a copy of the Report, be submitted to the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Superin-

tendent of Government Printing, Bengal, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

E. N BAKER. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

LIBERALITY OF RAJA JYOTI PRASAD GORGA OF MOISADAL.

No. 1959T.M., dated Darjeeling, the 8th October 1900.

From—E. N. Baker, Esq., c.s.t., Seoy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Municipal Dept., To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your memorandum No. 269J.G., dated the 22nd September 1900, forwarding a copy of a letter from the Magistrate of Midnapore, in which he reports that Raja Jyoti Prasad Gorga, of Moisadal, has offered a sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the construction of an operating theatre for the Midnapore hospital, in order to perpetuate the occasion of the Lieutenant-Governor's recent visit to Midnapore, and has expressed the desire that the operating theatre be called "The Woodburn Operating Theatre" after His Honour's name.

2. In reply, I am directed to request that the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor may be conveyed to the Raja for his public spirit and liberality. As there is no medical school at Midnapore, it would be a misnomer to use the term "operating theatre." It would be more suitable to style it an "operating room." With this modification I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor has no objection to the Raja's request as to naming the room being complied with. A tablet might be put up in the room recording the fact that it was constructed in commemoration of the Lieutenant-Governor's visit to Midnapore. The plan of the new operating room should be submitted to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals for approval before the work is commenced.

3. I am to say that this letter will be published in the Calcutta Gazette.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 15th October, 1900.

Burdwan.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.06, Kalna 0.37, Katwa 0.56, Raniganj 0.99. Weather seasonable. Threshing of aux continues. Sowing of kalai commenced. Prospects of standing crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling as follows:—

Sadar				Srs.	
Kalna	10-0	0.00	-0.00	12	
Katwa		900	949	10,5	
Raniganj	***	***	***	12	per zupee.
Berri		0.00		13	

Birbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 1-17, Rampur Hat 0-70. Weather fine. Standing crops doing well. Price of rice at Sadar 12 seers and at Rampur Hat 13 seems per rupes.

Standing crops doing well. Fodder sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice at Bankura 12; seers and at Vishnupur 11; seers per rupee.

Mithrapore.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.77, Contai 1.38, Tamluk 0.23. Weather hot at Sadar; fair at Contai; sultry at Tamluk. Portions of Tamluk and Contai still under water. Fedder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Rice sells as follows:—

Sadar			Bra.	
Contai	100	* 9.0	 12)
Tamluk	***		 13	per rupee.
Chatal report not received.	•••	•••	 108	3

Hooghly.—Rainfall at Sadar '15, Serampore '44, Arambagh '07. Aus damaged. Prospects of aman poor. Sugarcane good. Common rice sells at 101 seers per rupee.

Howrah.—Rainfall at Sadar '48, Ulubaria '22. Weather hot. Paddy in many places still under water. Extent of damage under enquiry. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 91 seers per rupee.

Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are improved in higher places, but in low lauds the destruction of crops is complete. The estimated outturn of the winter rice crop is 8 annas. Aman in low lands is generally destroyed, but on higher lands 10 to 16 annas is expected. Harvesting of aus and steeping and washing of jute going on. Cattle-disease reported from Barasat and Basirh at sub-divisions. Fodder insufficient in places. Water sufficient.

0.1				Sas.	
Sadar Barasat	***		***	10)
Basirhat	***	440	0.0.0	.11	707.
Diamond Harbour	***	0.00	***	8	per supee.
Plantond Halbour	•••	***		10)

Nadia.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.63, Kushtia 1.08, Meherpur 1.78, Chuadanga 0.35 Ranaghat 0.05. Weather seasonable. Amanand other standing crops generally doing well. Cultivation for rabi going on. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice stationary.

Murshidabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.44, Lalbagh 0.48, Kandi 1.42, Jangipur 1.10. Weather hot. Prospects of aman favourable. Sowing of rabi going on. Cattle-disease reported from thanas Jalangi, Nabagram, Bhagowangola and Sahanagore. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	
Sadar	0.9.4	•••		121	1
Lalbagh	***			13	
Kandi	0 0 0	•••	000	141	per rupee.
Jangipur	***	***	400	13)

Jessore.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.49, Jhenida 0.33, Magura 0.54, Narail 0.54, Bangaon 1.32. Weather sultry with passing clouds. Prospects of standing crops good. Land is being prepared for ratiocops. Aman on low lands, which continued submerged for several days, destroyed; some reviving. Fodder and water sufficient. Cases of cattle-disease reported from the Magura subdivision. Common rice sells as follows:—

					Srs.
Sadar	•••	•••	9 4 4	***	14)
Jhenida		***		# # b	15
Magura	***	***	444		13 per rupee.
Narail	***	* * *		984	13
Bangaon	400		4.04		11 1

Khulna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.11, Bagerhat 0.27, Satkhira 1.14. Weather seasonable. Transplantation of aman over. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

Rajshahi.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.50, Nator .25, Naugaon .29. Prospects of crops good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water plentiful. Common rice sells at 14; seers per rupes.

Dinajpur.—Average rainfall 1.55. Weather fine. More rain wanted. Prospects of aman moderate. Cultivation of rabi going on. No cattle-disease. Rice selling at 14 seers per rupee in town and 13 seers at Thakurgaon.

Jalpaiguri.—Rainfall 30. Weather seasonable. Haimanti paddy growing well. Harvesting of bhadoi finished. Steeping of jute continues. Links are being ploughed for tobacco. Common rice sells at 14 seers per rupes. Fodder and water sufficient.

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Darjeeling 0.32, Kurseong 0.56, Siliguri 0.97, Kalimpong 0.13. Weather seasonable. Hills—Harvesting of jute and bhatai paddy nearly finished; hara marua, aman paddy, kalai and phapor doing well. Terai—Harvesting of jute going on; haimanti paddy progressing. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

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Hills ... 10 per rupee.
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Bhutta sells at Darjeeling 22 seers and at Kalimpong 28 seers per rupee.

Rangpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.93, Gaibanda 1.89, Kurigram 1.13, Nilphamari 2.6 Weather seasonable. Washing and steeping of jute going on. Lunds are being prepared for rabi crops. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

Bogra.—Average rainfall 1.69. Land is being prepared for rabi crops. Prospects fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.

Pabna.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.07, Sirajganj 0.53. Weather hot. Prospocts of crops good. Common rice sells at Sadar 134 seers and Sirajganj 12 seers per rupee. Folder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

Dacca.—Rainfall at Sadar 19, Manikganj 10, Munshiganj nil, Narainganj 42. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Fodder available. No cattle-disease. Common rice 12 seers per rupes.

Mymensingh.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.93, Jamalpur 0.25, Kishoreganj 1.84, Tangail 1.24. Weather seasonable. Prospects of winter crops good except at Jamalpur, where more rain is wanted. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle good. Common rice selling as follows:—

				4	Brs.	
Badar		8 9 9	0-0-0		12	7
Jamalpur	•	***	***	***	10	
Kishoreganj		***	***	***	111	per rupes.
Tangail				***	114	
Netrokona		***	***		124)

Faridpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.29. Weather unusually warm but damp. State of crops more favourable. Common rice sells at 121 seers per rupee.

Backergunge.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.09. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Common rice sells at 12 seers (aman) and 14 seers (aus) per rupee.

Tippera.—Rainfall at Comilla 24, Brahmanbaria 2.32. Weather abnormally hot. Prospects of standing crops good, but more rain is wanted for paddy. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice averages 12 seers 10 chitaks per rupee.

Noakhali.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.61, Feni 1.66. Prospects of standing crops good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers (aman) and 15 seers (aus) per rupee.

Chittagong.—Rainfall at Sadar '08, Cox's Bazar nil. Transplantation of winter rice finished. Rain badly wanted. Prospects fair. Water and fodder sufficient. Cattle-disease still continues in Chakaria. Common rice 12s seers per rupee.

Patna.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.01, Bihar 1.56, Dinapore '70, Barh 1.75, Hilsa 1.5, Bikram 1.36. Prospects of paddy much improved by the recent rain. Rabi being sown. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice in Patna sells at 15 seers per rupee.

Gaya.—Rainfall at Gaya 1.49, Jahanabad 19, Aurangabad 4.05, Nawada 2.02. Paddy doing well. Rabi sowing commenced. Common rice selling at 11; seers per rupee.

Shahabad.—Rainfall at Sadar 1 26, Buxar 1 68, Bhabua 7 91, Sasaram 2 60, Dehri 3 42. Bhadoi harvesting completed. Prospects of standing crops good. Preparation for rabi in progress Fodder and water abundant. Rice at Sadar 12 seers per rupee.

Saran.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.95, Siwan 1.08, Gopalganj 1.94. Weather cloudy and hot. Harvesting of bhadoi almost finished. Lands for rabi being prepared. Winter paddy doing well. Com non rice 13 seers 9 chitaks and makai 21 seers 23 chitaks per rupee.

Champaran.—Rainfall at Sadar 2 30, Bettiah 4 40. Weather cloudy with occasional showers. Prospects of standing crops excellent. Harvesting of bhadoi crops almost finished. Fields being prepared for rabi sowings. Folder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice and maize at Sadar are 11 and 24 seers per rupes respectively.

Muzaffarpur.—Rainfall at Sadar 2.64, Hujipur .85, Sitamarhi 3.72. Prospects of paddy crops good. Preparation for rati sowings going on. Prices going down. Common rice 15 seers, wheat 12½ seers, barley 16 seers, maize 22 seers, gram 14½ seers, arhar 14½ seers, and marua 25 seers per rupes.

Darbhanga.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.90, Samastipur 0.45, Madhubani 2.02. Prospects of standing crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as follows:—

				CITS.	
Sadar		000		141	
Samastipur	•••		***	14	per rupes.
Madhubani		* * *		141	1

Monghyr.—Rainfall at Monghyr 3.43, Begusarai 2.29, Jamui 1.63. Weather hot. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of bhadoi crops nearly finished, and lands being prepared for rahi crops. Sowing of wheat and gram commenced in places in the Begusarai subdivision. Common rice sells as follows:—

				OLS.	
Monghyr Begusarai Jamui	600		***	115)
Begusarai		***		124	per rupes.
Jamui	***	*	***	12) -

Bhagaipur.—Cold weather setting in. Prospects of winter rice and sugarcane very good. No cattle-disease. Prices stationary. Fodder and water ample.

Purnea.—Rainfall at Sadar 1.33, Kishangani 3.65, Araria 2.79. Weather cloudy and sultry. Steeping of jute still going on in some places. Standing crops doing well. Pressing of sugarcane commenced. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Brs.	
Sadar	+ + 0	•••	***	15)	
Kishanganj				14	per rupee.
Araria		***		17)	

Malda.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.91, Shibganj 1.69, Gajole 4.05. Weather seasonable. Sowing of kalai continues. Prospects of winter rice good. Cattle-disease reported from Nawabganj. Fodder and water sufficient. Average price of common rice 14% seers per rupee.

So ithal Parganas.—Average rainfall 2.83. Weather seasonable. Standing crops doing very well. Fodder and water sufficient. Health of cattle good. Average price of rice 12 seers 11 chitaks and of mais; 24 seers 2 chitaks per rupee.

Cattack —Rainfall at Salar 4.79, Kendrapara 1.80. Weather sensonable. Beali being harvested. Sardd and sugarcane growing. Condition of cattle generally good. Damage to winter rice crops estimated at 4 annas. Common rice sells as follows:—

```
      Cuttack
      ...
      18 12

      Jajpur
      ...
      ...
      15 12

      Kendrapara
      ...
      ...
      17 1

      Banki
      ...
      ...
      17 15
```

Balasore.—Rainfall at Sadar 29. Weeding of sarad and gathering of jute continue. Sugarcane thriving well. Beali in ear. Rice sells at 161, 141 and 16 seers per rupee in interior, Balasore, and Bhadrak, respectively. Cattle-disease reported from Basudebpur Circle. Water sufficient, but fodder wanting in flood-affected parts.

Angul.—Rainfall at Angul 2.65, Bissipara 4.18. Weather seasonable. Early paddy in flower. In the Khondmals saria paddy harvested All crops there flourishing except winter paddy which has been damaged to some extent by heavy rain. Common rice sells from 9 to 13 seers per rupee in Angul and 9 seers per rupee in the Khondmals. Number of persons daily on relief—Men 573, women 811, children 201.

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.39, Khurda 4.15. Weather hot. Sarad where saved growing well. Laghu in ear. Harvesting of beali and mandia nearly over. Recent rains and flood are unfavourable to sowings of rabi crops. Want of fodder felt in flooded parts. Water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

Hazaribagh.—Weather seasonable. Rainfall at Sadar 2.31, Giridi 2.60. Harvesting of thadoi going on. Prospects of paddy good. Fedder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at Sadar 14 seers and Giridi 121 seers per rupee.

Ranchi.—Rainfall 1.73. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of bhadoi crops nearly finished. Average price of common rice 10 seers and that of gora rice 164 seers per rupse. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient.

Palaman.—Rainfall 1.33. Weather seasonable. Prospects of winter rice good. Prices at Sadar are—Rice 134 seers and makai 24 seers per rupee.

Manbhum.—Rainfall at Sadar 0.68, Gobindpur 1.84. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from Katras. Average price of common rice at Sadar 121 seers and at Gobindpur 11 seers per rupee. Supply sufficient.

Singhbhum.—Rainfall 1.17. Reaping of aus paddy in progress; outturn generally good. Prospects of later rice excellent. Average price of rice 14 seers 8 chitaks in the district; at Chaibassa 13 seers.

General Summary.—There was general, and in most cases moderate, rain during the week, which has been very beneficial to the standing crops and has facilitated ploughing and sowing of the cold-weather and spring crops. More rain is still required in Dinajpur, Tappera and Chittagong. Reports of the winter rice crop are generally good except from Hooghly, Midnapore, Howrah, the 24-Parganas and Jessore, where it has been damaged to a considerable extent, and from Orissa, where also some damage has been done by the late floods. Want of fodder is still reported from the flooded tracts of the 24-Parganas, Balasore and Puri. The price of common rice shows a fall in 16 districts and a rise in 10; in the rest it is stationary.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. A. SLACKE, Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
The 16th October, 1900.

STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

No. 907 Statistics. -The following is published for general information.

Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal. F. A. SLACKE,

			•		87	STOCK IN MAND AS COMPILED OF	COMPILED OF-						
NAMES OF MARTS.	int week of Oct. 1899.	of Nov. 1699.	1st week of Dec. 1899.	Jan week of Jan. 1908	of Feb. 1950.	1st week of March 1960.	let wask of April 1990.	let wask of May 1900.	lat wask of June 1900.	lat week of July 1906.	Int went of Aug. 1900.	let week of Bept. 1900.	and went of Uct. 1900.
	. Mdn.	Mrds.	Mds.	Mon.	Mdn.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mda.	Mele	Mide	1
Railag hata	3,83,000	8.69,000	1,86.6*	3,10 000	3,11.000	4.18,000	9,56,000	9.25,0+6	8.28,000	7.73.000	6.99.080	A.48 000	
Titadenge	89.70v	36.500	26.00	\$2,700	45,500	61.300	82,000	91,600	88,0nr	89.240	88.478	98 560	40 A00
Cultpur, Golsbaree, Kumar- tooly, Ratkhola, and Oulpi Ghat.	8,37,700	8.34,50n	1.61,200	2,64.300	2,73,500	2,79,900	3.10 500	2,94,600	8,60,500	2,68,500	2,67,500	\$,67,500	2,11,500
Pathurfaghatta, Posta, and Jorabugan.	4,500	2,900	4,790	4.300	6,3:0	8,100	8,900	8,400	4,600	8,800	9,300	8,480	3,000
Tallygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore,	1,60.849	1,47,500	1,16,000	1,48.110	2,90.600	9,00.500	9,68,300	2,14,700	1,89,000	1,93,500	1,70,600	1,64.200	006'96
Minor batars (1)	2.40,600	2,40,00h	3,30 000	2,40,000	8,40,000	3,48,000	8.40,000	2,40,000	3,40,000	20.46.000	2.40 000	0 40 000	
Other retail shops [1]	\$.6m,0+0	2,56,000	8,50,000	1,84,000	2,50,000	2,30 000	2,50 000	\$,50,000	2,50,000	One of		2, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 2	2,40,000
Remkristopar	1,11,500	1,67.000	1,36,90	1,18.000	1,56,500	1,68,200	2,73,000	2,40,000	2,07,500	1.80.000	1.38 500	1 80 000	E, 54.000
Baidysbati, Nawaherni, Bha-dreewar, and Chandernagore,	2,158	11,400	11,675	8,087	7057	5,000	4,575	1,275	1,150	1,681	1,100	4,485	• 775
Total	14.39,558	13,86,869	11,58,275	12,07,457	14,57,794	16,84,300	28,94,975	22,70,875	30,87,150	19,94,631	17,55,409	16,56,025	18,00,875
On Railway premises on both sides of the river, t	8,875 (on Srd Oct. 1899.)	16,645 (on Srd Nov. 1892.)	40,201 (on \$rd Dec. 1899.)	97,937 (en 3rd Jag. 1990.)	74,018 (on 3rd Feb. 1900.)	56,947 (on 3rd March 1860.)	fr, 256 (on 5rd April 1900.)	14,005 (on 3rd May 1800.)	19,465 (on 3rd June 1900,)	29,187 (on 3rd July 1806.)	60n Srd August 3900.)	6,030 (on 3rd Sept. 1900.)	6,449 (on 13th Oct. 1900.)
By Port Commissioners'	61,534 (1st to 3rd Oec. 1899.)	79,20 Clet to Srd Nov. 1839.)	\$4.697 (1st to 3rd Dec. 18:9.)	51,530 (1st to 5rd Jac, 1900.)	first to Srd Feb. 1900.)	43.233 (Let to 3rd March 1900.)	40,933 (1et to 3rd April 1900.)	\$3,420 (1st to 3rd May 1900).	7,415 (1st t. 3rd June 1900.)	(2nd to 4th	28,912 (1st to 3rd Aurust 1900.)	25,001 (1st to 3rd Sent 1990)	82,630 (13th to 13th
By Ougal returns	81,114 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1889.)	65,276 (1st to 3rd Nov 1899.)	26,700 fist to 3rd Dec. 1899.j	81,416 (Int to 3rd Jan. 1900.)	1,33,549 (1st to 3rd Peb. 190u,)	1,63,637 (1st to 3rd March 1990.)	76,386 (1st to 3rd April 1966.)	48,085 (1st to 3rd May 1900.)	38.140 (1st to 3rd June 1900.)	36,907 to 4th 1900,)	73,466 (1st to 3rd August 1900.)		19,715 (on 11th to 13th Oct., 1900.)
Grand total of Stooks	15,78,975	16,11,780	12,63,875	18,64,577	17,49,666	19,57,717	25,38,980	25,56,470	81,46,170	20,95,193	10,60,563	17,35,715	14,46,818

Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal. F. A. SLACKE,

• This mart is in the Howrab district, and the figures have been obtained by local enquiry.

† Figures furnished by the Collector of Hooghly.

\$ Ditto by the Railway authorities.

(1 Estimated as a constant quantity.

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT, The 16th October 1900.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 7th to 13th October 1900.

		1	Jo .	meter		Tempe	RATURI	ì.	•	Нтовом	RTRT.		WIND.			
Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Fahr.	Mean.	Maximum.	Rango	Minimum	Mean wet builb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded,	Rain.	Weather,
1900.		^		Inches.	Q		,	0	0	Inches	9	1%			Inobes,	
(Jet.	7th	138-3	6.7	29.778	821	88-6	10.4	78:2	79.7	0.883	78.7	90	E and ESE	97	0 24	Partially cloudy
FI	8th	147.8	7.7	·740	82-9	89.0	11-0	78.0	80.0	*985	78-8	88	ESE and SSW	58	Nil	Partially cloudy
89	9th	145.6	8.7	•750	83 -2	89-6	12.2	77-4	79-7	•966	78-2	85	SSE and S	95	93	Partially cloudy
11	10th	142.6	5.0	•777	83.9	89.6	10-4	79-2	79.0	-926	76-9	79	S by E, S by W and S.	78	,,	Partially cloudy.
p 9	11th	147-8	7.3	•850	85.0	91.6	13:2	78-4	80.4	•977	78.5	81	S&SW by W	64	,,	Partially cloudy
10	12th	145-1	9.7	•886	84-6	91.1	12-1	79.0	78-6	·898	76.0	76	SW by W, WSW & SW.	102	23	Partially , cloudy
*1	13th	148-7	9.8	*882	85-8	92.4	12.4	80.0	79-4	•918	76.6	74	SW, NW and NNW.	66	>1	Partially cloudy

The mean pressure of the seven days The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-	General's	29.808
Office	***	29.809
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	• • •	Hours. 54·4 82·0
The mean temperature of the seven days The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, 8	urvevor-	83.9
General's Office	***	82.7
The extreme variation of temperature	100	15 0
The maximum temperature		92.4
The highest relegite of the mind in any law		Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	***	10
The mean relative humidity The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24	years,	% 82
Surveyor-General's Office	***	81
The total fall of rain from 7th to 13th October 1900 The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-	General's	Inches 0.24
100 100	100	1.38
The total fall from 1st January to 13th October 1900 The average full of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-Office	General's	89.26
CTILLE TO THE STATE OF THE STAT	***	61.65

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from eye observations.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; p, passing temporary showers; a dew.

MRTHOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GGVT. OF INDIA,

G. W. KUCHLER,

Alipore (Oaloutta), the 15th October 1900.

For Meteorological Reporter to the Gort. of India and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Statement showing heights over mean vos-level and low water in the rivers Ganges, Bhagirathis, Ialangi, and Brahmaputra for the month of August 1900, and the highest reading of each gauge over M. S. L. since 1876.

BRAUMEPUTEL	Ganhati.		27th July 1900.	Height Over mean sea-lovel.	*	176.41 176.41 176.41 176.41 176.41 177.90 177.90 177.91 17
BRAN	O _{B1}		27th Ju	Beight over zero of gauge.	83	200 年 1 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日
BIVER JALANGE.	Serapgan).		mber 1898.	Height over mean sea-level.	8	88 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	Serra		24th September 1898.	Height over zero of gauge.	55	######################################
RITES BRAGISATES.	Berbampore.		Aug. st 1890.	Height over mean	98	54-11 54-12 54-12 54-13
Rema B	Berb		14th Aug	Height over zero of gauge.	62	20.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Goalando.	anqman mois	August 1893.	Height over mean sea-level.	18	######################################
	, Gos	From Beneros	Pts	Height over zero of gauge.	11	1996 1996 1996 1996 1996 1890 1890 1890 1890 1890 1890 1890 1890
	Rampur Boalia,	-dida8 mor¶ 06 (nan	Soth Angust 1879.	Height over mean	16	55.45 55.45
	Rampu	From Benards	Seth Ang	Height over zero of gauge.	1.8	16-69 16-69 16-69 16-69 16-69 16-73 16-73 17-74 17-74 17-75 17-75 17-75 18-06
	bganj.	aydan Manori	23rd August 1879.	Height over mean sea-level.	14	88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Sabibga.	From Benkras 185	23rd Aug	Height orer zero of gauge.	52	18 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	
	Monghyr.	eroqanid mor¶	August 1894.	Height over mean sea-level.	21	117-18 117-18 117-18 117-18 118-18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1
- 100	Mon	From Beneros	24th Aug	Height over zero of gauge.	=======================================	115.53 11
BIVES OAKS	Dinapore,	From Buner 87	August 1879.	Height over mean sea-level.	10	156-93 156-93 156-93 156-93 156-93 160-93 16
	Dim	From Beneree	14th Aug	Height over zero of gauge		1
	Bugar.	setaned more	ust 1898. '65	Height over mean sea-level.	60	188.35 188.35 188.35 188.35 189.47 199.47 199.49 199.65 19
	Ba	-seven Beneat	31st August 1893. 200°63	Height yver zero if gauge.	4	11.4.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
	Bonares.	From Miras-	August 1989. 241.56	Height over mean soa-level.	•	201-201-201-201-201-201-201-201-201-201-
	Ben	-edafia morfi ser bed	261b Aug	Height over zero of gauge.		116 100 116 10
	Kirseput.	98 bad	1.47	Height over mean sea-level.	•	200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	Mira	From Allaba-	261b August 1869.	Reight over zero of gange.		17.35 17.35
		Distance in	Highest Gange Reading.		-	11:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
		DATE.			rel	Total State

A. S. THOMSON, Offg. Under-Secy. to the Goet. of Bengal.

CALCUSTA, The 16th October 1800.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of August 1900, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

		Toli	AGE	, 1900-1901				Foli	AGE,	, 1899-1900	L.	
Camale.	During	ng th	10	To end	of nth.		Durin	g th	16	To end	of t	he
1		2		1	3		1	4		1	5	,
Orissa Circle. Taldanda Canal System Kendrapara ditto High Level, Range I Ditto "II Ditto "III Jajpur Canal"	Rs. 602 4,144 1,027 304 66	4 2 14 6	8	Rs. 13,522 13,830 4,337 1,204 357 115	1 10 0	3 0 9	Rs. 608 4,686 1,433 224 120	9 5 7	9	Rs. 5,336 25,857 5,496 1,324 724 193	8 15 1 7	P. 3 6 9 9 6 0
Total Orissa Circle	6,158	10	2	33,366	13	11	7,108	8	1	38,932		9
South- Western Circle. Midnapore Canal Hijili Tidal Canal	6,037 3,705			37,408 22,778	13	3	8,250 4,626		6	40 ,061 25,596	0	9
Total South-Western Circle	9,742	14	8	60,182	1	6	12,877	6	0	65,657	1	6
Sone Circle. Patna Canal System Arrah ditto Buxar ditto	1,400 918 854	9 7 6	0 3 6	7,081 8,127 5,926	0 12 12	11 9 6	3,545 1,921 1,240	1 2 4	6 3 9	19,505 13,305 6 ,380	4. 7 0	0 9 6
Total Sone Circle	3,173	6	9	21,135	10	2	6,708	8	6	39,190	12	3
GRAND TOTAL	19,074	15	2	1,14,684	9	7	26,692	6	7	1,43,780	7	1

Government Transport Service.

			TOLLAGI	r, 1900-11	901,				TOLLAGI	1, 1899-19	00.	
	D	uring th	e month.	To	end of t	he month,	1	uring t	he month.	Toe	nd of th	• month.
CANAL.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total re-	Passengers.	Goods.	Total re-	Passongers.	Gooda,	Total re-	Passengera.	Goods.	Total re-
1	3	8	•	8	6	7	8	9	10	21	13	18
Orissa Circle, High Level	No.	Mds.	Ra. A. T.	No.	Mds.	Re. A. P.	No.	Mda.	Re. 4. P.	No. 89,790	Mds. 3,547	84. A. P
Total Orissa Cir-	898-00	151	001 E 0 0	f t F 1000	091 agu	*****	7,987	82	7,059 18 9	82,790	2,547	30,140 14

Assessed Tollage Receipts.

			CARN	ING:	s, 1900-1901	1.		I	CARR	IING	, 1899-190).	
Canalq.		Durin	g th	0	To end	-	he	Durin		16	To end		10
		2			8		-	4			5		
Orissa Canals Midnapore Canal Hijili Tidal Canal Sone Canals	•••	Rs. 6,158 6,037 3,705 3,173	10	P. 2 9 6 9	Rs. 33,366 37,408 22,773 21,135	13	P. 11 3 3 2	Rs. 14,168 8,250 4,626 6,706	5 11	P. 10 6 6 6	Rs. 69,082 40,061 25,596 89,190	A. 8 0 0 12	P. 0
Total		19,074	15	2	1,14,684	9	7	33,752	4	4	1,73,930	5	9

CALCUTTA,

The 16th October 1900.

A. S. THOMSON,

Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing Tollage on Oanals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of August 1900, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

0		Toll	AGE,	1900-1901	•		7	Coll	AGB,	1899-1900		
CAMALS.	Durin		0	To end		he	Durin		0	To end mon		he
. 1		3		8	3		4			6		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Calcutta and Easter. Canals.	n 20,325	8	6	97,963	12	6	19,754	12	6	99,775	5	0
Tolly's Nala	7,975	4	3	34,425	11	0	7,905	14	9	30,784	4	6
Total	. 28,300	12	9	1,32,389	7	6	27,660	11	3	1,80,559	9	6
Orissa Coast Canal	. 2,952	4	0	16,086	14	3	2,693	10	3	18,567	6	3
Nadia Rivers	. 21,086	0	6	47,761	2	в	21,207	12	0	50,797	9	0
GRAND TOTAL	52,339	1	3	1,96,217	8	8	51,562	1	6	1,99,924	8	9

CALCUTTA,
The 16th October 1900.

A. S. THO MSON,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Bastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 29th September 1900, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

N - mermon	OF CARGO.			KUING SATURE SEPTEMBER		Wher ending Saturday, THE 30TH SEPTEMBER 1899.					
SATURE	OF CARGO.		Sumber of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tolinge.	Humber of boats,	Weight of cargo,	Tollage.			
			No.	Mds.	Ra.	No.	Mde.	Re.			
Rice and paddy	p0=	001	292	72,300	1,278	1,200	1,45,510	2,226			
ute	0-0-0		80	27,405	435	169	61,975	950			
irowood	0.04	400	35	35,100	525	65	43,475	656			
Other articles	100	***	406	1,10,964	1,404	677	1,83,640	1,647			
	Total	004	812	2,45,769	3,642	2,111	3,84,500	5,678			

^{*} Weight by canal measurement-27,0874 maunds.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Gircular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 6th October 1:00. so compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

			WREE WY	OCTOBER 1900	AT, THE	Were un 729	DING BATURD. OCTOBER 1899	AY, THE
NATUME	OF CARRO.		Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of ourgo.	Tolinge,
			No.	Mda.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Ra.
Rice and paday Jute Firewood Other articles	00a 10a 10a	480 101 085	587 223 76 488	1,07,425 51,498* 68,775 82,964	1,746 769 1,030 1,117	1,283 269 104 978	1,77,750 99,200 79,025 1,91,676	2,805 1,689 1,186 2,499
	Total	***	1,824	3,10,662	4,652	2,634	5,47,650	8,019

^{*} Weight by canal measurement-56,486; maunds.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate Return of Traffic on the Circular and Bastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 13th October 1960, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nagran	OF CARGO.		WREE E	FDING BATURI II OCTOBBE 190	OAY, THE	WHEN ENDING SATURDAY, THE 14TH OCTOBER 1899.				
	07 04200.		Number of boats.	Weight of ourgo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.		
			No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.		
Rice and paddy Jute Firewood Other articles	000	000	548 876 93 784	71,590 1,13,752° 92,400 1,56,800	1,178 - 1,833 1,895 2,093	1,277 238 94 691	1,67,225 1,08,025 78,675 1,64,925	2,295 1,632 1,178 1,854		
	Total	0++	1,728	4,34,642	6,484	2,300	4,93,150	6 959		

[•] Weight by canal measurement-1,14,937 maunds.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Abstract of Principal Commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Ruilway during the month of July 1900 as compared with the same month of previous year.

STAPLIS.	19	10,	18	90.	To	dal,		
	Up.	Down.	Up,	Down.	1900.	1899,	Increase,	Degreeas;
	Tone.	Tons.	Tons.	Tone,	Tons.	Tona.	Tons.	
Apparel, including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accountements,	8	6	One ess	125121	24	400	14	Tone,
boots and shoes.	4.600	20.000						deres and
Foreign Railways,	4,683	10,973	8,174	9,938	15,656	18,172	2,484	100000
Dotton, manufactured—					_		00	*****
Twist and yarn, European Ditto, Indian Piece-goods, European	147	104	251 171	92	147 248	951 263	007132	104
Ditio, Indian	1,310 25	Garage Garage	1,138 18		1,310	1,142	108	15
Others Chemicals, excepting saltp.tre	50	******	*****	449-44		17	8	*******
Intoxicating, other than opium	8	7	7	4****	10	771094	89	000 100
Non-intoxicating- Medicanal preparations	Atlana	******				11	******	3
Others	G8	7	*****	d	70	93	*****	26
Pres and Tans— Al (Moriuda citrifolia)	*****							_
Alizarine and Aniline dyes	19	144000	101200	1 111	211743	*** 4.	1 940	+ 0 + 6 pq
Indigo	200 40	220000	11	*****	10	11		*****
Tanning barks	21444		*****		B40100	11.865	*****	******
Others	39	168	11 8	92	204	104	100	******
odder- Oli-cake	910							16
Hay, straw and grass	850 1,433	746 830	800-00	******	1,090	101411	1,096 2,965	41.14
ruits and vegetables, frosts	23	84	15-0-0	11100	âô	60 000	55	** ***
Gram and pulse	1,109	12,602	1,886	4,849	18,711	at gent	* * 470	
Rice in the hugh	1,003	4,167	1,070	1,511	5,170	6,235	7,476	*****
Do not in the hunk	1,465	9,694	2,141	1,939	11,159	2,581 6,080	3,589 7,079	P*****
Do. flour	92	1,095	36	740	1,046	774	272 98	*****
des and skins	10	- 80	3	857	95	300	*****	965
Hides of cattle- Dremed or tanned	*****							
Baw Skins of sheep and other animals—	30	158	18	211	173	225	004 PF	
Dressed or tanned	******	*****	040 000	*****	*****	904	*****	
orns (ludian) and other fibres, excluding jute.	7	88 8 19	1	3	24 12 20	52	10 20	28
Baw	23	4,571		20.400	4 = 11			
Gunny-begs and cloth	845	767	347	30,448 307	4,594	10,546	306	A,986
0 000 201 000 000 000 000 000		6	201111			8	3	*****
Unwrought Wrought, excepting boots and shoes		4 }	•	*****	6	9	10-14-	3
Ale and beer	15	***	26		10			
Spirits of all kinds, including country spirit	4 50	001011	3 55	, *****	16	24	8	
All other sorts, including toddy and fer- mented liquor, other than ale and beer.	*****	*****			80	96	*****	46
otale—						4		
Do., wrought	138	2 84	76	49	170	198	2	*** ***
Copper, unwrought	12	*****	s		******	126	46	0-04
(cast	28	22	7	40	12	67	7 8	VE****
wrought	729 115	17	8:7	94	748	601	146	***
Others	39	83	2 5 74	3 11	168 122	218	37	2.5
Kerosine	5,833	9.000	0.000					100000
Ouator	7	8,006	9,829	8	7,538	9,237		1,009
Mustard and rape	133	3	106 168	10	132	1e6 186	26	40494
Others	7	800 100	25	***	7	37	161390	27
Castor	*****	101519					1 1 1	
Barthnuts	10000	7:3	484111	423.34	**************************************	2	101000	3
Рорру	903	40.000	999 0 41	1,436	723	1,438	200 + 2 4	718
Til or jinjili	365	1,027	187	134	1,391	1,702	707	400
others	* ***	90	000 141	U	3.1	9	21	000
per and pasteboard	40	877	64	361	417	38H	96	
	20				10		10	
Dried fruits and nuts	10	445:00						
Orisions— Dried fruits and nuts Gheo	81 635	3 306	65 549	-16 899	34 930	138		15

[·] Includes 6 tons of cinchons back,

1680 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, OCTOBER 17, 1909.

•								1900.	1	B99.	Tot	ial,		
		BTA	rlke.	-			Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1800.	1890,	Increase.	Decreas
							Tone.	Tons.	Tons.	Total.	Tons.	Tone.	Tone.	Tons.
Railway P	lant an	1 Bo	Hing-s	toek	carrie	d for								
the l'ubi	otive er	Forei.	mnd	iwaye tondel	n and	parte	106100	59	7	******	59	7	68	*5 * 0 5 9
Carring	gra and	truck	s and	parts	ther	of	196	26	*****		299	*****	203	*****
Steel n	nile and	Osh-p	inten,	aleopo	rs An	d keys	3 200	0.04 - 1.0	232 14	*****	607	232	878	400.00
Others	TO SERVICE I		100	144	* 0 1		236	133	372	240	360	512	26G	14
Balt	***	1 11 4	***	vite	1.00	2.44	4,625	78	1,158	3,597	4,008	8,768	P65	d cells
lalspatre o		r onli	no su	bet sa	NE				l l					
Other :	ire Halimo au	batan	000	121	160	000	118	45	1	441.493	- 1 188	1	183	000000
lik, raw-										001 01	200	11,000	100	*****
Horoge		100	4 11 0	6 8 0	100	***	*****	14	******	*****	000101	1++000	- Bancar	966999
			***		411	9 6 9	400.00	10	101 844	9	14	9		000+1+
Poreign	I		,	***	***	80-	0001111	000+10	*****		*****	401000	100004	
Indian	101	***	*4.4	***	100	801	******	# 000 mg #	*** 200			******	681804 1	ED4 000
pices— Betelnu	f#	***	F-840	***	617		560	183	437	242	. Non			
Oardam	6,0000014	001	000	***	00+	801	10000	20	*****	151	- 713 20	586 43	125	******
Chillion Ginger	001	111	104	994	104	100	77	17 48	25	84	846	109	*****	15
Pepper	***	+ 0.4	004	000	200	404	28	200 ***	21	60	4:	80	1	10
Others	***	***	***	4-61-6		10.4	47	61	70	57	98	197	hesaes	******
ione and li	101-0	49.9	+4.0	# (f t	+44	***	1,201	1,008	661	1,230	2,296	1,911	885	991000
Befined	OF CTV	talliu	ed be	noladi										
Unrefine	ndy	111	101	***	andr a	er.	639	Police	237	******	629	237	394	
Su	Kar			401	10.0		726	47)					
Gr	ir, mb older sa	jam echar	rery, Ine pr	aloux Bon bo	44-	and	3,140	117	1,161	276	3,039	1,487	608	499000
Foreign													?	
Indian	6 0-0 R mm	-9-	101	100	100	101	6	4,338	7	4,623	4,334	4.630	*****	206
baceo-												.,		
Unmanu Manufac	tured -	1	160	+ 945	1.00		.719	2,362	86	9,680	3,450	3,648	100,000	108
Cign	ru T serie	***	***	140	499		16	6			20		88	
c66—				***	460	***	'				7	*****		******
Timber.	unwrot	ght	900	0.00	101		276	185						
Manufac	CHICA	8.00	444	man	000	101	116	16	78	118	508	204	369	Str. often
Rew			400	463				1						
Manatac	tured -			463	***	000	*******	*	9001/1	81	1	-81	dourse .	20
Piece	ets and	Huro	pean	***	904	001	2							
	Ditto, r sorts o	Indi	an		+0-0	***	5	101 000	7	001 000	*******	7	Miles	7
) other ar	tioles of	marc	hanul	BR CO	000	200	3,991	1,508	4,840	2,234	8,559	6,674	011100	1,116
				75	nin)		86,617	61,667	40 Fue		'Àn en .			
				-4	-	001	emilati.	-1001	90,528	493004	97,284	79,887	86,779	11,000

CALCUTTA, the 26th September 1900.

H. Broan Examiner of Accounts.

SEGOWLIE-RAKSAUL BRANCH RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic for the month of June 1800, compared with the corresponding period in 1899.

DESCRIPTION OF GOODS.	1	18119,		900,	Inc	DI'GRAO,	De	Cronsp.
I.—Apparel, including draper, haberdashery, m.ll'nery, mi. forms, accoute m ans, Loots and shore.	Mais.	Ra.	Ada,	Re,	Mds.	Ra,	Mde.	Ra.
IL-Coal and Coke carried for the Public and Foreign railways.	8,007	312	2,9 1	42	4.0.00		206	17
III.—Cotton— 1. Baw 2. Manufactured—		***	22	2	22			
(6) Twist and yara { European Indian	4.00	444	7	1	7	2	*****	*****
(c) Piece-goods uropean indian	383 474	23	654 898 837	10 30 59	654 313	1 10 8 39	\$00 app	***************************************
IVChemicals, excepting saltpetre							97	*****
V.—Druge—	***	***	***	***		101 000	*******	111111
1. Intoxicating, other than opium. 2. Non-intexicating	491	***	***	***	090244	6+0+04	in qua	** 104
(a) Medicinal preparations (b) Others	60	8	***	241	800			
VI.—Dyes and Tara— 1. Al (Morinda citrifolia) 2. Altzarme and annue dyes	***	241	***	400	******	10000	49	
8. Cutch	21	2	000	***	*****	******	54	*****
8. Myraholama	***	***	3	1	8		901111	800000
7. Turning backs	100	***		***	******	10 000	£9<) >+	
8. Others	***	920 -	100	400	* ****	11.040	******	44175
VII.—Podder— 1. Oil-cake	1.			j			******	*****
E. May, straw and grass	***	***	243		343		405192	44.000
VIII,-Fruits and vegetables, fresh	***	***	20	3	29		601144	******
1. Grain and Puise-						8	444 24 3	*****
S. Jawar and barra	111 000	***	7,212	125	7,218	125	896900	100000
6. Smice that in the hugh	88 48	1	16,230 7,638	\$37 98	16,198 7,610	236	*****	999100
6. Wheat-flour	83	8	749	20	686	197	100000	444994
7. Makai	1,065	36	11,503	3/12	10,100	991049	001000	288330 638135 A
1. Hides of cattle					1	1986	\$10P05	1.1140
2. Skins of sheep and other animals— (c) Dressed or tanned	19	*** 2	402	16	224000	13	19	020 *4 *
(b) Haw	86	1	84		*****	*****	*****	414442
XI Horns					*98100	1.		******
XII.—Hemp (Indian) and other fibres, excluding jute.	100	}			******	004/010	41 Fd94	200000
III.—Jute—				***	****	22240		40000
2. Gunny-bags and cloth	216	7	867	15	151	8	010 ppg 491 011	900000
XV.—Leather—	***	***	000	600	000,00	001050	P91 14+	*******
1. Unwrought 2. Wrought, excepting boots and shoes.	***	100	000	***	B00121 000000	00.000	-000 004	*** ***
LVI.—Liquors— 1. Ale and Beer 2. Spirits of all kinds, includ-	000		004		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	owners i	door	000114
wine	607	***	006	***	seases 1	odičas :	010).	*****
toddy and fermented li- quer, other than ale and beer.		,,,	993	104	********	*****	- 00e a se odoros	11000
VII.—Motale—			-		2			
Briss, anwrought wrought	··· 56	*** 8	181	3	81	8	000	000 000
6. Bonand steel	000	000	000	100	40000	101110	40	3
(a) Cast	***	•••	86	1	******	******	*****	******
A LINE OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY A	1,400	86	1,017		56	1	111000	000000
d. Others	*** 87		71	6	71	6	473	11
IIIOlla-			/	***	007,000	*****	87	6
1. Kerosine	1,984	60	8,186	00	1,502	8	000.000	
8. Cocoanut	000	200	4	1 1	4	1	000.007	000000
6. Others	77	4	6	1	*****	******	71	900000

DESCRIPTION OF GOODS.	18	39.	19	00.	Incre	35.00 ,	000	5600,
XIX.—Oileeda—	Mds,	R4.	Mds.	Ra.	Mdu.	Re.	Mda.	Ra.
1. Osstor	***	* ***	273	7	273	7	*****	#00 * 0 1 °
S. Linseed	1,887	28	19,095	500	16,318	483	001000 001000	- 040 rev
6. Rape and mustard	77	8 6	34; 4,381	109	265 4,150	13	******	111110
6. Til or jinjili			***	000	844 141	*****	*****	186 440
7. Others	18,415	450	61	5	414410	000444	12,857	445
XX.—Opium	0.0	***		411	800 > 1 >	1++464	0 0 5 + 0 0	000000
XXI.—Paper and pasteboard	844	001			600 001	44 +2-	F48 45+	*****
XXII.—Provisions—								
1. Dried fruits and outs	000	0.00	286 15	18	286 15	18	**************************************	000+++
8. Others	569	27	107	10	+81800		403	17
XXIII.—Railway plant and rolling-stock					w			
foreign railways -								
 Locomptive engines and tenders and parts thereof. 		***		194	44-980	*****	441994	+ #4 +80
2. Carriages and trucks and	***	011		200	002 155	800 **	1310ag	******
parts thereof.								
(a) Steel rails and Sah-	***	900	848	190	244200	000 111	00+000	000104
(b) Sleepers and keys of	900	****	104		250001	** ***	******	tread
(a) Others	000		*41	***		104000	551994	44444
TYTY Ball								
XXIV.—Balt	11,000	186	8,631	179	*****	*****	8,041	7
XXV Saltpetre and other saline sub-								
1. Saltpetre	41	1	100	991	*****	*66***	41	1
S. Other saline substances	***	***	444	101	atund	900-01	011000	101600
XXVI.—Silk— 1. Raw—								
(a) Foreign	***	***	***	010	411000	144.034	14 990	001140
(b) Indian	***	100	944	***	114 60	800 044	80 340	014940
2. Pieco-goods— (a) Foreign		***		P E 0	010111	director.	******	00+900
(6) Indian	011	***		040	100.00	11 111	*****	101000
XXVII.—Spices—								
1. Betelnuts S. Cardamoms	GAL	36	570	38	0001111	10000	71	8
8. Chillies		111	91.9	14.6	404994	******		+>+
6. Popper	16	2	197	10	181		444-1	
6. Others	344	10	163	7	401111	*****	61	
XXVIII.—Stone and lime	1,850	38	001	***	000111	101001	1,850	38
XXIX.—Sugar—			Ben.		-			
 Befined or crystallized, including sugarcandy. 	217	4	809	8	92	4	000 114	*****
1. Unrefined— (a) Sugar	***		J			401401	000000	*****
(b) Gur, inb, jaggree.	***	***	200	ъ.	300	8	******	** 000
molasses, and other saccharine				İ				
produce.				1				*
IXXTea-								
1. Poreign	000	***	461	***	201124	******	100000	-01104
XXXI.—Tobacco—								
1. Unmanufactured	2,641	118	3,434	118	40 041	*****	27	1
(a) Cigare !	10		***		*****	******	007 002	******
(b) Other sorts	10	1	***	5-6-5	**1900	400+++	10	- 1
XXII.—Wood— 1. Timber, unwrought	***	***	200	194	200	184		
S. Logs	8,110	46	1,907	58			1,203	16
6. Manufactures	***	841	26	3	20	2	88114	40-000
LXXIIIWool-						}		
1. Raw	***	P#4	***	184	******	010111	801000	******
(a) Carpets and rugs	810	444	404	149	*****	011000	30 000+44	249688
(b) Piece-goods European	600	001	38	1	98	1	001 771	*****
(d) Other sorts of manufac-	100	944	141	421	411114	201 4	*****	******
tures.								
XXXIV,All other articles of merchan-								
1. Indigo-seed	401	***	219		219	****** 8	000110	80-144
2. Fireword 3. Others not specified above	408	140	1,942	645	1,684	785	######################################	200+00
Total	46,083	1,867	94,200	3,856	68,355	3,336	20,240	783
				-9-0	-,			140

CHARLES YOUNG,
Offg. Auditor of Accumile.

MYMENSINGH-JAGANNATHGANJ RAILWAY.

Approximate keturn of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 29th September 1900 on 53.37 miles open.

	COACRIN	G THAPP	ic.	MERCHAN	Dien Trap	AND ME	N E	RAL				Tota	. 1		TRAPPI	C TRAIN-MII	in an
	Number of passengers.	Coach		Weight		Row	ipia	۵,	Other ea	rui	ngs.	earbin			Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Tot
		Ra.	A. P	MDs	m,	Ra	. A	P.	Ra.	Α.	P.	Ra.	-18				
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For provious 12 weeks of half-	10,510 197	2, 630	0 0	10,700 202		1,930 86			20	0	0	4,580 56		0	1,040	444	1,
your	98,378	21,407	0 0	1,42,550	0	13,584	0	19	438	0		88, 149	0		12,494	2.00	***
Total for 13 weeks.	108,883	27,037	0 0	1,53,310	U	15,514	0	0	478	43	0	43,029	_	-		6,860	19,
COMPANISON.								-	-			91,020	-	-	13,584	7,013	20,
of previous year or mile of reilway correspond-	4,748	1,049	0 0	6,003	0	840	0	0	4	0	0	1,488	0	0	603	201	
the week of previous your otal to corresponding date of	144	32	0 0	179	0	18	0	0	******			46	0	0			
previous year	44,075	10,140	0 0	39,076	0	1,834	0	Ü	87	0	0	12,031		0	7,967	6,545	14,

[·] Audited up to 28th July 1900.

BRAHMAPUTRA-SULTANPUR RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 29th September 1900 on 590 miles open.

	Coachin	O TRAFF	10,	MRROHA	TE.	E AND M	1111	EBAL		her	T	ntal		TRAPPI	C TRAIN-MII	BO RUD.
W remains a company days as a secondary page.	Number of passengers.	Conc Reco	hing ipts.	Weigh	t 1.	Roce	ips	4.	,	unga.	Barr	ım	ps.	Coaching.	Merchan- disc.	Total
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous weeks of half- year	5,020 N5	Rn. 1,340 23	A. P. 0 0 0 0	M D8, 12,140 203	-01	Rs. 1,270 21		. P. 0	Ha. 800 7	A. P. 0 0 0 0	3,000	A ()	. P. 0	1,264	1,000	2,20
Total for 13 weeks	-50,892	13,555	0 0	2,03,140	0	22,018	0	0	4,268	0 0	30,430			7,452	10,038	*****
Comparison,	85,419	14,805	0 0	2,15,240	0	25,286	()	0	4,058	0 0	42,839	0	0	8,716	11,989	20,60
Total for corresponding week of previous year. For mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	77		0 0	4,800	0	267 10	0	0	4	0 6	822 33	0	0	228	511	73
otal to corresponding date of previous year.	20,371	δ ₁ 847	0 0	90,849	0	4,963	0	0	93	0 0	10,185	0	0	2,708	0,426	18,18

[•] Corrected to date.
† Audited up to 28th July 1900.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, "LIMITED."

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 23nd September 1900 on 139 miles open.

	COACEIN	G TRAPP	ic.	MERCHANI	e a l'	PPIC.	731	LAS						TRANSI	TRAIN-MIL	e eve.
•	Number of passengers.	Coaci		Weight carried.		Recoi	pte		Other ear	minge	Total on	rnı	Age	Oonehing.	Merchan-	Total
Fotal traffic for the week!		Re.	A, P.	MDs.	0.	Ru.	Δ,	P.	Ra,	A. P.	Ra	Α.	P.			
Or per mile of railway For previous 11 weeks of haif-	17,196	6,701 152	0 0	96,237 602		13,031 84		0	180	0 n	19,921	0	0	2,000	3,800	6,4
Total for 12 weeks	368,140	1,36,271	0 0	14,38,027	0	1,58,420	0	0	14,239		3,08,930		0	49,031	40.000	100 cm
	385,356	1,43,031	0 0	15,31,264	0	1,71,451	0	0	14,969	0 0	3,28,851	-			49, 39 9 53,229	104,8
COMPARISON.												_	-			200,0
Total for corresponding week of previous year armite of railway corresponding week of the	28,578	11,429	0 0	90,850	0	11,616	0	0	73	0 0	22,016	•				
ing week of previous year to corresponding date of previous year	220	83	0 0	654	0	82	0	0		0 0	171			4,268	5,881	9,6
The second secon	385,453	1,43,426	0 0	8,90,636	0	97,674	0	0	8,823	0 0	3,40,923			57,585	45,763	103.3

week ending 11th August 1900. to estendited on 130 miles only. service partially suspended for 3 days owing to heavy rain.

ASSAM-BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 22nd September 1900 on 397 miles open for all descriptions of traffic, and an additional 39 miles for goods and parcels traffic only.

•	COACHIN	G TRAFFI	C.	MERCHAND	ISE Rai	AND MIN	ER	A.2.	Otherearn	inte				TRAFFI	TRAIN-MIL	BO BUA.
	Number of passengers.	Coach receip		Weight carried.		Receit	ts,		(ustimate	d).	Fotal earn	ing	58.	Coaching.	Morehan- dise.	Total.
•		. Rs.	A. P.	Mds.	8.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rø,	4. P.	Re.	ъ.	P.			
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 11 weeks of half-	37,694 6 011d	15,302 38 54	0 0	1,97,405 452.76	0	12,323 28126	0	0	6.8 1.30	0 0	28,233 05°19			8,171 7190	8,399 18'26	11,570 17:25
year*	262,116	1,46,984	0 0	25,22,099	0	1 42,470	n	0	8,78L	0 0	2,98,124"	n	0	35,665	95,031	180,710
Total for 12 weeks	280,R10	1,62,7	1 0	27,19,511	0	1,54,802	0	0	0,840	0 0	3,26,957	0	(1	984,88	103,450	142,246
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year Per nile of railway corresponding week of previous year Total to corresponding date of previous year	22,008 • 66°57 254,212	15,752 34°73 1,48,571		2,30,334 564'44 22,31,460		18,559 81°98 1,50,111			0.75	0 0	27,620 67'40 3,08,993			8,296 8'15 41,664	8,767 20:68 20,797	21,000 28:80 189,461

[·] Includes sudited figures for week ending 11th August 190).

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of Gross Receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway.

	BEPTEMBER		RECEIF 23gp	ts you were September	ENDING 1899.		TAL RECEIPTS P INT APRIL 1990 T NO SEPTEMBER	(2		TAL RECEIPTS P IST APRIL 1440 I ID SEPTEMBER	0	Total	Total
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Fer mile worked	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Por nute worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total recoipts.	P. r. mile worked per week.	Mean mileage worked	Total receipts.	Per mile worked per week.	increase in 1900.	decrease in
636	Rs. 25,213	Rs. 68:19	494	Re. 27,629	Rs. 67:46	436	Ru. 7,24,302		423	Ra. 6,89,965	344	Ra. 34,337	Rs.

ASSAM-BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th September 1900 on 397 miles open for all descriptions of Traffic, and an additional 39 miles for goods and parcels traffic only.

	COACHIRO	TRAPPIC.	MERCHANDISE TEAP		Other earnings		TRAPPIC	TRAIN-MILE	io Row
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight enrud.	Receipts.	(estimated).	Total	Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total
		Es. A. P.	MD8. 8.	Ва. А. Р.	Bs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Potal traffic for the week Dr per mile of railway For previous 6 weeks of half-	29,690 74*79	19,376 0 0 48.80	2,04,868 0 469'87	13,642 0 0 31*24	2,096 n o	35,093 0 0 81/85	8,266 6123	7,957 18'25	11,923
7007	948,307*	1,62,123 0 0	27,08,494 0	1,54,759 0 0	0,326 0 0	3,26,208 0 0	88,836	103,468	142,278
Total for 7 weeks	317,997	1,81,498 0 0	29,13,357 0	1,08,381 0 0	11,422 0 0	3,01,301 0 0	42,103	111,300	183,801
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year For mite of railway correspond- ing week of previous year Total to corresponding date of	26,246 66'27	14,707 0 0 37·14 1,63,278 0 0	576'90	16,689 0 0 30:12 1,66,600 0 0	2,036 0 0 4'96 9,305 0 0	83,392 0 0 81°21 3.39.375 0 0	3,259 7·67	8,869 20192 pp.des	12,199 28-96 164,502

[•] Includes audited figures for week ending 18th August 1900.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Audited Statement of Gross Receipts of the Assam-Bengal Railway.

Mean Receipts. Per Mean miles worked.	Per mile	Mean	Total receipts.	Per mile worked	Mean		Per mile	increase in 1900,	decrease in 1900,
	worked	worked.		per week.	worked	Total receipts.	per week.		
Ra. Ra. B	Ra. Ra.		Ra.	1		. Re.		B o.	R.

	DARJE	RLING-HI	MALAYAR	BAILV	VAY COM	LPANY,	LIMIT	ED.		
Approxi	nate ear	the sorrespon	week ending	6th Oct of 1899	ober 1800	900	***	Rs. 10,240 7,047	0	-
	Increase	***	***	***	•••	107	***	8,193	0	-0
Receipta Ditto	per mile for th	for the week	ending 6th	October 1899	1900		100	200 188	12	7
	Ingrease	60+	0.00	100	oter	400	404	62	9	9
Baceipte Ditte	from ter	July to 6th	October 11 R period of 1	000 880	100	000		1,74,813 1,75,690	0	0
	Depresso	en.	100	4860	***		101	877	U	-0



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1900.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the Gazeren may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Sia Rupese per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupese if sent by post.]

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FOR SEASON 1900.

THE following is published for general information.

F. A. SLACKE.

The 14th October 1900.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

First note on the indigo crop of Bengal for season 1900.

Explanatory.—This forecast furnishes the first estimates of the area and outturn of indigo in the twenty indigogrowing districts of this Province. Owing to the heavy fall in the price of indigo, due to the introduction of synthetic indigo into the markets of Europe, there has been a great diminution in the area sown with this crop. The fall has so severely affected the industry in East Bengal that many factories have recently been closed, while even in North Bihar there has been a considerable contraction in the operations of many concerns. As will be seen from the note below on the estimated outturn, it seems probable that the district officers have over-estimated the area actually sown in East Bengal.

Character of the season.—The season has been unfavourable to the indigo crop. The character of the monsoon rains has been described in the bhadoi and winter rice

forecasts, which have been recently issued by this Department. The rain in April and May was scanty and insufficient for the sowing, germination, and early growth of the crop, while the heavy rain that followed damaged the prospects of the outturn to a great extent. The light rainfall of August has, however, proved favourable to the khunti crop in North Bihar.

Area sown.—The total area sown with indigo this year in this Province is estimated at 355,800 acres as compared with 441,600 acres reported in the final forecast of last year. The falling off is remarkable, and is chiefly due to the present unfavourable prospects of the industry. It is probable that the estimate of area sown is rather above the mark, and that some officers have not fully appreciated how greatly the area under this crop has fallen off in their districts.

Prospects of the crop.—From the district returns appended to this note, it will be seen that only one (Gaya, which has only 100 acres under this crop) of the 20 districts reports a normal outturn. Only two (Darbhanga and Monghyr) forecast an outturn of between 90 and 100 per cent., while two more (Jessore and Saran) anticipate an outturn of 80 per cent. only. In six districts, the outturn is estimated at between 70 and 80 per cent. Muzaffarpur returns a 65 per cent. outturn, Bankura and Rangpur estimate 50 per cent. crop each, while the estimate in other districts varies between 35 and 45 per cent. The outturn for the five indigo-growing districts of North Bihar, taken together, is given as 77 per cent. of a normal crop, but there is reason to believe that the excellence of the outturn of the khunti crop has been somewhat under-estimated. According to the district reports, the outturn for the Province, as a whole, comes to 71 per cent, of a normal crop against 62 per cent. as finally estimated last year. I am inclined to think, however, that this estimate is a very low one, and that the crop actually harvested is not likely to fall below 80 per cent. of the normal.

Gross outturn.—According to the estimates of the District Officers, the outturn for North Bihar will probably amount to about 52,500 factory maunds, and that for Lower Bengal to about 11,000 factory maunds. A factory maund is

equal to about 75 lbs.

These figures differ very considerably from those which have been estimated by Messrs. Moran and Company, which are 61,250 factory maunds for North Bihar and 5,750 factory maunds for Lower Bengal. Allowing for an over-estimate of the area under indigo in Lower Bengal, and for there being, on the other hand, a good deal of indigo grown by native cultivators for local consumption, which would not be included in the returns of Messrs. Moran and Company, I am inclined to estimate a total outturn of about 8,000 maunds in the districts outside North Bihar. As regards the five districts which form North Bihar, viz., Muzaffarpur, Saran, Champaran, Darbhanga, and Monghyr, it seems probable that the outturn has been under-estimated; and that it is not likely to fall short of 85 per cent. all round. This figure would give a gross outturn of about 58,000 factory maunds. In these circumstances, it would appear that Messrs. Moran and Company's figures may prove somewhat high, although I am aware that their information is derived from excellent sources.

P. C. LYON,

Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

DARJEELING, The 7th October 1900.

First Forecast of the Indigo Crop of Bengal, 1900.

11	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal	4				
10	Remarks by District Officers.		Owing to insufficient rainfull, the cutturn is expected to be below normal.	The decrease in area is due to the chiefus of factories by Mears. Gisborne and Company. The deficient rainfall of the Trar also affected the outturn.	The poor outlurn is due to the want of sementiable rain.	The decresse in the area sown is due to the closine of several factories in the district. The decresse in outturn is due to want of timely rain.
60	Taking 100 to represent the normal outliers per act, how miles will represent this year's out-turn (1800)?		76	2	\$2	\$
6 0	Taking 100 to represent the norms outsign per series, how much representation outsign past year (1898)?		20	28	13	8
r	Estimated erea sown this	Acres.	3,300	1,300	1,000	12,700
9	Approximate area sown instruction.	Acres.	8,800	3,300	1,160	16,200
×6	sora lamron estantzorqqA oglbni rebno	Atm.	6,100	2,400	1,000	18,000
-	Total area estimated to be under oulitration.	A drops.	1,283,500	643,900	2,100,000	1,876,000
60	Total area of district.	Acres.	1,736,080	1,677,440	3,292,600	1,786,160
			:	:	ŧ	d .
6 5	District.		Burdwa	Bantura	Midnapore	Nedis
	10			i		
et	Division.		- 1	Bardwin		Profileery

			_ -	•	10	9	4	-	۰	30	я
Division.	District.	až	donisis to sone Infoff	Total area cathmated to be a solutarious,	sere fauron etamizorqd. .ogibni rebnii	Approximate arra sown	Setimated area sown this year (1900),	anestron of 001 milder req from the more server- eried from work reserve- served from work reserve- served from the frow the from	shelve, 100 to present the content on terms on the series of the series	Remarks by District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Marchine		Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.				
		2		99,79	25, 600	085 215	16,080	*	5 5	The decrease in the area sown as compared with the preceding partia due to the fact that the factories are wrighly very little, owing to chemi-	The decrease in area this year has, I think been under-estimated.
oluded.										cal manufacture of indigo from coal. tar. The decrease in the estimated outturn is due to deficiency of rainfall.	
		+	1,973,000	8079711	3408	6,700	8	\$		Owing to some of the factories being closed in the Phenicah Bubdivision, and to there having been no indigence littration in the Bongson Subdivision this year, the area sown this year is very much less than that sown hast year.	
	- English	÷ -	2,531,046	1,482,70	6,600	\$	4,000	8	2	The cultivation of indigo is gradually dying out here.	
	Faridpae	i	3,489,540	1,007,390	8	8	8	W	*	The season was not favourable to this crop.	
				_	_						

Bhagalpur

100	Bemarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.		q
10	Powerks by District Officers.	Owing to the absence of seasonable rainful, the area and estturn are below the normal.	
CO ₀	Tabing 100 to represent the cornel outling per and author will represent the court of the court (1900) the court of the co	9.	12 63
60	Taking 100 to represent the most of the mount of a sero, how much represented outcurs has year (1899)?	8	28 8
4	Hatimated aree sown this year (1909).	190	2555, 900 101, 940 366, 900
100	Approximate area nown	Acrea. Soo	208,700 138,900
10)	Approximate normal area innue tadigo.	Acres	296,600 162,600 479,200
•	ed os besamites sens fasoT. "neisavitius rebau	Acres.	7,745,300 31,744,100 29,440,400
49	Total area of district.	4,223, 200	10,541,021
			i i :
99	Durater.	Cuttack	North Bihar Bengal Total
-4	Division.		

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE PORT OF CHITTAGONG FOR THE YEAR 1899-1900.

No. 1943 Marine.

Sobernment of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 16th October 1900.

RESOLUTION.

READ-

The Administration Report of the Commissioners of the Port of Chittagong for the year 1899-1900.

THE financial position of the Chittagong Port Fund for the past two years is shown in the following statement:—

		1898-	1899	Э.	1899-	190	0.
Opening balance of the year Receipts during the year	000	Rs. 13,510 77,355	14	P. 1 1	Rs. 31,708 80,504		P. 3
Total	0.00	90,866	13	2	1,12,213	2	6
Expenditure during the year Balance at the close of the year	• • •	59,157 31,708		11 3	92,882 19,330		0 6
Total	•••	90,866	13	2	1,12,213	2	6

2. The subjoined table shows the number and tonnage of the vessels which visited the port during the year as compared with the figures of the two previous years:—

VBSSELS.		189	97-1898.	189	98-1899.	189	9-1900.
1		2	. 3	4	6	6	7
European vessels trading with Entered foreign ports {Entered Cleared		No. 24 17	Tonnage. 40,334 29,146	No. 16 15	Tonnago. 26,646 28,040	No. 12 18	Tonnage. 19,341 28,576
British Indian vessels trading Entered with foreign ports { Cleared		***	+ # D		484	***	5 + 0 5 + 0
Vessels trading with home ports { Entered Cleared	***	678 693	176,121 187,402	48 4 48 6	171.604 169,990	487 499	213,282 207,632

3. The total value of the foreign trade during the year is stated to be Rs. 65,41,245, of which Rs. 9,44,886 is under foreign trade. Imports. There is a decrease of Rs. 2,84,686 in the value of the trade as compared with that of the previous year. The largest decrease was in the importation of oils and salt and in the export of jute. The only marked increase was in the importation of railway material and in the export of rice.

4. The total value of the coasting trade is given at Rs. 1,62,92,741, against Rs. 1,46,36,197 of the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 16,56,544. The increase as regards imports is mainly due to a higher market rate of jute as compared with last year; to a larger importation of kerosine oil from Rangoon on account of its cheapness, and of railway sleepers from Rangoon and bridge-works from Calcutta for the Assam-Bengal Railway. As regard exports, the increase is

principally due to larger quantities of rice having been sent to Cochin, Bombay and other minor ports in the Madras Presidency, and to larger shipments of cotton and paddy.

5. The principal articles of trade are shown Principal articles of trade. in the following statement:-

	<u>.</u>	_	1898-1899.	1899-1900.
Paranta	Jute	Tons	31,354	23,696
Exports	{ Jute Grain Tea	lbs.	16,272	63,471
Imports	Salt Mineral oil	Tons	89°,525 12,198	1,082,814 8,836
	mineral off	Gals.	930,985	1,732,626

6. The appliances of the Port and the Light-Port appliances. houses are reported to have been kept in good order during the year.

7. A new jetty has recently been constructed by the Assam-Bengal Railway on behalf of the Government. Since its Jetty. completion, only one vessel was placed alongside of it, and loaded 1,648 bales of jute. The dues paid amounted to Rs. 128-2-0, and credited to the Assam-Bengal Railway, the work of loading having been done by the Railway. A sum of Rs. 280 was paid to the Commissioners for

berthing the vessel alongside the jetty.

8. The earnings of the steam-tug Gekko, maintained by the Port, amounted to Rs. 10,071-4-0, while the expenditure on main-Earnings and expenditure of the steam-tug Gekko. taining the vessel aggregated Rs. 34,205-12-7. The expenditure was unusually high this year, and was due to the fact that provision was made in the Commissioners' budget estimates for contribution to the Government of one-and-a-half years' instalment (with interest), which had become due on account of the loan advanced by the Government for the construction of the vessel. A saving, however, was effected by the vessel, amounting to Rs. 6,000, being the estimated value of the services performed for the Port, for which no charge was made. This, deducted from the expenditure, leaves the net expenditure on account of the vessel at Rs. 18,134-8-7. Last year, the receipts were greater and, after deducting the expenditure, the net earnings amounted to Rs, 3,359-14-5.

The general health of the shipping was good. Seventy-seven seamen were admitted into hospital against sixty-seven of Health of the shipping. the previous year, of whom fitty-eight were cured,

three died, and sixteen discharged after receiving treatment.

The state of the Pilotage Fund is shown 10. Pilotage Fund in the subjoined table:

PILOTAGE FUND.			1898-	1899).	1899-1900.
Opening balance of the year Receipts during the year	***		Rs. 29,687 13,572	A. -7 0	P. 21 0	Rs. A. P. 33,686 10 54 16,496 4 0
	Total	***	43,259	7	21	50,182 14 51
Expenditure during the year Balance at the close of the year	•••		9,372 33,886	12 10	9	9,525 2 11 40,657 11 6
	Total	***	43,259	7	21	50,182 14 54

11. In February 1900, the Lieutenant-Governor received a memorial signed in London by several Companies, Associa-Proposed improvement of the entrances to the Port. tions and persons interested in toa cultivation in the districts of Assam, Cachar and Sylhet representing the importance of the Port of Chittagong to the trade of Assam generally and especially to the tea industry. The memorialists, while deprecating any undue enhancement of the charges of the Port, urged the importance of so improving the entrances to it that large steamers might be able to enter and to

load and unload cargo at all times and seasons. The matter is one of great importance, and the Lieutenant-Governor would gladly see such improvements effected. The Port Commissioners of Chittagong were consulted on the subject, and advised that, before any steps were taken which would involve expenditure, expert opinion should be taken as to the measures which might be adopted and their probable cost. A report was subsequently obtained from Mr. Apjohn, the Chief Engineer of the Calcutta Port Trust, which showed that, in his opinion, any permanent improvement of the river would involve an expenditure of ten lakks of rupees of capital, and annual charges of about three quarters of a lakh. These sums are quite beyond the financial ability of the Port Trust and it would be impossible to provide them without either any large additions to the charges of the Port or without an assurance of very largely increased traffic. The memorialists were duly informed of these conclusions.

increased traffic. The memorialists were duly informed of these conclusions.

12. The working of the Pilot Service during the year was satisfactory. One hundred and seventeen vessels availed themselves of the services of pilots, and only one met with a slight accident.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

R. B. BUCKLEY.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th October 1900.

WEATHER AND GROP REPORT.

For the week ending the 22nd October, 1900.

Burdwan.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Kalna not received, Katwa nil, Raniganj nil. Weather seasonable. More rain wanted. Threshing of sus continues. Sowing of rabi commenced. Prospect of standing crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling as follows:—

				Srs.	
Sadar	•••		***	12	1
Katwa				12	per rupes.
Raniganj	994	194	***	121)

Birbhum.—Rainfall nil. Weather fair. Standing crops doing well. Price of rice at Sadar 12 seers and at Rampur Hat 13 seers per rupes. Fodder sufficient.

Bankura.—Rainfall at Bankura, Vishnupur nil. Weather fair. Aus paddy is being harvested. Rain wanted for paddy grown. Late sugarcane doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice at Bankura and Vishnupur 111 seers per rupee.

Midnapore.—Rainfall nil. Weather sultry. Tamluk partly under water. Prospect of crops good except in flooded tract. Scarcity of fodder in Tamluk. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Ers.	
Sadar	•••	***	***	12)
Contai	***		000	13	per rupee.
Tamluk	***			118	Pro capet
Ghatal		9 8 h	909	12]

Hooghly.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Serampore nil, Arambagh nil. Sowing of rabi commenced. Prospect of sugarcane and jute good. Common rice sells at 104 seers per rupee.

Howrah.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops not good. Extent of damage by floods still under enquiry. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 91 seers per rupee.

24-Parganas.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospect of winter paddy in high land good, but very bad in the case of low lauds. Harvesting of aus and steeping and washing of jute approaching completion. Lands are being prepared for rabi crops. No cattle disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	
Sadar	• • •			10)
Barasat	***		•••	11	per rupee.
Basirhat	***			81	Por rapoo.
Diamond Harbour	***	***		108)

Nadia.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of aman and other standing crops generally good. Rabi crops being sown. Cattle pox reported from Meherpur. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

				Srs.	
Sadar			000	12)
Kushtia		***	•••	15	1
Meherpur	***			121	per rupee.
Chuadanga	***	* * *	000	112	
Ranaghat	000	0 0 0	000	10	3

Murshidabad.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Prospects of aman favourable. Harvesting of bhadoi is over. Jute cutting nearly finished. Sowing of kalai is over. Cattle-disease reported from thans Nabagram of Lalbagh subdivision. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

•				Srs.	
Sadar		***	***	121	1
Lalbagh Kandi	0 0 0	0 0 0	***	13 14	per rupee.
	•••	***	***	14	Por 1-pocs
Jangipur	***		***	13	1

1000

Jessere.—No rainfall in the district. Days hot, nights cool. Prospect of standing crops good. Land is being prepared for rabi crops. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

-					Srs.	
Sadar	***	499	***		14)
Jhenida	* = +	100	9.6.0	9 + 4	15	
Magura		***	***		134	per rupee.
Narail		0.00	***	400	13	
Bangson	400	000		100	12	j

Khulna.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Bagerhat 0.04, Satkhira nil. Weather seasonable.

Aman paddy thriving. Prospect favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice

					Srs.	
Sadar	100	» 0 0		***	13	per rupee.
Bagerhat Satkhira		***	•••		130	per rupee.
Satknira	• • •		4 * *	000	12	, -

Rajshahi.— Weather seasonable. More rain wanted in north of district. Prospects of crops fair. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water ample. Common rice sells at 14 seems per rupes.

Dinajpur.—Rainfall nil. Weather fine. More rain wanted. Prospects of aman moderate. Cultivation of rabi going on. No cattle-disease. Rice selling at 14 seers per rupee in town and 13 seers at Thakurgaon.

Jalpaiguri.—Rainfall nil Weather seasonable. Haimanti paddy growing well. Steeping of jute continues. Lands are being prepared for tobacco. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Darjeeling.—Rainfall at Darjeeling, Kurseong, Siliguri, Kalimpong nil. Weather seasonable. Hills—Harvesting of jute and bhadoi paddy nearly finished; bara marua, aman dhan, kalai and phapor are progressing. Terai—Harvesting of jute going on; kaimanti paddy progressing. Ploughing for mustard, tobacco commenced. Coarse rice sells as follows:—

				Brs.	
Hills	•••		* * *	9	per rupee.
Terai		***		14	por rupee.

Bhutta sells at Darjeeling 22 seers and Kalimpong 24 seers per rupee.

Rangpur.-Report not received.

Bogra.—No rain. Cultivation for rabi crops going on. Weather fine. Prospects fair Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 134 acers per rupes.

Pahna.—Bainfall nil. Weather getting cool. Prospects of crops fair. Prices stationary.

Dacca.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Fodder available. No cattle-disease. Common rice 12 seers per rupee.

Mymensingh.—Rainfall at Jamalpur 0.35, Kishoreganj 0.45, Tangail 0.38, Netrokona 0.75. Weather cool during night. Prospects of winter crops good except at Jamalpur, where more rain is wanted. Kalai and mustard are being sown. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle good. Common rice selling as follows:—

				Str.	
Sadar	***	***	•••	12	7
Jamalpur	***	000	***	10	
Kishoreganj	< 6.0			111	per rupee.
Tangail		444		114	1
Netrokona	•••	*** 0	***	12	1

Faridpur.—No rain. Weather getting cool. State and prospects of crops favourable. Common rice sells at 12 seers a rupee.

Backergunge.—Rainfall at Sadar nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Common rice sells at 111 seers (aman) and 13 seers (aus) per rupes.

Tippera.—No rain. Weather seasonable. More rain is urgently wanted for high land paddy. Water and fedder sufficient. Price of common rice averages 12 seers 15 chitaks per rupee.

Noakhali.—Rainfall nil. Prospects of standing crops good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice stationary.

Chittagong.—Rainfall nil. Transplantation of winter rice finished. Rain badly wanted. Prospects fair. Water and fodder sufficient. Cattle-disease still prevalent. Common rice 124 seems per rupee.

Patna.—Rainfall nil. Prospect of standing crops fair. Preparation of rabi in progress Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Coarse rice in Patna sells at 161 seers per rupes.

Gaya. - Rainfall at Sadar, Nawada, Jahanabad and Aurangabad nil. Paddy doing well.

Rabi sowing commenced. Common rice sells at 11; seers per rupee.

Shahabad.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Rabi sowing commenced in places. Prospect of standing crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Rice at Sadar 13 seems per rupee.

Saran.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Siwan nil, Gopalganj 0.26. Days hot and nights cool. Sowing of rabi has commenced. Winter paddy doing well. Common rice 13.8 seers and makai 22.15 seers per rupee.

Champaran.—Rainfall at Sadar '02, Bettiah nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of paddy crops good. Preparation for rabi sowing going on. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice and maize at Sadar are 11 and 26 seems per rupee respectively.

Muzaffarpur.—Rainfall nil. Prospects of aghani excellent. Rabi sowing commenced in places. Prices are—Common rice 14½ seers, wheat 13 seers, barley 16½ seers, maize 22 seers, gram 14½ seers, arhar 15 seers, and marua 23 seers per rupes.

Darbhanga.—Rainfall nil. Prospect of standing crops good. Sowing of rabi commenced. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells as

Sadar				Srs.	
Samastipur		***	***	144 \	
Madhubani	***		***		66.
	***		***	14 per rup	
orher No:	m THY 13				

Monghyr.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Standing crops doing well. Sowing of

Monghyr				Srs.	
Begusarai	4 4 6		***	141)	
Jamui	***			13 per rupee	
	***	***	100	12	,
malman (1)					

Bhagaipur.—Cold weather setting in. Standing crops are doing well. Prospects of winter rice favourable every where. Linds are being prepared for rabi. Prices going down. Cattle-disease only in Bhimnagar outpost. Fodder and water ample.

Purnea.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Kishanganj 45, Araria 30. Weather seasonable. Steeping of jute nearly over. Weeding of aghani paddy going on. Lands are being prepared for rabi crops. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient.

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Sadar
Kishanganj
Araria

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15
...
14
per rupee.
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Malda.—Ra infall nil. Weather seasonable. Lands are being prepared for wheat and other rabi crops. Sowing of kalai going on. Prospects of winter rice good. Oattle-disease reported from Nawabganj thana. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice 14) seers per rupee.

Sonthal Parganas.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops favourable. Early winter rice on high lands is being harvested. Health of cattle good. Fodder sufficient. Average price of rice & seers 12 chitaks and of maise 23 seers 10 chitaks per rupee.

Cattack.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Kendrapara 0.18. Weather seasonable. Beali harvest not over. Rabi being sown. Laghu sarad in flower; guru sarad and sugarcane growing. Condition of cattle generally good. Water and fodder sufficient. Common rice sells as follows:—

Cuttack	•		Srs. ch.
Jajpur Kendrapara	***	10=	14 7\
Kendrapara	•••	***	15 12
Banki	***	4 4 5	Not received. Per rupes.
	•••	***	17 15)

Balasore.—Rainfall nil at Sadar. Sarad and sugarcane growing well. Kandha in ear, and beali is being reaped. Rabi sowing commenced Rice sells at 17, 14t and 16 seers per rupee in interior. Balasore, and Bhadrak respectively. Cattle-disease reported from Soro and Basudebpur Circles. Water sufficient, but fodder wanting in flood-affected parts.

Angul.—Rainfall at Angul 68, Bissipara 39. Weather seasonable. Early paddy in flower. Maghi til in Angul, biri, tila, sarso and paddy in Khondmals, damaged to some extent by heavy rain. Common rice sells from 9 to 13 seers per rupee in Angul and 9 seers per rupee in Khondmals. Number of persons daily on relief work in the Khondmals—Men 179, women 314, children 140.

Puri.—Rainfall at Sadar nil, Khurda 0.15. Weather seasonable. Sarad paddy growing well. Harvesting of beati and mandua over. Land being ploughed for rabi crops. Sugarcane growing well. Fodder available. Water sufficient. Price of rice stationary. Floods subsiding.

Hazaribagh.—Rainfall both at Sadar and Giridi nil. Weather seasonable. Fodder and water sufficient. Bhadoi harvesting completed. Common rice sells at Sadar 13; seers and at Giridi 13 seers per rupee.

Ranchi.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Average price of common rice 10½ seers and that of bhadoi rice 19½ seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient.

Palaman.—No rain. Weather seasonable. Rabi sowing going on. Standing crops doing well. Cattle-disease reported in a few villages. Rice selling at Sadar 15% seems per rupee.

Manbhum.—Rainfall nil. Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from thanas Purulia, Barabazar, Raghunathpur, Topchanchi and Gobindpur. Average price of common rice at Sadar 12; seers and at Gobindpur 11 seers per rupee. Supply sufficient.

Singhbhum.—Rainfall nil. Aus dhan being reaped; good outturn. Prospects of standing crops excellent. Average price of rice 15 seers 2 chitaks in the district; at Chaibassa 16 seers.

General Summary.—Slight rain fell during the week in the districts of Mymensingh, Saran, Champaran, Purnea, Angul and Puri. It is badly wanted in Burdwan, Bankura, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Mymensingh, Tippera and Chittagong. Lands are being prepared for rabi crops. Prospect of crops is generally good except in the flooded tracts in Midnapore, Howrah and the 24-Parganas, and also in the Jamalpur subdivision of Mymensingh and in Tippera where more rain is wanted. Steeping and washing of jute continue. Floods are subsiding in Puri. The extent of damage by floods is still under enquiry in Howrah. Cases of cattle-disease continue to be reported from some districts. Want of fodder is reported from Tamluk and the flood-affected parts in Balasore. The price of common rice has fallen in 15 districts, risen in 12 and is stationary in the rest.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. A. SLACKE,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

The 23rd October 1900.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-

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	12	Khulna	404		100				•		081	100	13	0	12	0	16	0	890	866	***
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	16	Darjoo'ing	400	7	0	7	0	7	0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12	0	12	0	10	0	***		10
	17	Rangpur	***	12	0	12	0	12	0	•44	900		10	0	10	0	13	0		•••	101
	18	Hogra	***	9	12	9	12	9	15	***			12	12	12	12	18	0	***		000
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DACOA DIVISION.	22	Faridpur	•••	12	5	13		15			22 13	28 0	11		12			0	04.0	***	***
	23	Backergunge	440	60		8.61						{	12	0	12	0	16 12 16		}	101	***

A. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Kalna 10 seers (pauga) and 11 seers 7 chitaks

B. At Rampur Hat the retail price of salt is 10 seers 7 chitaks per rupes.

C. At Vishungur the retail price of salt is 9½ seers per rupes.

D. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Contai 10 seers; Tamluk 10½ seers; Ghatal return not received.

E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Serampore 10½ seers; Arambagh 10 seers 10 chitaks.

G. In the narts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Chetla 10 seers 10 chitaks.

H. In the subdivisions the retail price of salt per rupes are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10 seers 6 chitaks;

10 seers (pauga); Meherpur 10 seers (karkatch); Ranaghat 11½ seers (karkatch); Kandi 10½ seers; Jangipur return not received.

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quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th October 1900.

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		DISTRICTS.		Corresponding return	0		return.	Next preceding		Present return.		Corresponding return of last year.		Next preceding	1	Present return.	of last year.		Next preceding return.		Present return.		Corresponding return	Next preceding	Present return.
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J. in the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 10½ seers; Magura 9½ seers; Narail return not received; Bangaen 10 seers to chitaks.

K. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Mater 10½ seers; Satkhira 11 seers.

L. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Mater 10½ seers; Naugaen 9 seers 10 chitaks.

M. In the Alipur Duars the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.

N. Retail price of anlt (panga) at Kurseong 8 seers and at Siliguri 10 seers per rupee.

O. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Gaibanda 10 seers; Kurigram and Milphamari returns not received.

P. At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 11½ seers per rupee.

Q. In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Madanganj 11 seers 6 chitaks;

Manikganj 6 seers; Mirkadim 11 seers 6 chitaks.

B. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kishorganj 10 seers; Jamalpur 10 seers; Kagmari 8 seers; Netrokona 9 seers.

E. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Goalando 10 seers; Madaripar 10½ seers.

T. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Pirojpur 8 seers; Patuakhali 9 seers; Bhela 9 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains and Salt in the Head-quarters

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[•] Rs. 3-8 entered in last return was a mistake for Rs. 3-13.

U. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Chandpur 9 seers; Brahmanbaria 10 seers.

V. At Foni Hât the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupes.

W. At Cox's Bazar the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Barh 101 seers; Dinapore 101 seers; Bihar 91 seers.

V. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Barh 102 seers; Nawada 10 seers; Aurangabe and the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Buxar 11 seers; Bhabua 10 seers; Sasaram 101 seers.

At Bettiah the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Siwan 11 seers; Gopalgan; (Mirganj) 12 seers 1 chitak.

o. In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupes are:—Hajipur 10 seers; Sitamarhi 11 seers.

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Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th October 1900 - (concluded).

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In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Samastipur 10 seors; Madaubani return not received.

In the Begusarai and Jamai subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seors per rupee.

In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Banka 10 seors; Madhipura 9½ seors; Supaul 10½ seors.

In the Kishanganj and Arraria subdivisions the retail price of salt is 9 seors per rupee.

At Balia Nawabganj the retail prices (panga or karkatch) is 10 seors per rupee.

In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Deoghur 10½ seors (panga); Godda 10 seors; Jamtara 11 seors (crushed); Pakaur 11 seors (karkatch); Rajanahal 11 seors.

In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt (panga) per rupee are:—Jajpur 10½ seors; Kendrapara 10 seors.

At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 12 seors per rupee.

At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 12 seors per rupee.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, &

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CALCUTTA,

The 23rd October 1900.

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the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15th October 1900.

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F. A. SLACKE, Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

IMPORTS INTO CALCUTTA.

The following Statement shows the Quantities of the Principal Staples of Traffic imported into Calcutta from the Interior by Rail, Road, River (Country-boat and Steamer), the Calcutta Canals and coasting cessels during the month of July 1900.

			4		V AND	
.0001	Manuelactur od.	2	\$ ⁵⁸	1,506	88	1,754
TOBACCO.	Unmanutación, Lucod,	82	Mda. 85 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	55,785	8,711 1,519 1,519 1,585 742 742 742 742 1,585 1,585	14.180
	Molanas	54	P. 17.277	32,073	P & G	192
STOAR.	Unrefined.	8	4 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3,711	***************************************	(IBS
	.benheä	39	8284	47.9	***************************************	
	Indigo.	100	4		m	8
	Opel and coke.	11	Mda. 7,112.330 7,701 8,701 6,541	37,40,042		
	Silk, raw.	16	#dd.	2,080	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	2
	Cotton,	22	Mda. 15 15 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	27,227	001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001	1 164
	Tes. Indian.	*	Md. 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	54,681	⁰⁰	-
EDS.	Fustard seed.	93	201 1.386 1.386 1.386 1.388 1.	13,461	8,710 124 124 124 8,114 8,115 8,115 8,115 8,145 8,145 8,145 8,145	40 916
OTGERDS	Linsed.	22	25. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	62,962	1,177 10 3, 200 14, 200 14, 200 37, 461 61, 211 84, 564 8,	A 40 0.83
ROPICTS.	Ganny.	=	No. 17, 46.	1,764,96%	288 213 213 1,015 1,015 250 8,550	76 804
PIBROUS PRODUCTS.	Jute, mw.	30	Mda. 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	4,09,010	2,088	A 667
	Total,	0	868,858 68,858 1,13,145 6,2,145 1,0,14	17,06,653	\$6,535 3,443 1,776 4,134 7,346 66,677 61,677 61,677 61,677 61,677 61,677 61,677	9 PR 509
	Other ford- grains.	(II)	Md. 158	6,14(18	301 301 301 301 301 1,004 1,001 1,001 1,001 1,001 1,000 1,00	14 069
	Gram and pulse.	200	2,1355 2,1355 10,1355 10,1355 10,1355 17,561	6,30,131	20,471 1,000 10,000 1,000 1,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	1.63.441
TINE.	Plont.	10	¥ 1° :15 1° : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1	33	1::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
FOOD-SEALING,	Wheat.	40	25.05 25.05	988,48	6.659 10,445 391 112 391 391 391 391 391 391 391 391 391 391	1.05.550
	Total (in rice).	•	#40. 10.00.000 10.00.000 10.00.000 10.00000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.00000 10.00000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.0000 10.000	10,03,640	25.5.2.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.	3,440
	Bice and paddy.	•	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	1,75,451		***
	in so	69	Mda. 30, 646 11,16,388 221,178 17,	8,98,994	1366 25,545 260 700 160	3, 640
,	ri .			:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:
	Whence imported,	1	Burdwan Burdwan Burdwan Burdwan Burdwan Burdwan Honghily Augharan Augharan Augharan Augharan Angharan	Total of Bengul	Bizab Pates Gaya Slishabed Slishabed Chamcapen Chamcapen Manafarpur Manafarpur Parrea Manida Bontball Parrea Bontball Bontball Pargana	Total of Bibar

† Exclusive of bags obtained by local manufactura,

· One maund of puddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

1	Rice and paddy.		Poop-oraixs.	1				£		SKI	7	Ten.	l'ettes,	Sulk,	Cal and	Indigo.		Dod.	***	Tonacco.	1 0 .0
Math. Math	Paddy. (in rice).	AnottV.	-								Aced.						Berthed	uheraU	senic III	Unitizani Dunus	alunak Jorna Jorna
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	***	40							=	01	25	2.	10	92	- 21	. po	e E	93	ei .	22	2
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Mds. Mds. Mds.	2							No.	Md•.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	ž	E R	Mds.	Mds.	Mdg.	Mds.	S ds	No da.
1964 1964 1964 1964 1964 1966	680 4,156 2,525		22						A.673 5,525	83			26	ur.	: !	: :	!!		: :	120	: :
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1.204.746 10.04.00 4.13.701 1.540.413 3.404.200 0.6.277 2.4702 0.4.041 0.17.241	Gi gi	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						1				13			2. 25. 25. 25. (25. 23.)		1 1 2	111			: : ! : : i
	=	1	-				}		Ossa .			a	1		24,34,107		1	,			
\$522 1,008,529 (53) 4500 11,750 85 000 11,11 71 71 8	1.50,117 19,10,224 1,70,059	1,70,03	E.			9.960 18.23				8,04,208	62,277	56,T08	3 x	e1	61,76,209	25	£		25 gg	70,125	3,260
48,418																					
5,44,302 20,54,044 35 20,54,044 5 5,94,749 1,974,670 1,91,477 31,9 7 2,144 61,77,341 32 15,104 4,846 43,877 71,237 5,36,434 34,386 20,51,044 6,947 1,974,670 1,61,635 32,221 2,659 46,45,727 38 4,012 30,072 69,159	1,42.30 10		3.9					<u> </u>	25.77.75.00 E 25.00 E	35 34		25 & "	7.5 7.5 7.5 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1		25 ES		0,10,915	P 111 1111	21 E	1	~ 11
	1,98,774 12,00,865 1,94,499 5,405 1,96,704 8,20,319 8,82,834	8 86°	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			the same of the sa	•]	8,24,235 7,85,3 6 7		.91,477	31,9 7 82,221	2,853 2,853	61,77,341	2) <u>R</u>	15, 104	4,844 30,072		71,237	5,467 4,555

The Sea-imme Trade or Cakutta in these shiples during the month of July 1900 was as follows:—

				7			Traffic . open	v									
ToBacco.	.beitti	27	Mde.	#1 #1	65				3	1 1	3		:	165	130	699	1,216
Ton	-saturanies) -benat	51	Mds.					20°03	7 7 7 7		66 97.3			10#	13	33,374	44,309
Sroak,	Unrefined.	8.	Bda				8 3	N S	20	: :	200			63	63	3	3,960
J.S.	. beatheld.	139	Mds.	138	3		,	1,622	1,000		986			181	12	3,477	2,665
	Indigo	138	Mds.		g-a		***************************************		•	: :	-		9	8	182	500	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
<u> </u>	Crest and colke.	37	Wds.	12,81,690	4,75,419	2	1 Pr 92 4	201.01	200	1 1	25,27,065			12,71,350	12,71,550	57,98,615	* II
	Sill, The	16	Mds.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	8	40	9 9	1	0 0 0 0	!	900		260	613	1,073	1,166	1 596
	Cotton,	15	Mds.	11.000	0 0 0		163			* ;	143	-	1.270	15,090	16,330	16,493	18,900
	Ira, Indian,	1.6	Mds.	1,802	18	10	170	90		*	2,07.6	1	2,14,293	\$2,566	\$,50,5 ₀₃	2,39,933	2,13,234
	Mustard seed.	13	Mds.	•		909		:		:	000		1,361	37,021	38, 382	28.98.28	\$9,730
	Linked.	75	Mds.	:	:		64		***	•			81,506	2,32,656	3,14,132	3,14,193	8,56,339
	Guang. Dags.	=	No.	G01,790	48,300	186,753	1,978,900	27,300	6,500	162,400	2,526,4C3		3,321,450	15,457,400	18,778,850	21,104,293	15,074,724
	Jate,	10	Mds.	:	:			:	1 4 4 6 5				34,778	86,54A	1,01,286	1,01,286	1,31,042
	Total.	Co	Mds.	3,01,408	76,042	57,372	\$2,699	5,036	253	- F60	4,91,910		65,84	7,96,047	8,61,891	13,43,801	18,73,612
	fe d-	ac	Mds.	*	1,481	***************************************	57.6	:		***	3000		7 n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	5,424	5,426	7,478	8,88
	pulser.	-	Mde.	2,02,145	30,315	6,730	ES, Pays	5,547	80 8-1 940	641	2,66,615		11,526	37,000	49.016	8,15,031	9,00,816
	Flour.	9	Mcs.	i	•	781	0,947	21	308		12,115		## · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$1 00° 01	2,417	14,032	
	Wheat	10	Mds.	8,484	255	101	1001	874 473 900			11.922		8,173	2,024	10,190	121.23	nostan de
	(in rice).	•	Mds.	80,799	43,993	50,260	3,500		-1- 004	240	1,60,908		65,745	7,49,692	7,99,635	9,63,038	200
	Paddy.	**	Mds.	3	188	•	:	***		:	1,017		8	4888	88.1-1	5,505	
	200	61	Mda.	192'08	43,358	50,200	2000'2	1	1	91 92	1.88,669		46,748	7,45,857	7,81,630	9,80,188	
	CALCUTA.		To Indian Ports,	Bombay	:	Madens	Hills	Other Indian	Pendicherry	Sind	Total of Inter-		E	Ports	Total of Fareign	Grand Total (1900 of Experts	

H.

IMPORTS INTO CALCUITA:

The following statement shows the several Routes followed by the Trade in the Principal Staples of Traffic imported into Calcutta during the month of July 1900.

IV.

EXPORTS FROM CALCUTTA.

The following Statement shows the Values and Quantities of the Principal Staples of Truffic exported Inland from Calcutta by Rail, Road, River (Country-boat and Steamer), the Calcutta Canals and coasting vessels during the month of July 1900:—

9613	han execut	d		COTTOR PIL	CE-GOODS.	Corron	TWIST.	Salt,	KEROS	INE OIL.	Gunny
Whiti	her exporte	oQ.		Burnpenn.	Indian.	European.	Indian.	Sait.	Prom Calcutta.	From Budge Budge,	bags.
	1			8	3	•	8	6	7	8*	9
	BEHUAL.										
Murd wan	004 855			Ra. 1,54,565	Ba,	Mds. 851	Mds.	Mds. 25,877	Mds.	Mds.	No.
Hichlinia	***			45,778 9,64,365	6.50 51-41	18	761	12,296	25	1,270	74,14 57,8,
Midnapore	191 000	4 + A	000	1,81,709	3,200	1,772	57	41,335	314 8,076	2,175	18,0. 57,6
24-Parennas Unicutta	***	***		2 64,025	7,208	603	*****	12,086	188.8	2,176	11,1
South	*** ***	***	***	2,80,762	*****	1,026	219	\$.924	1,035	6,824	142,4
Mushidahad Jewore	*** ***			77,963	850] 983 1 809	85 1	25,880	2,697	1,572	34.3
actual 3		+ + 4	0.21	18,321 67,8 3	*****	105	71	6,598	1,050	3 4	16,5
Massimhi Frinspiir	141 FEE		001	85,774	210	N I	97	14,301 10,435	724	2,145 1 725	10.8
Jaipaizuri Darpeling	111 1-	***	***	87,288	117 41	80	200	11,008	149 116	3,045 1,783	2,3
Rangpur	120 120		***	3,20,156	*****	97	3 20	15,127	27	2,231	10,5
H-gra Fatina	880 ···	***		1,22,151	*****	117	137 268	37,615	79	22,666	18,0
Couch Behar	144 000	***	3.4 1	\$5,126 4,41,310	912 310	1,655	12	1,3.66	410.44	101711	43,4
Dacen Mymentingh	*** ***			1,34,762		190	81	27,077	56	77 681	20,2
Faridpur Backergunge	-11 000	111		40,835	** ***	422	309	18,955 48,400	2,947 13,400	888 5,439	56,4
Tippern	421 841	***		29,704	1,780	6 16	56	9,175	11	*****	2,6
Nonklinli Chistogong	000		944	60,664	**	160 854	*****	15,475	250	100000	29,1
	l of Bengal			28,05,000	17,043	9,797	3,717	4,66,340			
2 4154	it cir. statettikus		441	001000000			9,111	2,00,00	38,116	1,39,280	658,0
	BIHAB.		1								
	Distant.										
Patrin Gava (27)			***	87,941 48,847	350 15,843	851 124	1,079	87,084 1 14,281	78	18,710 3.715	2,908
Charlend	+41 ++1	1 + 9	411	1.0 .321	*****	87	(1)3	18.064	32	3 890 (19,9
lainn Champaran	107 157		***	76.512	******	380	274	30, 468 8,361	19	1,4% 2,678	12,1
duraffupur Jarbhanga		- * *	***	84,200	*****	,	*****	9, \$102	*****	5,543	3.5
tongbyr	***	***	81	85,718	105	30	1,048	16,62 #	29	5,905 8,771	41,7 7N,7
dimpolpur Turnom	141 888		***	2.73,141	*****	27	346	23, ±48 16, 402	10	8,463	26,8
dalda onthal Parga	*** ***	1 - 2	411	44,000 70,945	210	48 73	460	6,308	******	1,391	15,8
Ottober care Bu	Total of B	lihar	**	11,11,355	16,3.0	1,3%	5,587	2,12,604	198	63,063	37,80
							-	44.24.00	1.00	44,000	527,10
	DRISSA.			- 4							
Surtuck	Per			20,833	200.44	844	200	** **.	В	11,371	1,50
Halmore	110 0.04		Best	\$6,600		987	4,317	12,776	9,324	4,620	32,28
Total of	Orisia	600	**	6 57,189		287	4,583	17,778	0,329	15,991	83,78
Cn of	TA NAGPUI	R.		1000	,						
				20 200							
lashion	*** ***		010	30,309	244382	*** **	90 853	3,905	113 137	200 1,870	1,61
mgabhum	1-1 600	***	**	8,978	79+441	******	000000	4,861	1.7	106	2, 68
Total of	Chota Nag	por		48,790	*** **	*****	481	22,311	267	2,235	7,21
land Total	of Sumplie	es into	the								7.4
Provinces a	oder the L	deuter		8: 00 ARM	83.953						
Governor of	E3 416595977	+47		3:.82,273	enstants .	11.472	14,311	7,14,631	47,809	2,03,57%	1,226,16
Orne	R Provinc	R19.			i						
LRARTI	48 93 497	201		2,92,525	566	771	276	46,819	1,263	9,699	19,89
Oudh	n Provin	ENTE	and	12,46,5mis	7,481	2,145	164				
ented Provi			100	2,73,58	3,610	191	26	20,003	61	23,413 1,760	383,70
kaj mitans un	d Central 1	India	P++	87,0 60 64,9 cm	476	30 E	7		34	8,419	1,87
Berns Nizami's Terri		***		1,020		* *****	000001	******	******	\$80 }	00
Kernelina	101 100		**.	1,944	1,300	*****	re new became	******	7000	*10.00	6.11 71
Madean Pondanherry				07,080	*****	238	*****	******	540	917	235,00
surmali		101		86,371	17,462	621	223	******	167	******	1,200 2
and	100 741				111105	1 114	*****		444.44	** ***	162 40
Frand Total (of (1900	***	400	58,59,584	05,188	15,533	15,051	7,80,916	49,988	2,43,404	4,042,31
	(1899	***	**	44,85,586	40, 21.3	16,630	14,365	6,12,410	¥,95		1,825,22

V.

The Sea-borne Trade of Caloutta in these Staples during the month of July 1900 was as follows :-

. Interpret	INTO CALCE	7 (TOTAL) A		COTTON PH	ECK-GOODS.	COTTON T	WIST.	E-la	Providence at	/2 h
12070180	INTO CALLE		To a softener	European,	Indian.	European.	Indun.	Salt.	Kerosine oil.	Gunny-bage
	1			3	3	4	5	ď	7	8
n Foreign Ports— United Kungdom Ishar foreign ports	000 800 000 505	107 /01 /11	***	Rs. • 1,02,77,765 .0,162	Ra.	Mds. 6,300 837	Mde.	Mds. 4,82,515 3,73,954	Mds.	No.
n Indian Ports-	Total of	Poreign Trade		1,03,38,227		7,166	1	8,58,49,8	2,77,230	803
Bombay Badras Other ports in Madras Burms Other Indian ports		498 + 44		62,573 6,116 67,670	2,05,289 13,189 1,475 600	33	12,162	11,835	37,429	2,100 300 4,850
	Total of Int	terportal Trade	***	1,66,360	2,20,553	203	12,180	11,835	37,128	7,250
Lula	orts in [190 [181			1,01,94,586 1,23,90,189	2,20,553 30,79 6	7,179 9,449	12,189 15,019	5,65,334 5,84,090	8,11,007 4,23,107	8,053

[·] As per tariff declaration value.

VI.

The following Statement shows the several Routes followed by the Trade in the above Principal Staples of Traffic exported from Calcutta during the month of July 1900:-

	Corran ri	RCE-GOODS,	COTTON	Twier.		K EROSI	8 B OIL.	
SPECIFICATION OF ROUTES.	European.	Indian.	European.	Indian.	Salt.	From Calcotta.	From Budge- Budge	Gunny-bags
1	2	3	4	5	1 6	7	В	9
CIFICATION OF ROUTES— By country boats Fives steamers (East Indian Railway Eastern stengal State Railway Hangal-Nagpur Railway Hangal-Nagpur Railway Fond Hengal Central Railway	Rs. 1.53,400 10,50,410 29,30,866 10,62,148 1,65,221 53,618 65,022 2,90,667 1,70,186	Rs. 3,200 61 32,152 600 2,27,5 980 7,164 18,662	Mds. 821 5,008 3,582 2,480 1,048 P34 544	Mda. 323 7,527 9,923 65 1,465	Mds, 2,08,145 2,12,016 2,31,951 1,00,512 2,050 1,071 0,939 6,808 10,428	\$1 d.s. 2010 d.0 1,458 930 1,980 1,980 1,466 522 995 7,540 10,019	Mda. 6,649 48,674 183,077 83,843 15,991	No. 80,067 78,050 1,177,82) 313,813 10,040 52,485 1,485 5,600 2,824,183
Grand Total of Imports in July (1900)	68,82,524	65,188	15,538	15,051	7,80,915	49,438	¥, 13,404	4,048,310
Outro Total of Imports to 2013	44,85,836	46,813	16,030	14,364	6,12,410	2.03	, B. L	1,825,299

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT:

The 18th October 1900.

F. A. SLAUKE, Socy. to the Gort. of Benga.

Meteorological Report of the Province

														STA	TION	OHB	BEVAT	IONS.		
									A	IR PRESS	URR.		V	TIND.			Time	PRRATUI	LB.	-
	fire laton.		Эгрү	ing or		Represen	insiv-	Highest, 8 A.M., barometer read-	Lowest 8 A.M.,	Nean, 6 A.w., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to see-level and constant gra-			Mean velocity in miles daily.	Highest of	Lowest of month.	Meandaily maxi- mum tempera-	Mean daily mini- mum tempera- ture.	Mean daily tom-	- P
		Burdw	rasti	* 0		- Runigani		. 29 81	- "		20-78	1				1	87'5	77-9	82	
1		Birbhu	LIND	+9		201					400		#60°E	7	0 94.	2 72.8	87.4	76'4	811	Θ,
1	Burdwan	Hanku	ra .			. Bankura	4	29 58	29 25	8 29:437	29.66	-	582° E	190	8 944	6 78'6	8619	74.8		
$\ $		Midner	oore			Widnapos	0	29:75	29'41	9 19:611	28-76	7 +*0	04 S88°E	SI		1		77.2	81'8	1
H		Hnoghi	l u	1.0		80181									1				821	8
		L Howre				*****		-	i											
		94-Pare				Shugor fol	und.	29190	29 59	991780	29:70	+ 10	15 S18°E	36	6 99	6 75:1	87:5	7910	88'2	
		Calcute	06	+0	*	Calcutta		29:910		1 20.764	29:78	1 + 100	3 \$48°E	12:	1 Dan	78 2	87*2	77.0	831	
ij	Presidency	Nadia				Krishmage		291891			29"74"	7 -	354°E	13	8 94	8 71.7	6810	77.2	821	В
		Magnite	nanan	•		Berhampe	10	201650			29:74		1	111	941	3 72'8	87.3	77-6	82"	1
		Khulna		+0.0		Jesser		20 0 1	30159	7 29:771	29'75	+ '0:	883°E	8	961	73.7	87.8	77'9	69.8	3
		Rajohai		61		Rampur I	con lin	20186	1 29.20	3 20.727										
		Dinajpi				Dinajour		29.81	1		29:76			110	1	8 72'6	86.9	77.7	83:8	3
		Jalpaig		101		Jalpaguri		39:077			29.805			185			86'6	70'5	91.0	3
I.	Rajohahi	Barjeel	lme	101		Darjeeling		23 168	831967		-	+ .08		. 88			67*6	75.6	81.6	
F	meletrant	Cooch E	Sphar			Cooch Beh	mr	2918 :8	20 -538	39.090	201803		860°E	89	1		(18-4	84'6	60.0	
l		Rangpn	r		,	Rangpur		291927	29.559	29.703	29*/51			88			87'8	76.8	82*2	
1		Водта		- 11		Bogra		201887	29'017	29.756	29 700		6	9 .		1	88.0	74'9	81.8	
I		Pabna		- 0 -		. Sirajganj		29 897	29'G00	29.765	10.764		863°E	31			88'0	77.8	8:2:8	
1		Dagoa				Narayangi	ınj	59:930	29:064	29'804	99.779	+ 108	9 863°E	157			87 5	78.7	63.1	
1	Dacon	Mymani	ningh			Mymensin	æh "	201-898	29.02	29.775	29.785	+ '00	0 Binok	18			86.9	77.7	82.3	
		Faridpu	17	101		Farldpur	4.0	20.012	ZH-680	20.781	29'775	+*04	7 842°E	68	1		87.1	77.6	82'4	
		Backers			٠	. Barisal	0.0	29 939	80.430	39.810	20 708	+105	3 823°E	75	92'3	781	87-8	77.0	8816	
1		Tippera		+ 2-1	9		**		i		29 791	-	850°E	143	94'3	72.8	87.8	76.90	88.3	
0	histagong	Nonkha		•	0.0		**	1	19.061	29*785	29'775	-	858°E	90	92.7	9	87.5	P	P	
		Chittago	-	l Tra	.cte		*	29'863	29'594	29.750	20 785	+ '036	884°E	117	98.0	73.1	87*8	76'2	82'0	
	f	Patna		10>	49	Mankanan		89:717	20.404	29'597	29.733	+ 1081	N75°E	198	94:0	78:2	2010			
		Gaya		. 4		Gava	49.4	29 529	29:270	19'380	89'711	+ '021		191	96'2	71'8	86.6	77-8	62-2	-
					- 1	Denel		2.11660	29.302	19:395	29'702	+*018		319	94.3	66.0	86'7	76.7	81.6	-
	Ĭ	6) ababu	đ	***	- {	Hugar	**	201069	29:437	20.930	29.716	+ '025	887°K	199	94.0	71'1	87.0	76'8	95.0	-
P	wine				(Arrab		201600	29.4 20	29:565	29 708	-	874°E	88	9815	72'5	87'4	77.6	82.5	-
		Unrue		10-	120	Chapra	11	29*718	29.200	19:591	29 726	-	887°E	154	96'8	78'1	89.5	77-2	82.9	-
		Champan		162	194	Mothar	*11	291084	19'488	89-574	29:758	-	N79°E	183	9410	69'8	87.5	75.2	91.9	-
		Muzaffar		001	600	Musafarpu	* ***	99728	29*526	50.010	29.762	-	S788K	99	944	70'2	87.4	76.7	82.0	
	(Darbhan Monghyr		693	101	Darbhanga		29 733	29'521	39'620	20.741	+ '085	875°E	82	94'6	69.0	87'9	77'1	62*2	-
		Bhagalpu		964	004	Bhagalpur		10.7.	00.00											
B	hagalpur	Purnes	-	***	474	Parnes*	491	20'746	29.224	89.089	891743	+ '058	Nec'E	119	94.7	70.1	87.1	77.0	89-1	-
		Malda			401	Malda	197	9 900	5 010	29.692	29.771	+*064	N68oB	211	9618	68.7	86'2	76.4	81'3	-
	l,	Sonthai I	Parjes.		860	Naya Dumk		29:417	29:155	29.289	P	-	870°E	181	95'3	78.0	86.6	77'5	62'1	-
		0			(Cuttack		29'831	29'478	23.668	20.738	+ *035	851°E	109	98.2	70'9	85-9	75:8	80.0	-
		Outtook	**	i e	{	False Point		ND 903	29'544	29.785	89.898	+ '013	846°W	56	94.9	76'9	86'9	76-0	8315	-
01	1100m m	Halusore			{	Halasore	001	29.877	29-623	29 717	29 709	+ "033	817°W	265	93.9	75'3	86'7	78'1	52.4	4
						Shortt's Isla	nd									,,,,	01.1	77.6	62 3	-
	- {	Puri		***	{	Puri	***	20.003	29.239	29.783	29.696	-	867°W	260	93-2	75.6	88.6	79-9	8418	_
		Hannibaa			L	Gopalpur	891	29'890	29'537	29.782	29.693	-	851°W	877	91'3		87.1	77-8	8214	
		Hasaribas Ranchi		66.	- Para	Hasaribagh	***	27-910	27*609	27'753	29.714	+1008	858° E	231			81 7	72.5	77.0	-1
	ota Nag-	Palaman		001	441	Ranchi	***	27770	27.453	97*630	29'707	+ .000	845°E	287	8318		81'6	71.6	76°6	
80	ur	Manbhum		-00	040	Daltonganj Purulia	***	29-174	28.848	281991	29'681	-	N62°E	156	94'1		87.8	74-1	80.8	_
		Brighbhu	A-0	100	100	Chaibagaa	994		28'790	23.957	29.722	-	877°E	36	98.0	72.4	86-6	76'1	81.8	_
		Sibangar		200	001	Sibeagar	***		28.762	28 176	29.686	-	E66°E	12	63.C	70'0	86:3	75.7	81.0]
	*****	Goalpara		000	001	Dhubri	104			19.536	29*837	+ '080	N63°E	84	93-8	76-2	88-9	76-2	82'6	0
		Onchar		rito	000	Bilohar	221			99:721		+ :040	N78°E	86	91-8	76'8	88-9	77'3	81'6	+0
						***		34 044		291764	30-821	+ '070	Calm	88	99'6	78'8	92-3	700	861	+1

engal for the month of September 1900.

	**			1	-			D	ISTRICT OF	BERVATIO	ONG.				
Hen	IDITY.	CE	OUD.						BA	WPALL-					-
-	from		27	D .			Of mo	nth.			Since 16t	h May 19	00.		-
Menth, 8 A.M.	Variation fi	Mean cloud amount, 8 A.M.	Variation from normal mean, & A.M.	Rain-	Mean of dis- trict.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of	Normal mean num- ber of rainy days.	Mesn of dis-	Normal mean.	Variation.	Wean num- berofrainy days.	Normal menn num- berofrainy days.	DISTRICT
89	48	785	-0.8	17.55	19'14	7.76	+11:33	15 80	11'08	48.24	43.90	+4'68	56'60	50.03	
1 /2	-	7.1	_	16:40	20:48	8.80	4 8 8 4 8 0								Burdwana
100	_	7.5	_	16:64	17'87	815	+10'59	16:35	11.92	48-55	48*17	+0:38	57-95	59 73	Birbhum.
88	-	4.5	_	20:44	24*01	9104	+14'57	15.40	11'13	40'97	46.83	-5'86	50'80	86.89	Bankura,
					31.50	8*06	+23:14	17.00	12.13	68'46	47154	+10 02	59:60	56'91	Midnapore,
					85.03	8.07	+26-95	16:00	12.16	6341	45:03	+18'08	6 0*00	60 64	Hooghly,
90	0	7-2	0'3	23-87	38.08	9 10	+28198	17:71	12:46	81.00 66.82	48:38	+21.20	66.00	62:59	Howrah,
10	+3	7.0	-0.3	45165	48155	9:38	+36.23	16:00	13:78	88'42	48:39	+ 32.70	68:14	61.84	14-Pargansie.
18		7'2	***	29:33	22:03	8.13	+13'91	15.80	10'08	50:53	43.54	+33'92	76'00	66134	Calcutta.
0	+4	810	—0°6	21'96	16 21	9.03	+7:19	16:00	11'57	47.50	43.22	+ 4.28	50'07	89.89	Nadia.
10	+3	7.8	-0.0	22.00	24175	7'78	4 17 02	14:60	10 90	61.23	43:84	+17 60	90°60	80-90	Murshidabad
					31.23	8 85	+ 22 38	18:33	12'36	74:17	49'86	+24'81	74:33	67.30	Jesegre,
19	-	714	-	13'76	10.30	10:36	U	11.83	11:40	34'50	46:44	1'94	58'17	87-93	Rhulma.
•	-	8.0	_	14'43	12'10	11:86	+ 0.74	12.75	11:40	68'51	54*09	+9*42	63 75	60'00	Rajahahi,
2	_	316 (6)	_	15'00	11.13	19*04	- 7°91	12:50	13 20	73 91	104.04	-30.13	68125	74*26	Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri,
0	-2	5.8	- 2:1	15*09	12.83	19 58	-6'70	12.75	16.03	95.60	117:49	-21'80	84*50	91 52	Darjeeling.
		. G'9 G'0	_	8:40	11.70	19'38	-7:09	12*25	13.85	73:41	103:98	-30.23	67:00	76'64	Coool Behan
0	_	6.3	_	4'75	0.87 0.10	13.33	-6.53	10'40	11.22	67:10	67:08	+0.05	60.00	60 36	Rangpur.
2		77	_	7.77	11.92	9.34	-3.98	11.50	11.72	53'94	52-11	+1.83	66.38	61.27	Bogra.
	-1	7-7	+0.8	6.63	5:79	8.90	+ 2°21 - 2°90	15.00	11.70	48'12	46°97	+1.12	59150	Qu.88	Pabna.
3	_	7.70	_	10'26	8'45	12:34	-3.80	9160	11.00	44*25	82.72	-8'47	63:60	67.70	Dacos.
	_	6'6		18:55	13.17	8.09	+5'11	19'63	12'83	66,53	68.10	-1.11	63189	67.89	Mymensiegh.
0	-	6-7	-	11'86 (25.07	10.22	+14'50	11:33	11.02	47*41	48.10	-0'75	61.22	67,82	Faridpur.
	_	6 7	-	\$104.5	5.85	9 23	-3.38	10.20	13'80	81.77	65.13	+16'65	76'34	76:01	Baokergunge.
	-	4'0	_	11.95	10100	13.98	-8'98	11'50	11:98	00.40#	54.48	1		63 08	Tippera,
	~-3	69	-0.3	479	7:17	11'64	-4'47	7:00	14:08	91.85	90.67	+1'28	76 80	78'93	Noakhail,
				OAR II	7*63	11.20	-2:97	12100	15 56	74'00 53'65	71:59	-16'00 -17'94	78 Uu	78 7R	Chittagone,
	+3	7*4	+0'4	8150	7:07	6 86	+0.81	10.00	9:04	84:38	88160	-4:31	87.98	46.98	Chittegong Hi
	+8	6'6	-1.0	9.22	8*80	6.40	+ 2.82	1:'89	8:53	80*74	87°45	-0.31	43.17	44'53	Gaya.
		6.8		8:86	10.46	6.83	4.9400								1
	_	ð°5	_	7-90	10 40	0.00	+3:63	18:67	8.09	32:47	36 82	-4-85	42174	46 47	Shahabad.
	_	6.8	_	9.50	8:78	7*60	+1:12)
	_	8.6	_	18:82	18:09	9*50	+3.05	9:00	8.00	81'70	38187	-6·67	40168	46'71	Saran.
	-	6.0	-	974		7:57	1000	7.0 90	8:03	89*65	46-38	- 8.63	52.00	47'80	Champaran,
	-1	6.3	+0*4	12'12	11'88	9-01	+1°67	9:20	9:31	40.04	40.08			48/19	Musaffarpur.
					7*48	7*99	- 0.21	18'95	8.88	40.04	44'16	-3:52	48*40	67'41	Darbhange,
	-	8.0	-	9.88	10:08	9-97	+1*71	11:17	9 96	84'08	41 77	+1'85	48150	66:64	Monghyr.
	P	6.7	+0%	21746	19:66	19'92	+6*74	19:80	11:36	74'84	44189	+9.79	53*50	91.60	Bhamlpur.
	-	72	-	13'97	14'18	11.19	+2'94	12:00	11:71	92.04	46*63	+11'58	28.60	61.18	Purnee,
	-	B-0.	-	14-74	13'96	9*17	+4'09	17:87	11.68	46'49	44:63	+1'68	58 00	57*97	Malda,
	+6	70	+0.4	21.08	19.10	10'86	+8'84	16'75	19'48	61.07	47:61	+13'46	64-19	57 66 56 18	Southal Parga
	-1	80	+0-9	18-26							91	20	0: 20	VU 36	Outless.
	-	B-B	-	1974	19.85	11'22	+8.63	16'29	19:85	65104	47'08	+17.98	60.79	5d:51	,
														00 04	Balasore.
	-	8-8	-	14'37	12'15	10'74	+1'41	15:00	18:06	49.08	44*58	+ 4146	51'20	52.01	Shortt's island.
	49	3-7-		7:11											Puri.
	+3	91	+1'0	13.62	10:97	0.21	+3146	16-17	11.91	40197	45154	-8.87	58:01	86 89	Hasaribagh
		81	-	16'54	18'89	8.76	+10.13	17:67	11:60	50192	45*77	+5'15	61-66	87 67	Renchi.
8		409	-	9190	14'81	7:68	+6'49	16'50	8:81	43:78	43'43	+0.83	54'50	49:48	Palaman.
		8-70	_	15.97	17.58	7.79	+9'79	16'88	11:25	44'91	45*48	-0.57	54:33	67:38	Manhhum.
4	+1	(a) 6°3	-22	18'13	19-17	7.86	+11.21	17:00	13 06	65.53	46-42	+9180	62*75	57'96	Singhbhum
0	- 2	7.6	+0.9	9-74				1							Siboneter.
8	0	7-8	+0%	5:07				`							Goalpara.
			100	0.01					1						Oncher.

23	28	94	ss	26	27	28	90	30	Number of rainy days.	ber of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	fall for the month.	fall during the month.	from 16th May 1900 up to 50th Sept. 1940.	fall from 16th May up to 30th Sept.	Station.	District.	Division.	Meteorological Division.
45	1.11	0.85	1.88	0.04	900	0*04	1.25	:::	13 17	9:42 12:19	18:55 17:55	6.68 8.04 7.02	3:00 3:12 4:50	51°16 44°81 51°18	40°74 43°46 42°46	Kalna Burdwan «	Bufdwan.		
3'78 1'06 3'52 2'50 2'30 2'33 0'65	1°19 0°58 2°12 1°10 0°72 0°73	0:30 0:70 1:64 0:38 0:72 0:10	0.30 0.30 0.30 0.00	0°11 0°84 0°15 0°06 0°16 0°15	0.02	0°39 0°01	1.60 2.23 2.11 0.32 2.02 0.93 1.65	0.08	15 19 15 17 16 17	11'15 11'76 10'64 12'92 9'73 12'95 12'95	19:17 16:49 28:06 19:15 24:19 18:81 19:76	7:55 8:64 9:98 9:67 10:83 9:16	2152 3154 4158 4178 6105 4106	40°69 80°33 49°50 51°24 48°78 44°66	45 36 45 77 50 09 48 84 47 09 46 80	Ranizau]. Mankur. Suri Hetampur. Rempur Håt. Bolpur.	Birbhum,		
1°P1 0°42 0°90 3°05 2°37 ±°97	1°25 1°58 0°84 0°40	0°45 1°13 0°49 1°15 1°88 0°50	0°70 0°14 0°50 2°34 2°90 1°25	0°84 1°38 0°20	000 000	0.09	2.13	000 000 000 000 000	17 18 17 18 16 16	12.60 12.11 11.31 11.81	17'98 21'99 18'63 18'67 14'29 24'14	9 9-03 8-95 6-67 6-79	8'47 8'70 8'95 3'95 2'97 8'50	67:36 50:28 42:61 46:11 33:46 43:91	46:23 48:30 44:79 40:02	Morari. Labpur. Bankura Vishnupur Maliara Khetra.	Bankura.		
3°10 2°13 2°61 2°50 1°22 0°55 3°50 1°30 3°51 0°99 1°74	2°70 1°18 2°10 3°05 0°88 1°96 0°81 1°21 0°87 1°87 0°84	1'85 0'82 0'70 1'07 0'40 4'24 1'24 2'11 3'05 4'13 1'87 1'49	8'25 1'90 0'05 0'20 1'12 2'98 2'38 3'93 6'94 6'62 4'56 3'81	0.70 0.08 0.44 1.75 0.08 0.08	000	0°08	0°40 0°80 0°75 0°15 1°38 1°82	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	17 10 16 15 18 17 18 14 16 15 18	10°58 9°00 10°73 10°64 12°55 9°91 13°03 10°52 12°07 12'50 13°11	10.50 11.73 19.13 11.27 23.58 17.91 26.30 25.82 22.28 18.08 36.40 15.08	8 43 0 51 9 03 8 64 8 80 7 75 11 00 8 47 7 66 9 23 9 03 8 83	2°93 2°61 4°12 1°87 4°46 8°80 4°50 6°04 6°62 4°50 10°82 3°08	46 54 37 23 30 94 35 93 45 26 41 66 70 10 55 39 65 91 46 96 66 14 48 56	44'86'40'85'62'86'40'85'62'86'40'85'43'46'42'48'48'48'48'50'02'	Indas, Kotalpur. Onds. Gungsjalghati Raipur. Sonamukhi, Centai Tamluk. Midnapore. Glintal Kukrabaty. Garhbeta.	Midnapore.	Bardwan	
2°30 2°31 2°00 3°94	1.83	3°08 5°50 5°99	0°47 4°25 2°64	0.30		0.90	3147	***	15	11:76	17*79	? 8:06 7:33	4°25 16'85 9'70	51°17 87°45 63°58	44 54 42102	Panakura, Dantan, Serampore Honghly,	Hooghly.		BEBOAL
2.RS 3.87	1'40 0'50 4'03	0.81	3.20 3.20	0.58	***	0:0	0.41		17	12.48	15.18	8°79 8°07 8°08	2:67 16:05 5:70	38108 75160 57195	48°63 44 82 45°70	Aram bagh (Jahamabid). Howrah Mohesreks	Howrah.		1 1
4-64 3-30 3-57	0.40	1.70	4.08	0.01		***	0.4		16	13.22	27 93 20:87	11:23	7.07 5.16 16.73	56°97 79°42 86°97	64°30 51°03	Saugor Islan Diamond Har-	Ma-Parg Das.		Boura.W
3°86 6°36 6°36 5°18 5°11	0°45 2°70 0°29 1°38 1°04 5 1°96	1°15 0°27 1°30 2°05	0.02 0.22 3 12 4.05	0.1	5	0.5	1 '50 0 '00 0 '00 2 '11 0 '1	 5	15 15 16 25 10	13:18 13:18 13:78 11:79 11:79 11:79	83 1921 .7 167 .45155 .41177 .45154	8:75 9:33 7:74 8:99 8:48	12°25 9°26 14°53 10°78 11-84 10°10	65 '42' 68 80 82 '43' 70 '34 81 '81 92 '68	\$1°15 45°50 43°74 46°40 43°27	Barasat,			
2·81 2·81 1·34 0·9.	0 0 78 5 0 0 0 5 1 0 7	0*45	1.10 1.11 0.4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0.0	0.6	2	1	6 10°6 6 10°3 5 11°7	5 26 m 4 29 m 2 16 5	7'14 7'81 8 5'81	11'67 8 4'12	64'71 65'53 61'11	42'44 40'85 2 43 5	Ransghat Krishnagar. Chuadanga.	Nudin,	.63	1
1°6 1°0 0°4 0°7 0°8 0°4 0°2	6 0.60 5 0.00 0 0.80 0 0.8 0 0.8 0 0.8 0 0.8	0 0 5 0 1 6 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	7 0°2 0 0°1 8 0°3 9 0°3 8 0°3 8 0°3	0 0 % 7 6 1 7 0 0 8 0 0 5 0 6	3	01	08 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 1	8 10°4 6 11°5 4 12°4 12°6 12°6 12°6 12°6 12°6 12°6 12°6 12°6	0 19 5 7 20 6 1 21 9 5 17 0 3 13 7 6 12 4	0 9'4' 7 8'1' 6 10'1 7 9'7' 6 9'2 9 10'0 0 10'2	2 5.33 2 6.67 3 7.90 9 5.54 4 5.90 6 8.60	51'2 55'0 55'7 50'5 50'5 48'3 48'6 48'6	0 46°5 0 43°7 8 45°3 1 45°3 1 45°3 1 46°2 5 46°2	1 Kushtia. 7 Kandi O Berhampore 3 Lalbach. 7 Azinganj. 4 Jangpur. 8 Latgela.	Murshidaba	Presidency	
01	B5 0'3	7 0°7	6 0.3	10	. 1 **		0"	30 0.3	6	3 111 76 10 10 1	12:7 10 25:0	6 8·3 3 H·5	9 8:05 8:05	6118	83.8 3 43.0 9 39.0	S Patkaburi. 5 Dumkal. 7 Saruti	Jessore,		
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00 4 80 4 88 2	*60 2 *57 1 *81 0	12 1 12 1 159 0	07 1 35 02 0	*48 0	15 0	127 142	50	0 00	75 25 38	17	? 31 ? 32 ? 32 ? 33 ? 33	55 61 74	9 9 10 9 9	15 86° 21 86° 25 77°	54 23 61	Paikgachs. Mollahat. Moreliganj.			
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34 6 54 6 08 0 71 71	0.16 0.16 0.15 0.07	010 114 010 011 011	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	0°30 0°30 0°30 0°75 0°50 1°70	0.07 1.26 0.17 1.33	0.23	0.02	2°00 2°00 1°13 1°46 1°12	001 001 000 000 000	15 11 11 11 13 13 15 15 15 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	100 6 133 7 133 13 1 13 1 135 16 1 40 11	75 9 43 11 86 73 779 186 19	146 1 2 7 3 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	06 81 06 43 06 47 60 68 00 57	*82 43 *18 80 *14 *98 *00 69 *30 56	42 Manda. 14 Manda bpu Nithpur Namutganj Ganyaramp Churaman. 48 55 Lamanj. 166 Lamanjur.	Dinajpur,	Date helpf.	BERGAL
27	0.08	257		0°29 0°26 0°07 1°00	0 63 0 99 1 48 0 74	0 18 0 26 0 80 0 87	0.05 0.03 0.13 0.13	2*79 0*93 0*40 2*11 0*01	0*30	9 1 15 11 12 13 1 8 1	0°83 ? 10 ? 2 ? 1 8°64 1 8°60 1 3°80 1	5'06 16 5'09 6'85 7'26 6'86 2 0'10 2 7'86 1	0'46 1 9 4 9 8 2'37 6 0 82 8 8'60 4'35	706 38 785 67 850 69 1760 86 1707 87 532 60 2710 63	(*************************************	Hulughat Thakurgao P Setabganj. Rampanj. Jalpakuri Alipore Du Kalikuta.	Jalpaiguri	. li	Nonth
0105	000	000 000 000	000	0*26 0*83	0.40 0.00 1.63 0.28 0.34	0°09 1°68 0°10 0°09	0°02 0°30 0°38 0°83 0°17	0.18	000 000 000 000 000 000	13 10 10 15 15	P 10''4 15'38 5 15'04 1	8'00 8'39 7 83 3	P 10*97 17*80 17*31	1:50 9 2:70 6 1:33 12 7:55 1 7:39 1 3:51 4	5°96 3°97 18 3°98 10 3°98 10	P Bhagateur (Nagrak u Kalch.mi.) P Hara Siliguri. Sili Darjeeling Kalimpon. P Mungpos.	Durjeelin	6.	

· Overflowed -rain-gauge under water.

Division.	District.	Station.	1	3	3	6	5	6	7	8	•	10	11	18	13	16	15	16	17	18	19	
actuded.	Seran	Hettimn	0.45 0.86 0.70	0°06	0.10	0.16	101 abd 001 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	1°13 0°25 0°27 1 12 1°90	0.69 1.11 0.41 0.41 0.22 0.72 0.08 1.00 0.98	0°15 0°27 0°07 0°21 0°95 0°07 0°48	0.01	0°61 0°06 1°15 0°80 0°58 0°20 1°66	0°01 0°01 0°01	0°86	0.00	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	016	0.65 0.08 0.13 0.23 0.54 0.27 0.06 0.30 0.25 0.30	0.08	000 000 000 111 100 570 411 647	
Patne co	Mussfarpur	Hagelin Burnurwa Ramnagar Bitamarhi Muzaffarpur Hajipur Paru Mahuwa	0.48 0.17 0.25 0.64 0.86	0'14 0'13 0'03	0°87	0.23	100	0.70	0°84 0°84 0°90 1°80 0°23	por	**************************************	0°57 1°10 0°58 0°27 (°17	0-10	0.27	0°H0 2°25 0°13	0.88	000 000 000	***	0'79 0'27 0'08	0.09	000 011 000 000 000 000	
	Darbhanga	Bhluhar Pupri Tajusi (Samas tipur). Darbhanga Madhubani Balera Rosera	0-18	0°18 0°06 0°01 0°07	0.10	000 000	000 000 000 000	***	1 82 6'02 0'32 0'95	070	900 101 900 111	0.60 3.34 5.65 4.63 4.63 2.40 8.30	0·10 1·28 1·70 1·19 1·98 0·71 0·25	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	001	000	0.11	0'14	0°47 0°47	0.09	0°00	
	Monghyr	Monghyr Javnu Gogri Jamalpur Shakai Bamde Chupreon idhour Kharapur Muahpura	0°15 0°01 0°10 0°15 0°77 0°08 0°48 0°48	0°05	0°14 0°42 0°07 0°66 0°19 0°17	611 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111	0.11	0.00 0.90 4.25 0.16 0.39 0.06 0.70	0°58 0°07	0'44 0'05 0'07 0'15 0'03 1'84 0'12 0'03	0.07	0°32 0 06 0°30 1°14 0°08 0°50 0°15	0°25 2°96 0°11 1°09 0°77 7°20 1°06	000	000 441 000 114 001 000 000 000	010 014 004 001 000 000 000 000 000 000	0°04 0°90 0°11	0°18 0°51 0°28 0°18 0°06	0°16 0°04 0°18 0°40	0°11 0°23 0°17 0°28 0°29 0°90	0.10	
Bharalpur.	Parnes	Bongaon (Nyfabad). Bippul Pratapganj Huagatpur Banka Coigong Bansti Kushanganj Araria Purnea Gondwara	1'17 2'44 0'41	1.73	0:37 0:21 0:12 0:56 1:04	0.10	0.84	4'06 1'15 1'75 1'03 0'21 0'57	0°82 2°50 0°05 0°84 0°35 3°50 4°61 0°89 2°90	0'08 0'08 0'01 0'09 1'04 0'30 0'44 0'78	0°10 0°75 0°15 1°27	1*83 0*85 0*16 0*08 2*22 0*26 7*35 3*40 2*50 0*80	0.07 0.47 0.11 0.33	000 000 000 000 000 000 000	0.80	0.05 4 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	0.40	0°04 0°80 0°43	0.20	0°32 0°19 0°50	0.01	
	Maida Sonthal Per	Chanchal Gajol Sibganj	0°18 0°12 0°21 0°08 0°15 0°29 0°17 0°08	0°06 1°92 0°06 0°16 0°16 0°16 0°62 0°68 0°68 0°61 1°10 0°19	0°80 0°13 0°06 0 57 (°65 1°86 0°22 0°20 0°11 0°59 0°49 0°29 0°49 0°29	0°10 0°26 0°15 0°10 0°13 0°10 0°18 0°41 0°20	0°04 0°06 0°11 0°10 0°87 0°08	2:80 0:22 2:21 0:03 0:40 0:20 0:18 0:40 0:40 0:40 0:40 0:40 0:40 0:40	1'00 3'77 4'10 0'16 1'12 0'06 6'17 0'20 1'60 4'20 0'23 0'15 0'97 0'23 1'00 1'64 0'88	0°22 1°83 4'40 1'40 1'502 0°45 0°22 0°33 4'05 0°14 0°57 0°57 0°57 0°57 0°57 0°57	1°36 0°60 0°83 0°04 0°18 0°10 1°16 0°78 1°15	5°30 0°45 0°20 1°10 0°35 0°38 1°46 0°38 1°20 0°20 0°36 0°37 0°20 0°37 0°37 0°37 0°37 0°43 1°46 0°43 1°46	0°08	0"25	0.25	9*40 	0°08 0°28 1°30 0°67 0°67 0°09	0°04 0°10 0°32 0°25 0°26 0°36 0°26 0°46 0°46 0°46 0°46	0'55 0'80 0'01 0'01 0'01 0'10 1'27 0'37 0'87 0'80 0'03 0'03 1'27 0'80 0'45 0'45 0'45	0°06 0°10 0°10 0°46 0°07 0°82 0°11 0°32 0°16 0°17 0°18 0°18 0°18	0°05 0°05 0°05 0°05 0°05 0°05 0°05 0°05	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	Cuttack Balasore	Hariki Cuttack Falm Point Kendrapara Jujpur Dharmmala Balipur Akhyapada Cumudhali Hhadrak Soro Balasore Jelissoro Baripada Furi Khurda Hhanpur Gop Safpara Pipli Nagagarh	0.61	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0°16 0°06 0°14 0°18 0°45 0°08 0°84 0°25 1 3°95 0°61 0°84 1 3°95 0°61 0°84	1'12 0'27 0'15 0'87 0'67 0'68 0'68 0'68 0'13 0'42 0'13 0'42 0'13 0'13 0'13 0'13 0'13	0.05 0.05 0.04 0.14 1.47 0.26 0.38 1.07	0°30 0°02 0°36 0°12 0°35 0°18 0°01	0°50 C°19 0°25 0°37 0°16 1°11	0°02 0°10 1°66 0°37	0.48	000		0108	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	0*10	0'40 2'20 1'62 2'60 1'86 0'23 1'98 0'02 0'26 1'07 0'80 0'24 1'65 0'30 2'50 0'50 0'50 0'60	0°85 0°71 2°68 0°88 1°38 5°86 0°80 2°07 2°56 0°19 0°18 0°18 0°18 0°18 0°18 0°18 0°18 0°18	1'34 4 87 2'40 3'38 3'31 2'57 1'43 0'60 1'30 0'80 1'30 0'80 1'30 0'80 1'30 0'50 0'50 0'50 0'50 0'50 0'50	1 "96 5 '40 1 '20 0 0 '85 \$ '20 8 45 \$ 2 '28 \$ 2 '24 0 '25 \$ 2 '28 \$ 2 '24 0 '25 \$ 2 '	0 73 0 97 0 97 0 97 0 97 0 97 0 97 0 97	0257055770250 8110

	28	28	34	26	26	5 2	7	88	20	20	umber rainy di	her of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Awrage rain- fall for the month.	Heaviest rain- fall during the month.	from 16th May 1860 up to 30th Sept. 1960.	Average rath- fallfrom 16th May up to 30th Sept.	Station.	District.	Division.	Meteorological	٠.
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26105	2:35	2.85	2 10	0.49	0102	0.30	0.20	0.00	*41	15	11°00	20:24	7:05	4:80	61.80	42163	Baruhabhum.			
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SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1900.

The main features of the weather during September were-

(1) the comparative absence of cyclonic storms over the north of the Bay;

(2) the relatively high pressure in the east and north of the Province and the consequent absence of rainfall in North and East Bengal and Assem as compared with what is usual in ordinary years;

(3) the period of disturbed weather during the third week of the month, which culminated in the exceptionally heavy rainfall in Lower Bengal between the 19th and 22nd.

In the early part of the month weather conditions were not entirely without signs of disturbance over the Bay, but they were very slight and were not sufficient to cause any great increase of wind force. A slight depression passed westward at the beginning of the month, causing rainfall in considerable amount during its passage across the central parts of the country; and the steeper gradient which followed was probably the cause of the increase of wind velocity during the first week in the north-west angle of the Bay and to some distance south on the west coast. Weather inland during that time was such as usually occurs in September in the interval between the occurrence of cyclonic disturbances cloudy and showery, but with less rain than usual in the eastern districts. In fact, the high pressure which generally prevailed in the north and north-east of the Province was causing the usual deflection westward of the monsoon current.

During the early days of the month winds were much more easterly than usual, and almost every station in the Province reported the wind direction to be due east. This arrangement of the winds continued till the 5th, when, the shallow depression which had during these early days been crossing Central India began to move northwards, the area of lowest pressure in the west of the Province moved northwards and southerly winds became general. Rainfall became more heavy in the northern districts for some days after that change, and till about the 9th ordinary monsoon weather prevailed.

About that date pressure began to fall in the south-east of the Bay and extended northwards, the effect being most marked in North Bengal and the adjacent part of North Bihar. The change of winds from southerly to easterly or north-easterly in the northern districts which began about the 9th was accompanied by very heavy rainfall and a rapid fall of temperature. This rainfall was probably caused by local disturbances due to the change of winds, as it lasted for only a day or two, and did not extend to other parts of the Province. But the falls of those days amounted to several inches, and were the heaviest that fell in North Bengal during the month. At the same time in East Bengal there was an almost entire absence of rainfall.

The changes of pressure during the few days subsequent to the 10th were nowhere of large amount, but the shallow depression over the Bay became slowly more definite and drifted northwards. Light northerly winds prevailed over the Province, and rainfall to a large extent ceased. The low temperature which had followed the heavy rainfall in the northern districts ceased, and high temperature for the season prevailed in all districts. Weather was in all respects such as obtains during the early stage of a cyclonic disturbance over the Bay.

As the depression moved northwards, heavy rain began on the Burma coast, and on the 15th it was general and fairly heavy in East Bengal and Orissa. On that date a widespread diffused depression lay over the Province, with readings in defect by about '08 inch in Bengal Proper and Assam; and a moderately steep gradient was shown over the Bay. This arrangement of pressure was such as usually occurs when a diffused depression has moved northwards from the Bay, and is usually accompanied by general mousoon weather and probably heavy rainfall.

Before the following day an important change had occurred. Pressure began to rise in the north-east and fall in the south-west of the Province: the area of lowest pressure was transferred to the north-west angle of the Bay, and a well defined cyclonic circulation of winds surrounded the depression whose centre was off the Orissa coast at no great distance from False Point. The pressure variation from the normal was still insignificant. There was defect at all the northern stations, but less than 1 inch, except at Saugor Island and False Point, where it was 12 inch. The depression was therefore one of slight importance and considerably below the average depth at the end of the monsoon season. By 8 a.m. on the 17th the centre had moved westward across Orissa, a depression of slightly greater extent lay over the Sou h-Western districts, and winds were south-westerly on the Orissa coast, the highest velocity being 17 miles an hour at Saugor Island. Rainfall continued

general, except in the extreme north of the Province, and the heaviest falls were about inches in Balasore. Ordinary monsoon weather prevailed with a moderately steep pressure gradient and moderately strong southerly winds over the Bay.

During the 24 hours following 8 A.M. on the 17th, an unusual change had occurred. The depression having moved westward and pressure increasing in the east, the customary change would be an increase of pressure in Bengal; but there was a brisk fall over Lower nearly 2 inch below the normal. Round this centre winds were eyelonic, but there was still change from the previous day. By 8 A.M. on the 19th the centre of low pressure which was briskly in Bengal Proper, and was falling slowly in the South-Western districts. The Orissa and the adjacent parts of South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur, so that there was a inland stations.

The exceptional rainfall appears to have begun by this time, as Saugor Island reported 5 inches during the 24 hours previous to 8 A.M. on 19th, and a few hours later the rain began in Calcutta. What appears to be the most significant fact towards explaining the heavy rain of the two succeeding days is the south-westerly wind at Saugor Island, a distribution which is almost diametrically opposite to what might be expected from the pressure became even more marked before it disappeared on the 22nd, when with a similar pressure distribution the direction was E. S. E.

distribution the direction was E. S. E.

If the wind had been light and variable on those days, this discrepancy in direction as compared with neighbouring stations in Bengal might be overlooked, but velocity was steadily increasing, and on the 20th averaged 36 miles an hour. What may be a possible explanation is that the area of low pressure which was near Saugor Island on the 18th did not pass westward, that it ceased to be felt at the ground level, but continued to exist in the upper region of the atmosphere over South-West and part of East Bengal. This would account for the south-westerly direction of the wind at Saugor Island, the centre of disturbance having been in that case transferred north-eastward. It would also account for the cyclonic circulation of the air which alone could produce the fall of 20 to 30 inches in two days over an area, including the greater part of the 24-Parganas, the Sunderbans, Howrah, and Khulna But as the pressure changes at the ground level give no indication of the existence of deficient On the 20th the difference from normal pressure at Culcutta was only '04 inch, and on the 21st it was '05 inch, in both cases defect. The rainfall diminished in amount rather quickly towards the west and north, and less quickly towards the east. For the week ending at than 30 over a tract of country about 30 miles in breadth extending northwards from the sea coast to a little north of Calcutta, and from there eastward as far as Khulna. Fells of more than 15 inches occurred over the greater part of the Sunderbans, Backergunge, Khulna, 24-Parganas, Jessore, and Burdwan.

The rising pressure in the east continued during these days, and the pressure gradient became gradually steeper over the greater part of the Province and the Bay, but on the 22nd the rise became general over the Province, the low pressure area moved westward, and rainfall to a large extent ceased in Lower Bengal. There were still falls of 2 to 4 inches, but these were mostly in the South-Western districts. The rise of pressure moved westward, and readings were in excess over the whole area from the 23rd onwards till the 27th, when the depression having recurved and moved northwards affected weather and caused heavy rainfall in the west of Bihar. On the 28th the disturbance ceased to exist, the depression having broken up on reaching the Himalayas.

While the heavy rain was falling in south of the Province, very little fell in North Bengal and Bihar, but temperature was unusually low over almost the whole area. Defect was greatest in the region of heavy cloud and rain, and was for several days on an average little short of 10° below the normal. In the Central and Northern districts defect varied from 5° to 8°. This defect slowly disappeared, and it was not till the 27th that mean temperature was approximately normal over the greater part of the Province.

At the end of the month after the depression finally disappeared, the pressure distribution rapidly changed. Pressure fell over the Bay and rose inland, so that readings became highest in the northern districts and lowest in the south, the first indication of the approaching change of season. Light northerly winds prevailed with comparatively low temperature, except in the extreme east, cloudless skies and only a few scattered showers.

Pressure changes were never very large at any time during the month, as the only depression. viz., the one which occurred in the third week and give rise to the heavy rainfall in Lower Bengal, was of less than average depth, but there was a very steep pressure gradient from east to west on the 20th and for some days before and after. The main feature of the distribution almost throughout the month was the relatively high pressure in Eastern districts

and low pressure in the south-west, so that the winds were more easterly than usual over the Province. This had an important effect on the rainfall distribution, as North and East Bengal received considerably less than the usual amount and all other divisions amounts largely in excess of the normal. The average excess for the month was more than '05 inch in Assam, North Bengal, and the eastern half of East Bengal, about '03 meh in Bihar and the Central districts, while pressure for the month was practically normal in the south of Orissa.

Temperature was unusually low over almost the whole Province during the period of disturbed weather which continued from the 19th for several days. This low temperature was later than usual in ceasing after the disturbance was over, and had not altogether disappeared till the close of the month. Previously there had been considerable excess, and in the early part of the month practically normal temperature prevailed, so that the means were not affected to any great extent by the low readings of the latter half. Mean detect for the month was 1°-4 in Bihar, 1° in Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal, and half a degree in North Bengal. Elsewhere the difference from the normal was small.

Rainfall was comparatively light in the Eastern districts, but in the south and west there was everywhere a large excess owing to the exceptionally heavy rain which was caused by the disturbance at the end of the third week. The average fall for the whole of South-West Bengal was 24 inches, Orissa 18, Chota Nagpur 16, Bihar 11, and East and North Bengal about 10.

The variation from the normal in these divisions was on an average excess of 15.5 inches in South-West Bengal, 7.6 in Chota Nagpur, 7 in Orissa, and 2.4 in Bihar, defect of 3.2 inches in North Bengal and about 1 inch in East Bengal.

It will be seen from the above average figures that the rainfall for the month did not differ to any great extent from the normal amounts, except in the South-Western districts, where the heavy falls occurred at the end of the third week, and with regard to these it is unnecessary to give a detailed account as they are fully reported in the rainfall table accompanying this summary. The heaviest falls occurred in the 24-Parganas, the Sunderbans and Khulna, from which amounts diminished rather rapidly in all directions, but most towards the west and north. The heaviest falls for the month were 51 inches at Kaliganj in the Khulna district, 46 inches at Seranpore, Alipore and Barasat, and more than 40 inches at Howrah, Diamond Harbour, Barrackpore, and Dum-Dum. Most of the falls in Midnapore were between 15 and 25 inches, in Burdwan under 20 inches, Nadia between 15 and 20 inches, in Jessore about 20 inches, so that falls of more than 30 inches were almost all in the 24-Parganas and the adjacent parts of Khulna and the Sundarbans.

The variation from the normal is very great over the whole of South-West Bengal and large in Orissa and Chota Nagpur, dim nishing from upwards of 30 inches over the greater part of the 24-Parganas and parts of the adjacent districts to about 1 inch in the west and north-west of the Province. In the east, over the greater part of North Bengal and the eastern half of East Bengal, there was everywhere deficient rainfall. Defect was about 5 inches in Chittagong, and in North Bengal it ranged up to 23 inches at Baxa. Over the greater part of Jalpaiguri district it was over 10 inches and in Cooch Behar 7 inches. In Behar excess amounts varied from about 1 inch in the west to nearly 10 inches in the Purnea district.

The following table gives a condensed summary of the rainfall statistics of the present year up to date for each meteorological division, the first nine columns giving the actual average falls in each division for each month expressed as a percentage of the normal, while the tenth column gives the actual rainfall of the first nine months as a percentage of the normal rainfall for that period:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.		January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	Actual rainfall of first nine months of 1900 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
South-West Bengal	***	60	140	26	156	88	84	79	91	280	118
North Bengal		73	117	61	64	78	105	122	47	76	87
East Bengal		9	184	98	84	62	117	112	78	92	95
Bihnt		888	88	4	49	80	130	95	61	.127	9.1
Oriana		6	83	117	157	89	83	90	174	85	127
Chota Nagpur		426	60	21	388	82	93	61	99	194	107

The following table contains full data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfall of the month of September in all districts of the province. The figures are derived from the average and actual rainfall of the rain-recording stations in each district, due allowance or weight being made for the area which each station represents. This gives a more accurate average than the arithmetical means given in the monthly meteorological tables.

The first column gives the normal or average district rainfall as determined from the rainfall observations of the past 25 years; the second column gives the actual district rainfall as determined from the weighted actual rainfalls of the month at the reporting stations in each district; the third column expresses the ratio of the actual district fall of the past month to the normal rainfall as a percentage; and the fourth column states as a percentage now much the district rainfall for the month varied from the normal:—

Purcentage Table for September 1900.

Division,	Diares	c1.		Normal district ra.ufatt for September.	Actual district runniall for September 1909.	Perceptage of actual to normal ranges H.	Vermutare, ex- cess (*), dries (*),
South-Wort Bengal	Burdwan Birbhum Bankura Midnapore Hooghly Howrah 24-Parganan Calcutta Natia Murshidabad Jessoro Khulna			7 62 10 18 8 51 8 51 8 96 8 94 9 83 8 15 9 82 7 81 5 85	17:02 19:10 18:47 22:7 29:82 38:59 89:97 45:5, 22:14 18:48 25:01 81:23	231 188 217 265 87') 417 417 488 272 188 820 363	+191 + 88 +117 +165 +270 +317 +347 +388 +172 + 88 +220 +253
North Bengal {	Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpatguri Darjeeling Cooch Behar Rangpur Bogra Pabna	*** *** *** *** *** ***		10 68 11:39 21 71 15:67 19:69 13:45 10:92 9:34	11:65 15 18 13 65 14:07 12:81 8:93 6:19 11:66	110 133 63 90 65 68 48 124	+ 10 + 38 + 37 - 10 - 35 - 34 - 52 + 21
East Bengal	Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur Backergunge Tippera Noakhali Chittagong Chittagong Hills Tra	 	000	8:84 12:37 8:16 10:91 10:00 14:82 13:18 11:60	6 03 9 19 13:60 26:30 6 69 10:67 7:76 7:58	68 74 167 2/2 67 72 59 66	- 32 - 26 + 67 + 132 - 33 - 28 - 41 - 34
Bihar	Patna Gaya Shahabad Saran Champaran Muzaffarpur Darbhanga Monghyr Bhagalpur Purnea Malda Sonthal Parganas			7.01 6 69 6.89 7.55 9.81 7.97 9.68 7.91 9.18 13.28 11.04 9.48	6:97 8:77 10:09 8:86 13:54 0:11 12:77 7:59 11:57 20:53 13:02 13:23	99 131 147 117 138 114 138 96 126 155	- 1 + 31 + 47 + 17 + 38 + 14 + 33 - 4 + 26 + 56 + 18 + 40
Orissa {	Cuttack Belasore Puri	***	***	10:21 11:37 10:67	19:78 19:36 12:87	194 170 121	+ 94 + 70 + 21
Chota Nagpur {	Hazaribagh Ranchi Palamau Manbhum Singhbhum	***	000 000 000 000	8:65 9:37 7:81 7:74 7:81	11:71 17:59 11:76 17:47 19:36	135 186 151 226 248	+ 35 + 86 + 61 + 126 + 148

1728 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, OCTOBER 24, 1900.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the Province for the month of September 1900:—

							THMI	BRATE	TRE					KAIRI	PALL.			
					ng taonth.	g month.	-	Turage mont		of month.		Of mo	onth.	2	siny d	nya.	of	oe 1611 May
Mura Di	J INTO	OOIGA	L		Highert observed during	Lowest observed during	Of highest of each	Of lowest of each	day, day	lverage mean of month of below normal mean of n	Average.	Normal average.	Variation,	Average number in month.	Normal average num-	Variation,	Average.	Normal average.
South-West Ber	laya		29)	001	95.9	71.7	87.6	77.6	82.5	-0.8	24.13	0184		1		1		
North Bengal	444	.,.			96'2	701	87.4	70.7	H2*1	O'B						+3.86		
East Bengal		954			9418		87.3				10.83		-3.19	19.07	12.10	-0.03	60.28	67:78
Mhar								77'5	P.84	+ 0.1	9'84	10.09	-0.89	9180	12'63	-2'82	65.18	16:34
herman	- 51	-6	**	***	96'8	6510	87-1	76'8	82'0	-1'4	10.04	8.20	+2185	11'78		+2 25		
.,	+44	* 61	٠		54.8	72'6	8717	78'3	88.0	-0.8	17'68	10.78	+6'96					
Ibota Nagpur		,		10.	93 61	67.00	83:2"	73.20	78.20	-1.00		6'12				+3'41		46:67
Anomin	40.4	***			9.00	72'3	89.0	76'5		+0'4	.0 73	0 13	+7.61	16'74	11.03	+5'71	46'11	45'24

[·] Daltonganj and Purulia not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL, The 23rd October 1900.

O. LITTLE,
Meleorological Reporter to the Gost. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 14th to 20th October 1900.

			0 9	Uarometer		TEMP	EKATUE	ik.		Hyuro	MKTRY		WIND.				
Month.	Date	Maximum in sup.	Number of hours bright sunshine,	Mean pressure baro	Мевп	.yaziwum.	Hange	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour temine.	Daw pount.	Humidity.	Pearailing of rec-	Miles recorded.	Rom	WRA	rftum.
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71	15th	144.6	7.8	·881	80-8	90-1	15-1	75 0	74-5	•771	714	75	W by N, WNW and calm	53	,,	Partially	oloudy
10	16th	147-6	91	-893	80-4	90%	15-8	71-8	78 8	-747	70-5	71	NW by W and	60	93	Chiefly	alea
13	17th	142.6	6.5	-938	75.4	80 0	17-6	72-1	73-5	.748	70.5	76	E, WNW and	32	> p	Partially	cloudy
3 9	1841	143*3	9-4	951	79.8	89•1	18.3	70-8	73-4	· 73 8	70-1	72	NW by N, WNW and calm.	63	**	Chiefly	oleni
	19th	141-8	8-1	904	79-2	88-1	17 3	70-8	70-1	•627	65-4	62	N by W and NNW	75	13	Chiofly	clo u
	20th	141 6	8-4	-887	78-5	86.9	16.5	70-1	72 2	•707	68-9	73	NNW	62	51	Partially	oloudy
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	tota	l fall	of ra	in from	14th	to 2	Oth C	perio	d fo		• • •		Surveyor-Gene	ral's		77 Inches. Nil	
	tota			lst Jar of the	nuary	to 20	th O		1900				Surveyor-Gene	100		0.8 5 39.26	

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from eye observations.

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet

above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Material original Office, and hased on Regnault's modifications of August's formula. the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground. a, dew.

METHOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA,

Office

G. W. KUCHLER,

Alipore (Ca'outtu), the 23nd October 1900.

For Meteorological Reporter to the Goet. of Inaia and Director-General of Indian Observatories.

Vital Statistics of Tours in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the mouth of August 1900.

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		Towns.	20	1. Burdwen 2. Nikanajore 3. Nikanajore 4. Ses ampoya of 7. Sankipan 1. Sankitala 1. South Schulu San 1. South	population of 20, not and over	Average of the correspond- ing month of previous five years	Difference + er -	OFFICE OF SAMILARY COMMISSIONER FOR
		Districts	-	Bordwan Historych Hoorphy Bowrah Bowrah Se-Pargansa Rajsamhi Ratia Ratia Ghangarau Maraffarpur Barahanga Maraffarpur Barahanga Maraffarpur Barahanga		*		OFFICE OF

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Statement of yoods traffic for the month of June 1900, compared with the corresponding period in 1809.

Discription of Goods,	18	90;	19	00.	Incr	Miler,	Dec	rouse;	Explanation of fluctuations by the Traille Manager,
i.—Apparel, including drapory, lunierds-liery, milliony, uniforms, accountements, boots and shows.	Tona.	Me.	Tons.	Ro. 131	Tons.	131 131	Tons.	Ra.	
11.—Coal and Cohe carried for the Public and Poreign Bail- ways,	5,800	9,000	8,847	7,680	450.00	900100	1,835	1,000	Loss demand,
III.—Cotton—	29	489	53	183	34				
(a) Twist and (European (b)) yarn, (Indian	10	98	8	60		>======		216	
(c) Piece-goods European	207 955	7,107	- 26K 54G	3,025	61	P34	449	3,162	
(e) Others	194	1,077	148	1,044	\$01900 \$01900	000.00	46	232	
IV.—Chemidale, excepting saltpetre	- 000-01	*****	000104	*******	60110	****	******	100.00	
V.—Drum— 1. Intoxicating, other than oppure. 2. Non-intoxicating—	13	171	40	682	2.7	41)	200 004	#00 soq	
(a) Meticinal prepar-	*****	*****	000***	*****	101.5.	405444	gou***	**********	
(8) Others	74	740	230	1,707	103	961		****	
1. Al (Molinda citrifolia) 3. Alizarine and anti-ne	800 174 003 480	******	****** &			41	230 400	*********	
6. Myrabolams	16 43	166 150	76	477 8	62	871	*****	*****	
6. Tauning barks	95	729	1	1,016	100-1-	******	1 1444	142	
s. Othors	23	167	105	1,016	10	287	*******	41	
VII.—Fodder— 1 Olicake 2. Hay, straw and grass	######################################	000 - 00 000 - 00	704 260	1,734	704 260	1,784	******		
VIIIPiuite and vegetables, fresh	405741	****	158	Shis	186	263	*** *	104***	
1X.—Grain and Pulse— 1. Gram and pulse	6,769	28,0 ₀₀	0.000					140107	
2. Jawar and bajra 8.2 man (in the hank	3,343	210 9,3/3 A	6,281 79 6,450	\$1,067 157	31	000120	526	1,422	
a, Wheat	9,402	24,314 71,917	18, F83 - 4, 283	24,170/ 00,133 12,6 0	2,116 8,650	15,045	40000	59,327	Demand for family district.
6. Wheat-flour	480	1,384	1,392	8,320 667	1,352	3,320	8,675	******	Less demand.
S. Others	18,380	61,789	15,744	69,670	304	100.000	827	2,119	
1. Hides of cattle— (a) Dressed or tanged (b) Raw	8 868	26	500.114		******	0 4 -10	8	26	
2. Skins of sheep and other animals—	003	9,704	508	2,584	******		48	212	
(a) Dressed or tanged (b) Raw	196	18 880	164	6 882	Bess	\$46220	.1	7	
X1,-Horms	18	117	8	40	100000	32	13	88	
XII.—Hemp (Indian) and other librer, excluding jute,	+++000	*******	2	228	2	92	******	131111	
III.—Juta—	4-					- 1			
1. Gunny-begu and cloth	1,833	7,376	1,187	6,499	*****	******	15 166	80 878	
XIVLao	100	837	103	470	8	133	100000	******	
XV.—Leather— 1. Unwrought 2. Wrought, excepting	801000	000000	,	20	2	90			
. boots and shoes.	37	81	. 2	11	*****	1	16	70	
XVI,-Liquora-	В	40							
2. Spirits of all kinds, including country	101111		6	34	490000	******	8	6	
3. Wine	19	116	23	014					
All other sorts, includ- ing foldy and fer- mented liquor, other			000111	216	6	100	994 94	*****	
than ale and beer.	1								
VII Metala- 1. Brass, unwrought	8	86	16						
3. Copper, unwrought	53	9.63.4	87	93 430	85 -	36 75	******	454 000	
5. from and atcel	3	32	4	89	3	17	**************************************	******	W3-22.1
(b) inwrought (c) Wrought	014101	41111	79	563	79	863	Se est	*****	
(d) Manufactures	365	2,006	569 121	3,259	2: 4	658 888	000000	401000 DM1100	
III.—Oila—	157	886	119	886	******	*****	88	200	
1. Kerosine Oastor	689	2,425 128	1,407	4,929	718	9,497	441300	en baa	Demand,
S. Coconnut	9	63	39 130 9	145 088	127	17 620	10-444	******	- Timena
6. Others	11	60	36	58 321	95	841	** ***	******	

DESCRIPTION OF GOODS.	10	190.	19	00.	Incr	9000,	Dec	reass.	Explanation of fluctuations by the Traffic Manager.
	Tons.	Sho,	Tour.	In.	Tone.	The.	Toma.	Ba.	
X [X.—Oilereds—	175	714	840	9,500	674				
2. Barthuute	19,188	55,680	18,896	69,010	*****	1,796	001020	000 ,	
4. Poppy	1,492	5,861	1,707	7,672	615	3,330 1,811	729	*****	
5. Rape and mustard 6. Til or jinili	3,231	7,915	2,256	6,433	25	538	** ***	104447	
7. Others	4,354	. 16,125	7,803	47,562	3.238	11,437	11 000	*****	Payoumble market
XX.—Opłum	70	1,683	898	8,196	818	6,622	44444	54554	SEACONING INSTERNA
XXIPaper and Pasteboard	10	71	37	236	27	185	000+00	*****	
XXII.—Provisions— 1. Uriod with unit wate 2. Ghee 3. Others	101 1,287	53 <u>9</u>	96 116	741	57 15	800 210	000000	866 100	
	£,5007	4,605	1,901	5,378	000000	618	96	4 7 4 5 8 4	
STIII.—Railway Plant and Rolling Stock carried for the Public and Foreign Railways—						-			
 Locomotive engines and tenders and parts thereof. 	605 gast	4 00 000	A0101 P	******	400100		244473	A # # 800	
2. Curriages and trucks and parts thereof.	******	*****	******	150000	dof bhd				
6. Materials -								111 100	
(a) Steel rails and fish-plates.	040000	504***	10 4 2 000	400 500	800 +++	800 000	355449	110000	
(à) Bleepers and keys of wheel and must- iron.	7	9	de ;	89 :	8	16	deserve :	764100	
(e) Others	D. 190	7,118	10,323	20,484	******	mgh s a .	909243 3	******	
	9,118	17,110	10,323	30,400	1,205	1,308	000111	******	
- abonatidos		1							
1. Saltpetre	408	1,573	714	3,960	216	388	500***	*****	
HEVY.—Silk—				1			200000	84+111	
1. Baw-						l i			
(a) Foreign (b) Indian	9	98	744400	107.00	110114	991 000		ent per	
2. Piece-goofts—			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					_	
(a) Foreign on and (b) Indian on on	*****	*****	tidages A	111100	*116007			101400	
XXVIISpices-		Andreas (WW.951	1000 0111	# OFF STATE	180000	titlenes .	1 \$10 ells 1	
1. Beteinate	724	1,012	398	1,512	14	\$08	Mette	500	
S. Cardamoms	166	1,348	1000	2.040	107	809	143	1,000	
6. Ginger	10	80	8	41	*****	86	2	19	
5. Pepper	12 196	1,969	28 353	178 1,797	10 157	86 528	117000	00000	
LXVIIIStone and ilms	964	1,513	1,183	9,118	189	806			
XXIX.—Sugar—				2,120		400	100-0	*****	
1. Refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy.	8,088	15,466	1,238	5,887	*****	001111	1,800	10,091	
2. Umrefined-	0.00.		t - h Po					3	Simes demand.
(a) Banny (b) Gur, rab, jangery,	3,864	10,848	258 1,546	1,877 5,371	1,546	5,871	2,306	9,260	()
sucharine produce.		10000	1,000	0,412	21000	0,011	90441>	961900	Demand.
XXXTop-									
1. Contact	1	8	B	31		1000	*****	******	
XXXITobacco-							000121		
1. Unmanufactured —	8,846	\$7,096	4,015	44,601	2,169	30,985	047454	0.00000	
(a) Cigare (b) Other torus	888	1,674	añ	\$16	1	3	707	1,058	
ILIIIWood-		•	2.50	000	140				
A Same	editor.	111100	110	000	148	340	ma a 19.94	940 + FE	
S. Polis or or or	340	1,000	1,619	1,896	807	890	187	315	
4. Manufactures m	440 894	aun	67	001	67	666	******	*****	
EXECU-Wool-	8	- 100							
di Waxanin Almandi			1	15	455744	000001	3	31	l.
(b) Carpet; and rage	546 600	101101		30	4	98	******	000-00	
Piecs-goods Europeen Tudian (b) Other sorts of manu-	36	186	80	378	37	78	*****	*****	
factures.			1	000000	000000	000014	******	*****	
XXXIV.—All other articles of mer-									
1. Indigo-seed	369	072	50	464	2075.00		330	419	
2. Pirewood 8. Others not specified	8,354	814	2,939 8,040	4,192	2,161	3,978	000 000	*****	Demand.
above.	e,004	19,063	0,000	48,141	444004	10000	305	61,334	
Total	113,674	4.30.756	125,017	4,19,946	28,568	1,84,007	17,519	1,54,577	-
TOGAL MAN						1 A. OB LIFE?	- 7 KIG	1 56 577	

CHARLES YOUNG,
Offg. Auditor of Accounts.

Gorakhtur, The 16th October 1900.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

RAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Iraffic for week ended 22nd September 1900 on 1,837-09 miles open.

	COACHI	PO TRAF	PIC.		R AND MINNRAL APPIC.	Other earnings	Total	PRAFFIC	Talib-Mi	Lin
	Number of passengers.	Coachi		Weight outried.	Receipts.	(estimated).	carnings,	Conching.	Merchan- dise.	7
· Properties in the second sec	(a)	Rs.	A. F.	Mps. s.	Ra. A. P.	Bs. 4. P.	Re. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway	804,607	8,27,207 178	8 0	88,37,848 80	6,66,197 7 0 362 1 6	20,743 0 0 11 6 8	10,13,146 15 0 551 7 1t	101,531	165,634	9
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	3,910,930°	40,64,065	0 0	5,11,82,588 2)	92,58,234 5 0†	2,13,536 0 0\$	1,83,55,835 5 0	1,189,4696	2,048,6435	3,2
Total for 18 works	4,215,787	43,91,272	8 0	5,40,69,932 10	99,23,411 18 0	2,54,278 0 0	1,45,68,982 6 0	1,291,000		
CO SPARISON.					į					-
Fotal for corresponding week of previous year	845,176%	8,74,255	13 8	43,67,670 0	9,12,070 15 6	23,802 13 7	;13,09,129 10 p	101,767}	184,7071	
ing week of previous year	98000	818	18 5	100 000	833 8 8	18 5 8	765 4 4	PP 044	84.54	
weeks of provious year	3,926,1984	39,99,884	8 9	4,97,84,700 10	69,29,063 0 5	2,66,520 4 10	1,39,88,457 11 0	1,153,935	1,944,993}	Bla

(a) The decrease is chiefly due to the running of several extra troop trains from Allahabad to Kidderpore Docks and from Umballa Cantonment and (b) The decrease is chiefly due to heavier upwards despatch of food-grains from allahabad to Kidderpore Docks and from Umballa Cantonment and (c) The decrease is chiefly due to heavier upwards despatch of food-grains from allahabad to Kidderpore Docks and from Umballa Cantonment and (d) The decrease is chiefly due to heavier upwards despatch of food-grains from allahabad to Kidderpore Docks and from Umballa Cantonment and (d) Bombay in 1899.

(b) The decrease is chiefly due to heavier upwards despatch of food-grains from almost all the principal stations in the corresponding period of 1899, the interest of the decrease is chiefly due to heavier upwards despatch of food-grains from almost all the principal stations in the corresponding period of 1899, the interest of
1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open milosge.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other carnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train miles
1,936°18 1,836°18 1,837°09 1,837°09 1,836°18 1,830°18 1,830°18 1,830°18 1,840°08 1,830°09	Week ended 7th July 1 14th 1 121st 1 221st 1 4th August 1 11th 11th 18th 18t	No. of passengers. 420,085 4,68,632 32,265 317,250 5,53,782 344,710 3,461,33 302,321 351,275 332,488 3,42,970 322,349 3,14,816 315,811 374,876 375,589 359,467 3,57,589 359,167 327,209 4,216,737 43,91,273	Mds. Rs. Rs. 47,00,058 9,26,211 49,25,3111 9,21,650 47,94,845 6,815,140 9,27,001 45,11,273 8,14,430 42,94,514 64,61,517 8,14,430 42,91,696 7,58,185 46,47,446 42,55,696 7,495,385 44,77,408 9,20,014 58,37,385 9,20,014 58,37,385 9,20,014	Be. \$1,806 \$2,21 14,506 19,707 16,857 \$3,168 \$2,301 21,947 \$1,177 21,359 20,742 20,742 \$2,54,278	Ra. 14,16,727 13,19,806 12,58,426 12,92,563 12,92,576 12,20,264 10,94,147 10,84,742 11,84,742 11,84,743 10,14,147 14,85,88,983	Pa. 772 710 685 704 646 597 596 5-8 688 701 551	No. 808,4686

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all carnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

1891

1,710°67 1,710°67 1,710°07 1,710°07 1,710°07 1,710°07	8 days of July Week ended 15th 22nd 3 20th 1 12th	August	No. of passengers. 425,807 N63,619 S10,503 S05,00 S07,202 S13,635	Rs. 4,54,971 3.31,950 5.87,012 3.05,485 8,91,852 3.91,892	3fdn. 45, 50, 189 43, 17, 629 35, 12, 174 34, 23, 200 39, 60, 345 37, 20, 166	Ra. 6,05,050 0,57,306 6,08,241 5,7*,387 6,39,140 6,48,061	Rn. 16,693 13,140 13,083 12,912 14,953 13,916	Rs. 12,77,126 10,52,442 9,31,38 8,146,754 9,85,851 9,43,159	18. 747 618 640 624 576 555	No. 507,818 254,918 236,052 235,652 213,941 244,678	Ra. 4
1,710°67 1,710°67 1,710°67 1,710°67 1,710°67	* , 19th 2oth But Ut 16t 23r	August	504,970 313,556 881,208 291,974 3.6-612 345,177	z, ii ; 935 2,78, 261 2,76, 562 2,77, 986 3,31,3-6 3,74, 258	3.1.30,581 41,21,508 41,51,508 45,73,0.4 44,17,736 48,07,570	1,70,187° 6,57,690 0,89,088 7,70,919 8,16,086 6,30,446 9,12,071	43,8964 22,761 24,138 21,588 22,590 22,271 22,802	8,15,963 9,72,345 9,91,447 10,68,439 11,06,045 12,06,045 13,07,129	569 580 625 647 704 765	243,174 219,401 251,579 264,104 277,35 286,478	4 31 4 4
	Totals up	lo date	8,916,199	38,92,884	4.97,84,700	88,29,058	2,56,620	1,29,88,457	616	8,098,939	-4

• Rs. 1,70,137 added on account of rebate on anal deducted from returns from 1st July to 12th August 1809.

† ... 45,821 ditto ditto of mhouse and demurrage not having been included in returns from 1st July to 18th August 1899.

\$ Audited figures.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 23nd September 1900

	COVCETA	TRAPPI	C.	N	i Bronani 1	CRAP	PIC.	BAL		Other comings					TRAIN-MIL	De RVN,
	Number of passengers.	Concl			Weight carried.		Receipt	ı.	(estima	to	d).	Totales-	ninge	Coaching.	Merchan-	Total
		Ro.	A. F		M Da.	8.	Ba. 4	Р.	Re.	4	A. P.	Ra,	A. Y.			
Total traffic for the week or per mile of railway for previous 11 weeks of half.	13,871	3,7A3 170			34,313	10	487 1 31 1		8		0 0 5 9	4,378	12 0	1,108	80	1,188
year	229,096*	63,107	8 ()°	2,75,297	0†	5,825	0 t	93	0	10 0	58,732		12,1615	1,0145	000 no.
Total for III weeks	242,467	36,800	10 ()	8,09,610	10	6,019 1	0	98	0	0 0	63,001	6 0		1,094	13,176
Comparison,										-	,		_			17,000
fotal for corresponding week of previous year for nile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year	16,051	3,808			17,189	10	460 8		5	2	8 6	4,260	6 7	1,004	94	1,168
otal for corresponding 125 wasks of previous year	233.103	51,884	5 4					4	0	3	3 9	191	10 5		*****	644 104
		DITOOR	0 4		1,64 740	0	8,131 1	0	104	19	8 6	56,623	11 10	18,469	1,963	14,788

• Added number of passengers 1,154 and
† Deducted Mds. 24,010 ,,
Do.
† Audited figures up to 4th August 1900.

Rs. 314 On account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 4th . 4) August 1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open nilonge.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.		Morchandize and Mineral Traffic.		Other minings.	Total,	Per mile of railway,	Train mileage.	
92:230 22:230 22:230 22:230 22:230 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23 22:23	Week ended 7th July 14th 12 st 2 st 2 st 4th Aug. 11th 12th 18th 18th 18th 2 st 18th 7 totals up to date	Number of passentgers, 28,128 22,1489 19,029 19,166 18,774 19,810 17,187 16,330 10,030 18,583 22,139 13,377	Rs. 6,639 7,462 4,805 4,520 4,514 4,401 4,069 8,057 5,759 4,410 4,989 3,783	M da., 9,631 12,637 19,946 19,115 8,294 84,026 55,468 37,036 36,721 36,757 32,1912 24,513	Rn. 3 9) 653 6441 493 843 565 497 614 578 549 618 488	25.77771010 10 5 5 9 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	B.s., 7,045 7,018 6,236 6,022 4,866 4,866 4,140 4,345 4,667 7,668	R-4. 317 356 229 226 219 224 2:5 188 195 222 253 102	No. 1,1-8 1,298 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188	Rate. Rs. A. 5 14 1: 6 1 4 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	a orders of his orders.	440,502	86,891	8,09,610	6,013	98	63,002	236	14,364	4.6

Abstract of progressive weekly return of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

1899.

22 13 22 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	B days of July Week ended 15th July 1 25nd 25th 25th Aug. 15th 20th 2nd Sept. 16th 16th 25th 25th 27th 27th 28th	Number of passengers, 24,246 81,846 81,846 17,281 16,472 17,357 17,348 16,286 16,719 18,430 1	Ra. 6,028 4,792 5,142 8,874 3,790 5,69 4,135 3,690 8,593 4,335 4,195 8,900	M de, 8,040 67,285 13,389 8,001 9,390 8,181 16,613 7,169 9,480 10,281 9,583 17,189	Ra. 322 446 346 915 387 401 847 834 876 478 393 446	20 13 16 7 6 13 4 9 5 5 71 9 9 5	Rs. 6,360 5,256 5,407 4,795 4,160 4,374 4,461 4,491 4,925 4,537 4,557 4,260	Bu. 1886 356 247 216 147 197 202 151 179 217 207	No. 1,437 1,205 1,189 1,241 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188	Rate, Ba. A. P. 6 5 10 6 1 1 1 6 10 0 8 13 10 3 8 6 3 8 6 3 8 5 7 6 1 0 6 8 9 4
	Totals up to date	233,108	£1,384	1,44,740	8,135	104	56,623	\$10	14,732	3 18 6

* Audited figures.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd September 1900 on 162 24 miles open.

	Coachth	G TRAPPI	ic.		MERCHANDISH AND MINERAL "RAPPIO,		Other carnings		Total		TRAFFIC TRAIF-MILES RUE.			
	Number of passengers.	Coach receip			Weight carried.	Receipts,	(estim	ated	l)ï	earnii		Coaching.	Merchan- disc.	Total.
		Rs	A. P		MDs. s.	Rs. A. P.	Re	. A.	P.	Ra.	A, P.			
Fotal trame for the week or per mile of railway for previous 11 weeks of half-	12,740(a)	12,741 76	8	0	74,532 80	7,009 4 0 43 12 2	61		0	19,906	8 0	7,287	4,730	11,907
year	162,1490	1,43,541	1	001	9,17,446 80†	70,085 9 01	784	0	0‡	2,14,710	3 0	79,9615	41.5316	114,496
Total for 12 weeks	174,889	1,50,582	Ď	0	1,91,979 \$1	77,186 6 0	88	0	0	2,44,614	11 0	80,108	46,263	128,463
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year feet mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	16,805}	25,376		0	1,07,670 0	12,155 3 0	73		3	87,602	15 3	8,846);	4,875}	13,799
Or corresponding 101 wache	420101	156	6	Б	*** 104	74 14 9	0		3	231	3 5	404109	111000	410
of previous year	211,5004	1,90,365	1	6	10,88,982 0	1,42,380 10 10	864	-	3	8,53,510	0 7	88,540)	41,987	130,510

² Added 5 Audied figures up to 4th August 1900,

DELHI. UMBALLA. KALKA RAILWAY-concluded.

1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all sernings for 1900 in comparison with 1899

Open pilongs.	Period.		Omehing!	Panillo.	Merchandise as Traff		Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train m	flonge.
165 74° 165 74° 165 74° 165 74° 165 74° 162 74 162 76 162 76 162 76	Week ended 7th Jaly 1 14th 1 2 14th 1 2 2 14th 2 2 2 14th 2 2 2 14th 2 2 2 15th 2 2 2 15	1000 () 000 (Number of passengers. 20,538 20,269 11,102 42,968 14,561 43,562 14,913 14,992 13,996 13,460 13,460 12,740	Ba. 81,176 90,638 10,234 9,538 10,672 11,587 10,792 11,565 10,399 11,075 15,856	Mde. 19,170 96,459 46,676 3,08,163 44,541 77,899 61,810 63,844 61,185 77,514 85,330 34,533	Ra. 44,160 10,400 4,954 6,665 3,454 4,585 4,124 2,405 6,910 2,814 7,909	10.00	Ra, 83,619 91,100 15,278 18,561 14,217 18,640 15,415 18,645 18,533 19,404	Ba. 200 192 96 103 86 111 95 97 86 116 145	No. 11,976 13,9.4 4,673 9,100 9,033 8,834 9,684 9,038 13,190 10,775 13,336	Rate. 2 11 2 5 1 12 1 9 1 19 1 9 1 2 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
	Totals up to date	*** :	174,888	.1,56,582	8,91,980	77,186	846	3,34,616	121	136,463	1 13
	Abstract of pr	ogra	selve weekly	returns of	all carnings	for 1900	in compari	ron with 1	999 — conclud	ed.	78
	Addition of pr	oy, o	Number of passengers.	Ra.	Mds.	Jor 1500	RA.	Re.	Re.	No.	Re

100°34 102°34 102°34 102°34 102°34 102°34 102°34 102°34 103°34 103°34 103°34	a days of July Week ended 15th July 22th 22th 5th Aug. 12th 12th 20th 21th 21th 21th 22th 22th 22th 22th 22	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	Wumber of passengers. 28,231 28,339 56,739 18,629 17,305 16,675 97,407 16,887 14,683 77,999 16,810 16,596	38.a. 19,776 27,554 38.146 13,788 13,675 28,746 14,958 12,063 23,747 17,053 85,374	Mda, 72,881 61.713 61.713 61.814 63,095 93,248 26,969 76,677 1,14,725 1,25,170 1,01,296 1,40,453 1,07,670	9,176 6,856 7,169 10,569 9,743 10,569 10,998 18,659 16,443 17,045 18,320 12,166	854. 95 60 46 70 63 45 98 59 79 112 73	E.o. 69,047 24,472 68,683 34,427 28,490 34,145 64,789 35,213 28,465 33,871 34,465 37,0.13	Ba. 170 163 169 161 145 149 153 163 177 147 187 189 233	No. 81,965 9,953 10,214 10,117 9,757 9,435 10,358 10,716 11,318 12,128 15,728	Ba. A. 2 3 6 11 3 10 7 2 B 1 3 6 11 5 3 6 11 5 3 6 11 5 3 8 8 8 8 8 1 10 10 1 1 10
	Totals up to date		211,570	1,90,365	10,89,981	1,44,981	884	3,38,510	169	1,80,817	8 8 11

[·] Audited figures.

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd September 1900 on 78-76 miles open.

	Фолентис	Taire	G.	Marchawdish Tra	AND MINES	AL	Other seculoss		Works.			TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BUE.		
	Number of passingers.	Domehi retonip		Weight carried.	Receipts		(entimated		anrii			Coaching.	Merchan-	Total.
		Re.	A P.	Mae, t,	20. A.	P.	Bo. A.	P.	fle,	A. :	P.			
Point traffic for the week	12,005	7,000 80	16 0 0 1	87,994 10	2,495 8 30 9	0	%5 0 0 9	9	9/150 116	7 2 7		3,744	1,018	-9,767
Mar on	1,10,060*	60,596	15 04	8,06,639 301	26/000 11	0†	206 0	02	91/028	10	0	37,0175	9,6469	₿7,648
Total for 12 wroks	141/943	78/638	14 0	8,83,314 0	26,768 3	0	643 0	0	1,06,774	1	0	39,741	10,600	, 80,400
CONTRABMON.						j								
Total for corresponding week of previous year. Per mile of railway corresponding	13,607}	6,779	8 9	34,468 80	0,000 1	0	16 15	9	9,656	9	9	1,007	410	3,300
week of previous year Total for corresponding 11; weeks of previous year	109,008	106 68,178	1 8	3,08,944 90	29,460 4			8	122 72,488	0	-	11,409(8,016	14,61

^{*} Added number of passengers 535 and deducted Re. \$75 per success of the superstimate and audited figures for the week ended at 270 August 1800.

**Ditto*

Audited figures up to 4th August 1800.

1900

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1960 in comparison with 1899.

Open alleage.	Period.	Coaching To	affio.	Merchandise as Traffic		Other earnings,	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Trein a	afilmgo.
78 76° 78 76° 78 76° 76° 76° 76° 76° 76° 76° 76° 76° 76°	Week ended 7th July	No. of passengers. 13,452 12,889 11,582 13,231 10,924 9,716 9,885 14,779 12,863 12,885	Ra. 8,487 6,244 5,438 7,735 5,290 5,598 5,005 5,138 8,319 7,907 7,007 7,010	Tiffa. 37,723 37,908 36,570 38,992 31,631 36,923 22,976 3,076 3,0775 32,997 38,518 37,984	Ba. 2,056 2,577 3,935 1,536 1,17 2,137 8,130 9,786 3,459 8,100 8,100 8,095	B.a. 33 30 36 30 15 47 47 45 45 45 45	Rs. 8,676 8,441 7,103 9,309 7,342 7,746 7,443 9,852 9,852 9,150	200 100 118 96 118 93 90 93 101 90 135 117	37 o, 2,363 3,384 3,105 6,305 2,284 6,308 8,706 8,305 2,678 3,071 3,071 9,757	Rate. A. 10 s 13 1 d 3 d 3 d 3 d 3 d 3 d 3 d 3 d 3 d
	Cotale up to date	201,963	73,006	8,98,834	96,795	683	1,00,774	197	80,400	8 5

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY-concluded.

1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open mileago.	Period.	Coaching Traffle.		Merchandine and Mineral Truffle,		Other, earnings,	Total,	Per mile	Train mileage	
• 78.76 • 78.76 • 78.76 • 78.76 • 78.76 • 78.76 • 78.76 • 78.76 • 76.76 • 76.76 • 76.76	Week ended 7th July 1 14th 2 21st 24th 11th 12th 12th 12th 14th 12th 14th 12th 22th 14,779 12,883 12,685 16,463	854. 6,487 6,214 6,432 7,719 6,230 4,708 6,128 6,1129 7,909 7,909 7,909 7,910 10,468	Bt dv 87,728 87,298 81,570 28,392 81,691 32,840 29,970 3,00,974 30,965 32,847 28,238 27,054 35,169	16a. 2.406 2.677 2.935 1.536 2.117 1.831 2.130 2.785 2.463 2.463 2.463 2.463 2.463 2.463	R	Rs. 8,575 8,841 7,743 6,309 7,32 6,005 7,346 7,938 7,938 7,838 8,82 9,151 13,343	B4, 109 112 94 118 95 84 92 101 499 125 117 116 149	No. 2,863 2,884 2,295 2,205 2,205 2,362 2,362 2,476 3,750 2,476 3,757 2,59j	Ra A. 5 10 3 13 3 6 4 3 5 8 12 2 3 3 8 14 3 8 8 3 10 8 0 5 5 2	
	Totals up to date	159,0;1	63,590	4,20,814	28,908	461	1,12,019	- 110	33.077	3 6

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1000 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

Ì		i	. 1		1		1			- 717 0
65:00 76:70 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76 78:76	4 days end d 8th July Week ended 15th , 22nd , 29th , 19th , 19th , 26th , 2nd 8ept , 10th , 2nd 8ept , 25th , 25th , 25th , 25th , 25th ,	Number of passwrigers, 1,498 8,287 9,773 8,090 0,445 8,198 7,689 8,128 8,675 7,009 10,686 13,637 14,080	Ba. 417 4,949 4,442 8,944 4,746 3,939 3,007 5,1:1 5,718 4,641 6,780 8,630	Meds 242 17,582 19,285 15,792 16,885 20,567 26,476 80,486 59,751 87,350 67,796 35,418 4,298	Bin. 23 1,566 1,661 1,601 1,237 1,430 2,116 2,842 2,510 2,420 3,140 2,560 2,913	Ra. 1 12 13 14 25 30 17 17 17 25 12 17 17 17 18	Rs. 451 6.818 0.356 6.358 6.087 6.280 6.548 0.026 7.462 9.657 11.588	Ra. 776 61 68 77 67 71 101 78 98 124 7	No.	Rate. Rs. A. P. 1 3 5 10 5 11 4 4 13 0 5 7 1 1 4 15 1 5 7 2 5 4 13 6 4 0 9 5 3 1
		1		1	1			7.0	10,758	8 0 3

EAST INDIAN BAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 6th October 1900, on 1,837.09 miles open.

	COACHIN	O TRAPPIC.	MERCHANDISE TR.	AND MINERAL	Other curnings	Total	TRAPPIC	TRAIN-MILL	ES HUN.
	Number of passongers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Recoipts.	(e-timated).	oarnings.	Coaching,	Merchan.	Total.
Total Truffic for the week Or premie of Railway P. r. provious 15 weeks of bail- year. Sotal for 14 weeks	(,6) 348,778 4,802,629 4,941,407	Rat. A. P. (21) 3,82,480 0 0 205 2 9 48,13,097 0 0	MD4, 6 37,23,022 10 5,89,27,196 50 6,26,86,150 0	B:. A. P. (b) (b) (c) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	Ra. A. P. 20,661 0 0 11 3 11 2,72,097 0 0	Rs. A. P. 10,67,945 5 0 581 5 2 1,86,57,552 2 0 1,67,35,497 7 0	102,072 1,336,701	189,881	252,953 3,747,235
COMPARISON.						100110111111111111111111111111111111111	1,400,773	2,533,415	4,030,18
To all for corresponding week of previous year. Per mile of Radway corresponding week of previous ye r.	837.648	3,64,038 10 1 2.2 12 10	46,70,177 85	9,56,738 3 5 559 4 5	20,488 2 4 17 3 6	18,50,925 15 10 789 4 &	15,65	242,6709	200,335
Ford for corresponding 14% we was of proviou year.	4,593,1921	43,90,038 8 0	5,97,37,029 10	1,07,37, 96 3 5	3,15,778 11 6	1,56,43,113 7 5	1,316,3368	2,359,039	3,653,890

(a) The increase is chifft due to the "Booga Puja" traffic and to conveyance of treeps.

(b) The decrease is consilved us to necessary upwards desputes of food-grains from almost all the principal stations in the corresponding period of 1800, and a slow in coal truffic.

1900.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comperison with 1899.

Op n	Period.	Courbing	Traffic.	Merchane Minoral	ilse nod Fradic.	Other calmings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train u	illenge.
886 15 880 15 887 (b) 887 (c) 887 (c) 887 (c) 887 (c) 883 116 883 116 884 116 885 1	1 St Nept. 1 St N	318,814 375,876 359,151 3 14 897 360,087 568,778	B.s. 4,63,039 3,53,789 3,451,785 4,61,785 4,62,997 3,44,915 3,42,970 3,44,915 3,43,970 3,44,915 3,43,970 3,44,915 3,43,970 3,44,915 3,43,430 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47 4,62,47	Midn., 47,00 038, 49,021 3x1, 47,04, 832, 56,818,830, 45,111,234, 49,61,707, 42,44,514,42,61,014, 42,61,014,42,61,014, 42,61,014,43,61,014, 42,61,014,43,61,014, 42,61,014,43,61,014, 42,61,014,43,61,014, 44,77,404, 56,61,91,91,51,51,012, 57,34,002	Bac, 811 8,213, 211 8,	Ra., 21, 264 22, 241 19, 304 19, 754 18, 857 21, 165 23, 301 21, 357 21, 177 21, 357 21, 742 29, 742 29, 742 290, 001	R.s., 14,11,737 15,11,896 12,06,261 12,07,564 12,07,768 10,16,1832 10,98,768 11,32,312 12,768 11,32,312 12,93,255 10,13,147 10,61,936	14a, 772 719 985 704 704 709 886 618 701 851 538 881	No. 308, 108 207, 447 2 7, 511 2-4, 95 20, 428 213, 475 216, 220 215, 765 250, 104 250, 785 267, 355 2	Hute. Rs. A. 4 !! 4 7 4 3 4 6 6 4 7 5 10 8 11 3 14 6 8 9 9 8 12 4 1 5 19
		4,941,417	51,98,439	6,26,56,159	1,13,45,419	2,93,658	1,67,35,498	651	4,030,188	4 2

EAST INDIAN BAILWAY-concluded.

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

1899.

Open milosge.	Period.	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other earnings,	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train to	ilenga.
1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67 1,710-67	a days of July Week ended 15th July 22nd 22nd 25th Aug 18th 18th 26th 26th 27th 27th 28th 28th 2nd Sept 2nd Se	313,033 2,11,852 Adjustments on account of 1 300,070 2,91,035 313 596 2,76 512 289,203 2,76 512 291,076 2,67,986 316,412 3,31,326 345,177 3,76,206 321,546 3,33,116 337,448 3,64,039	\$0,80,581 6,57,54 6,57,54 6,57,54 6,57,54 6,57,54 6,57,57 6,57 6	13,140 15,085 12,012 14,889 13,014 45,836 22,701 24,138 21,518 22,590 22,271 24,102 10,800 20,452	Ra. 18.17,184 10,62,402 9,68,384 8,001,754 9,88,851 9,46,586 2,15,103 9,72,206 9,11,417 10,63,930 11,04,045 13,045 13,045 1	Rs. 747 615 560 524 670 625 550 627 704 765 703 789 647	No. 307 418 254.018 259.053 215,1052 215,1052 215,1052 247,471 254,978 264,104 277,838 286,175 2811,128 308,359 3,688,397	Hate. Rs. A. F. 4 S F 4 S 1 4 1 0 5 15 11 6 0 B 5 14 1 6 0 B 5 15 7 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1 6 S 1

[•] Bs 1.70,137-Added on account of relate on coal deducted from returns from 1st July to 12th August 1899.

45,826 — Ditto ditto of mileage and demurrage not having been included in returns from 1st July to 12th August 1899.

Audited figures.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 6th October 1900, on 22.23 miles open.

	COACHING	TRAFF	ic.		Merchandise Tear	and Mii pic.	HUR.	LL	Other on	mir	nge	Total Lar	nin	gu.	TRAFFIC	TRAIN-MILE	o BUN.
	Number of passengers.	Coac			Weight carried.	Becci	pts.		(cetima	ted	.).				Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total,
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of Railway For previous 13 weeks of half- year. Total for 14 weeks	23,168° 261,161 264,320	Ra. 6,000 278 61,573	15	0.0	MDs. s. 41,939 20 333,719 20 377,059 0	970	13 10 8	9	Ra. 8 0 108	0 5 0	P. 0 9 0	7,047 1	7	0	14,363 15,183	1,189	908 18,668 16,454
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year. Per mile of Rallway corresponding week of previous year. Total for corresponding 144 weeks of previous year.	900111	6,790 818 60,491	5 8	0	12,175 30	581 96 6,266		10	0	1 6 16		5,381 243 66,865	u	5	1,078	1,505	1,186

[•] The increase is chiefly due to the "Doorga Pujah" traffic,

Open mileage.	Period.	Coaching T	raffic.	Merchandise Mineral Tri	e and	Other earnings.	Total.	Per mile of railway.	Train m	lleage.
22 '25' 25'	Week ended 7th July 14th , 12th , 18th , 4th Aug 11th , 18th , 18th , 18th , 2th ,	Number of passenerre. 19,128 22,489 19,109 19,106 18,774 19,867 17,187 16,330 16,630 18,683 22,130 13,371 17,437 23,108	Ela. 6.650 7.452 4.836 4.520 4.530 4.730 6.000 3.557 3.759 4.410 4.989 3.785 4.524 6.000	3d ds. 9,431 12,557 9,946 19,115 8,236 19,074 33,468 87,036 86,787 37,092 84,313 38,161 44,960	B.a. 899 459 441 492 543 428 407 614 878 619 618 448 661 671	Rn. 77 10 10 5 6 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	18.4. 7,045 7,018 6,128 6,198 6,198 4,566 4,566 6,190 6,345 4,657 6,100 6,345 4,057 8,615 6,279 6,903 7,048	B.e	No. 1,188 1,296 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188	Bate. Ba. A. P 5 14 11 6 1 5 6 3 8 6 5 1 8 18 6 8 8 10 6 2 4 11 8 9 7 18
28 28	motals un to date	284,329	67,643	3,77,650	7,508	111	75,268	342	16,454	4 9

12 13 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	8 days of July Week ended 15th July 22rd 29th 12th 12th 12th 16th 16th 23rd 23rd	Number of passengers. 24,246 21,905 28,415 17,251 16,072 17,367 16,265 16,719 18,830 18,846 16,061 18,764	Rs. 6,025 4,742 5,148 3,874 3,750 5,040 4,135 5,040 4,135 5,040 4,135 5,040 4,135 5,040 4,135 5,040 4,135	Mds. 6,040 47,285 13,321 8,001 9,320 8,591 16,614 7,169 9,900 10,231 9,382 17,189 16,331 12,167	Be. 323 443 345 913 387 401 347 324 376 493 393 446 553 863	Rs. 13 16 7 6 13 4 9 5 11 7 9 8	8.6. 6,360 5,276 5,447 4,795 4,374 4,491 4,025 8,979 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597 4,597	286 286 286 247 218 187 107 202 181 179 217 207 192 242	No. 1,457 1,192 1,198 1,241 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188 1,188	Bate 26 4 6 4 1 4 10 3 18 3 8 3 8 3 6 5 6 4 1 3 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8
21.23	7th Oct	19,719	00,403	1,93,947	6,270	193	66,884	213	17,119	\$ 14

[·] Audited figures.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 6th October 1900, on 163'24 miles open.

	Coveri	EG TRAPPIC.	MERCHANDING TRA	PPIC.	Other carnings	Total	TRAFFIC	TRAIN-MIL	MS RUN
ń	No. of Passerspers.	Conching receipts.	Woight carried.	Receipts.	(cstinused)	oarnings,	Coaching.	Merchan-	Tota
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of Rollway For previous 18 weeks of half- year,	15,003 189,808	Rs. A. P. 16,402 8 0 101 10 6 1,70,751 8 0	Min. SRs. 1,00,258 0 13,05,103 20	Re. A. P. 11,791 15 6 72 10 11 66,648 1 0	Ra. A. P. 02 U 8 0 6 1 886 0 0	Ru. A. P. 18,346 7 0 176 11 6 2,60,280 6 0	7,420 88,988	4,657	12,7
COMPARISON.	204,809	1,87,248 11 0	14,05,343 30	1.00,485 8 0	918 0 0	2,88,626 11 0	90,476	87,598	1,63,5
otal for corresponding week of provious year. er mile of Railway correspond- ing week of provious year. otal for corresponding 145 weeks of previous year.	26,4644 942,348)	15,798 15 10 97 6 1 2,25,699 2 11	89,855 10 18,67,162 20	16,873 6 0 88 9 6	96 0 9 0 9 4	80,308 4 7 186 8 10 5,98,367 3 11	7,164	3,210½ 46,000å	10,3

1900. Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899.

Open Lilenge,	Period,	Conching	Traffic.	and Miner	ndiso al Traffic.	Ottor carnings.	Total.	Per mile of Bailway.	Train	nileage.
162°24° 102'24° 162'24° 162'24° 162'24° 162'24° 162'24 162'24 162'24 162'24 162'24 162'24	Week ended 7th July 14th , 12th , 28th , 28th 11th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 13th 15th	No. of Pannetigerra, 10,338 20,230 11,052 12,966 14,501 12,067 14,013 14,013 14,013 14,000 12,740 13,600 12,740 15,650 15,600	21, 176 20, 632 10, 253 10, 253 10, 452 10, 452 11, 506 10, 389 11, 675 15, 456 12, 741 10, 352 16, 492	Mids, 88,170 88,489 64,874 2,08,923 48,561 3,03,981 66,73 61,183 77,514 88,530 74,688 87,144 1,00,285	Ba, 11,150 1,100 4,954 8,855 8,845 4,555 4,25 5,445 6,910 2,814 7,099 9,970 11,793	Re. 86 08 70 NS 91 42 68 83 63 63 65 64 62	B.4. 32,110 31,100 15,278 16,501 1,217 18,839 15,113 15,672 13,477 18,639 23,533 17,984 23,533 25,533	80. 300 102 94 102 88 133 96 97 85 115 145 123 156 176	No. 11,976 12,901 9,672 9,190 9,023 10,492 9,663 9,775 12,336 11,767 11,776 12,077	Ran A A 2 11 12 2 1 1 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Abstract of progressive weekly returns of all earnings for 1900 in comparison with 1899-concluded.

1899.

102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24 102°24	R days of July Week ended 15th July 22nd 22nd 22nd 22nd 22nd 24nd 24nd 24nd 24nd 24nd 25nd No. of Panswinkers, 28:211 20:3.8:218, 20:3.8:218, 20:	Re. 111,776 17,756 15,144 13,795 13,797 13,745 14,158 12,593 15,747 17,083 15,747 17,083 15,747 17,083 15,767 16,521,16,799	bids, 72,841 61,133 54,224 68,395 95,289 76,577 1,14,725 1,25,110 1,01,258 1,60 432 1,07 670 77,46 80,855	Ra., 9.176 6,858 7,189 10,849 9,742 10,932 15,659 10,045 10,045 10,045 11,320 12,159 10,931 14,372	Ru. 95 98 48 70 63 46 63 98 50 70 118 73 45	R4. 89,047 86,472 22,888 24,487 25,490 73,145 26,635 28,635 29,871 85,405 37,608 20,41 80,266	Res. 179 164 159 151 145 149 152 205 177 147 252 182 182 187	No., 11,955 9,983 10,214 10,117 9,727 9,925 10,359 10,348 11,714 11,318 12,132 13,722 10,686 10,686	Rate: B.R. A. 2 61 2 10 2 8 9 6 1 2 61 2 61 2 61 2 61 2 61 2 61 2 61	
	The second secon	242,319	2,24,689	18,57,462	1,67,574	1,004	8,93,267	171	151,586	2 9 t

SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week anded 6th October 1900, on 78.76 miles open,

	COACHIN	G TRAFFIC.	MEROKANDION TE	AND MINERAL APPEO	Other earnings		THATFIC	TRAIN-MIL	no bun,
	Number of passengers.	Craching receipts,	Weight oarried.	Receipts.	(estimated).	Total eanings.	Coaching.	Merchan.	Total
Total traffic for the week (W per mile of Railway For previous 15 weeks of half-year Total for 16 weeks	10,608 159,031 149,897	R4. A. P. 6,740 12 0 95 9 5 65,810 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Mrs. s. 30,889 0 4,20,813 30 4,51,395 20	B.s. A. P. 2,135 5 0 27 1 9 29,907 10 0 31,042 15 0	2a. A. P. 43 0 0 0 8 9 451 0 0	Rs. A. P. 8,919 1 0 1113 3 11 1,12,040 8 0 1,21,869 4 0	. 1,086 81,445 23,131	1,070 (11,633 28,708	3,75 83,07 85,83
otal for corresponding week of previous year. er mile of Railway corresponding week of previous year, otal for corresponding 13‡ weeks of previous year.	120,1204	7,207 1 10 91 8 6 64,616 8 8	57,231 80 5,85,273 0	8,206 11 0 40 11 8 87,666 12 0	89 1 9 0 7 11 257 15 9	10,451 14 ·7 138 11 · 4 94,443 · 1 · 3	1,867	259	2,22

COOCH BEHAR STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 6th Octuber 1900, on 33.73 miles open.

	Солония	g Trappi	c.	MERCHAND	ibr /		ER.A	- 1	Other ear			Tota	1		TRAPPIC	TRAIN-WILI	BO RUE,
	Number of passengers.	Conch		Weight carried.		Receip	ita.		terry			earnin	gu,		Coaching.	Merchan- dise.	Total
Total traffic for the week Or per inite of raitway For previous 18 weeks of half-	2,400	Rs. 1,100 33	A. P 0 0 0 0	M ns. 7,900 234		Ra. 1,130 89	0	0	Rs. 100	0 0	0	Rs. 2,330 68	0	P. 0	280	, 400	
yeart	24,565	11,094	0 0	76,537	0	10,802	0	0	1,845	0	0	23,171	0	0	3,948	9,746	13,0
Total for 14 weeks	27,055	12,124	0 0	86,437	0	11,932	0	0	1,445	0	0	25,501	0	0	4,178	10,146	14,3
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	2,885	878	0 0	6,238	0	679	0	0	181	0	0	1,735	0	0	319	1,033	1,8
Per mile of railway correspond- ing week of previous year.	84	26	0 0	285	0	20	0	0	1	0	0	47	0	0	049	442	100
Total to corresponding date of provious year,	27 047	8,889	0 0	1,08,958	U	9,838	0	0	1,602	0	0	20,276	0	0	4,585	12,473	17,3

^{*} Excluding ceaching ferry, Ra. 30. † Audited up to week 28th July 1900.

MYMENSINGH-JAGANNATHGANJ BAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 6th October 1900 on 53:37 miles open.

	COACEING	TRAFFI	D.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Other earnings.		Total			TRAPPIC TRAIN-MILES RUS.				
	Number of passengers.	Coach		Weight curried.		Recei	ots.		Other ex	THE	Min.	OATRID	ÇO.		Coaching.	Merchan- dise,	Tota
		Ra,	A. P	Mps.	8.	Re	▲,	P.	Ro.	4.	P.	Re.	▲.	P.			
Potal traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 15 weeks of balf-	9,330 175	1,990 87	0 0	16,570 310		2,000 38		0	80	0	0	6,050 76	0	00	1,020	464	1,4
7867° at at	108,883	27,037	0 0	1,53,310	0	18,514	0	0	478	0	0	43,030	0	0	13,534	7,013	20,5
Total for 14 weeks	118,213	28,997	0 0	1,60,880	0	17,574	0	0	508	0	0	47,079	0	0	14,584	7,477	22,0
Cotal for corresponding week of pravious year	8,179	1,205	0 0	7,444	0	927	0	0	16	0	0	1,408	0	0	696	238	,
ing week of previous year	187	37	0 0	226	0	8	0	0	209 -00			45	0	0	991	***	
provious year	49,263	11,345	0 0	89,450	0	2,101	0	0	78		0	18,519	0	0	6,683	6,783	18

^{*} Audited up to week ended 28th July 1990.

BRAHMAPUTRA-SULTANPUR BAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic and Mileage for the week ended 6th October 1900 on 59 miles open.

	COACEING	COACRING TRANSIC.			MERCHANDIER AND MINERAL TRANSIC.				Other			Total		TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BUS.			
	Number of passengers.	Conch		Weight carried.		Recei	pte		earni	ng		eemi	ng	B.	Coaching.	Merchan- diss.	Total
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 13 weeks of half-	4,580 77	1,250 31	A. P. 0 0 0 0	Mns. 21,090 357	8. 0 0	Ra. 3,339 40	0	0	Ba. 580 10	A. 0 0	P. 0	Rs. 4,160 71	0	0	1,404	1,140	3,51
Aort	85,418	14,895	0 0	2,15,240	0	23,286	0	0	4,658	0	0	42,839	0	0	8,716	11,988	90,60
Total for 14 weeks* COMPARISON.	59,598	16,148	0 0	2,36,330	0	25,616	0	0	5,238	0	0	46,990	0	0	10,120	13,078	23,1
Total for corresponding week of previous year.	1,907	616	0 0	5,978	0	\$16	0	0	18	0	0	945	0	0	188	886	1
Por mile of railway corre- sponding week of previous year.	. 70	96	0 0	343	0	18		0	1	0	0	88	0	0	449500	40000	68 07011
Total to corresponding date of previous year,	22,386	6,464	0 0	1,05,327	0	4,561	0	0	106	0	0	11,181	0	•	2,806	9,966	13,0

[·] Audited up to 18th July 1900.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1900.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

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RESOLUTION ON THE BOAR DS LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1899-1900.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT-LAND REVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 27th October 1900. RESOLUTION-No. 2259T.-B.

READ-

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue administration of the Lower Provinces for the year 1899-1900.

The report was submitted to Government on the 14th August 1900, that is, a day earlier than that on which it was due.

COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE.

2. Financial results.—The current demand on account of the Land Revenue in Bengal for the past five years is shown below:—

CLASS OF ESTATES.	1895-96,	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3	4	5	6
I.—Permanently-settled	Rs. 3,22,82,525	Rs. 3,23,02,286	Rs. 3,23,03,784	Rs. 3,23,19,810	Rs.` 3,23,22,617
estates. II.—Temporarily-aettled	28,35,046	28,94,880	29,17,553	31,65,981	34,23,267
estates. III.—Estates held direct by Government.	35,25,890	35,55,897	26,96,820	39,02,484	41,04,753
Total	3,86,43,461	3,87,53,063	3,89,18,157	3,93,88,275	3,98,50,637

The not increase amounted to Rs. 4,62,362, and was due, in Class II, mainly to the resettlement in Orissa, and in Class III, to the effect of progressive rentals in the districts of Dacca, Jalpaiguri as well as to the assessment of new accretions and to the revision of the rent-roll in Chittagong.

The demands, collections and balances of Land Revenue for the

period are shown in the following table:-

YEAR.			DEMANDS.			Collegrang.			Валанска.			Percentage of total col-	Or taitt Cills	Percen of curr
		Current,	Arrear.	Total,	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Remis- gions.	Current.	Arross,	Total.	(column 7) on total demand (column 4).	lections (column 7) on current demand (column 2).	Collega (column on cum
		. 3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	13	1 34
895-86 805-97 997-98 898-99 998-1900		Ra. 3,86,43,461 3,87,53,083 3,89,18,167 3,93,89,276 3,98,69,637	Re. 12,72,403 13,02,152 14,30,221 10,62,043 17,15,328	Re, 8,99,18,924 4,00 55,215 4,03,48,391 4,10,40,018 4,16,65,965	Rs. 3,75,73,616 3,74,86,103 3,74,02,044 5,80,34,415 3,85,50,278	Ra. 9,99,576 9,98,831 11,56,411 12,62,524 13,15,018	Rs. 3,85,73,192 3,64,82,937 3,81,19,355 3,92,95,939 4,01,65,201	Re. 87,220 1,73,202 1,49,254 1,93,850 1,21,876	Ra, 10,44,602 12,13,432 13,21,146 12,61,944 9,46,707	Rs. 2,10,620 1,85,644 2,28,62d 2,88,185 3,32,091	Ra. 12,55,512 13,99,076 15,40,772 15,50,129 12,78,798	06-63 96-07 95-70 95-75 90-63	90°81 90°30 99°31 99°76 100°78	507 12 507 12 505 56 507 66

Collections, balances, and remissions .- Compared with the previous year, the total demand increased by Rs. 5,25,047 and the total collections by Rs. 8,68,352. The remissions decreased by Rs. 71,974, and the total balance at the end of the year had decreased by Rs. 2,71,331. The percentage of arrear collections slightly increased from 76.39 to 76.66, and absolutely they increased by half a lakh. The total balance, arrear and current, outstanding at the close of the year represented a percentage of 3.07 on the total demand as compared with 3.77 in 1898-99. Of this, 90.5 per cent. was good and recoverable.

Of the total amount of Land Revenue remitted during the year Rs. 1,15,431 related to estates held direct by Government. The remissions of grace amounted to Rs. 38,662, as against Rs. 1,32,264 in the preceding year. Rupees 16,085 were granted in Chittagong chiefly on lands laid waste by the storm-wave of the 24th October 1897. In other districts these remissions were, as usual, mostly allowed in Government estates, on account of the death, describin and poverty of the relyats, or the failure of their crops. The remissions of right amounted to Rs. 41,971 as against Rs. 39,511 in 1898-99, and were chiefly due to diluvion, release of estates to private zamindars, and the acquisition of land for public purposes. The nominal remissions rose from Rs. 22,075 to Rs. 41,243, of which Rs. 14,256 were in Backergunge alone.

For the first time for a decade the gross collections have exceeded the

current demand. The produce of a fat year has paid, as it properly should, the arrears of the lean ones that went before, and on the whole the work of the

Collectors has been careful and good.

5. Permanently-settled estates. - Out of a total demand, current and arrear, from estates in Class I of Rs. 3,27,06,338, the sum of Rs. 3,24,39,116 was realised. The percentage of the collections on the demand, after excluding from the latter sums the recovery of which was in suspense, and adding to the collections sums realised but not credited during the year, amounted to 99.44 per cent., as against 99.21 in the preceding year and 99.11 in 1897-98, and has not been equalled within the last twenty years. The current collections fell short of the standard of 99 per cent. in eleven districts, of which six, however, collected more than 98 per cent. The districts which collected less than 98 per cent. of the current demand were Chittagong, Noakhali, Manbhum, Ranchi and Darjeeling. In Darjeeling, out of a total demand of only Rs. 1,000, Rs. 158 was remitted, and the balance was not paid owing to a dispute regarding inheritance. Out of Rs. 11,199 due from Chittagong, Rs. 9,834 will be recovered under the Sale Law, Rs. 1,261 will be realised from the sale-proceeds of the estates concerned, and the remainder (Rs. 104) represents petty arrears. In Noakhali, Rs. 11,107, out of the total balance of Rs. 11,410, is due from Chakla Baumi. This estate defaulted in the previous year, and has been purchased by Government but not yet settled. In Manbhum the balance of Rs. 3,165 was due, as in the previous year, from the Patkum Encumbered Rs. 3,165 was due, as in the previous year, from the Patkum Encumbered

Estate, and was not paid in consequence of the inability of the estate to realise the farming rent from Messrs. Jardine Skinner and Company, the Agents of the Patkum Indigo and Trading Company. The farming lease will be brought to sale in execution of the decrees obtained against the Company. In Ranchi, Rs. 2,834, out of the balance of Rs. 3,441, is due from Tributary States, and a greater portion of it has been realised since the close of the year.

The realisation of the arrear balances was less than 99 per cent. in fifteen districts. In two of these the collections exceeded 98 per cent., and in six the arrears were trifling. Out of the total arrear balances of Rs. 57,440, no less than Rs. 30,437 is outstanding in the Patna Division, the largest defaulter being, as in the two previous years, the district of Shahabad (Rs. 22,369). Much of this amount is under recovery by certificates issued against the proprietors of certain mahala purchased by Government at revenue sales. It includes Rs. 16,057 due from one estate, Salempur Parsa, which was put up to sale, but for which there was no bid. The estate is reported to have suffered greatly from diluvion. Balances of over Rs. 1,000 were also due in the districts of Noakhali, Chittagong, Patna, Gaya, Darbhanga, and Manbhum.

The total amount of Land Revenue remaining due from wards' estates at the close of the year was Rs. 27,345, as against Rs. 56,652 in 1898-99. Nearly the whole of the balance in Shahabad was due from the Mahula Ward's estate (Rs. 6,490); and the Board have sanctioned the sale of a portion of the estate with a view to the payment of the revenue due to Government. Lieutenant-Governor would be glad to have a special report from the Board on this desperately embarrassed property and on the causes of failure in the management during the last five years. In Purnea, Rs. 5,015 is due from the estate of Syed Asgar Reza, Khan Bahadur, which is in a state of almost hopeless debt and confusion. The amount due from the Churaman estate in Malda (Rs 4,642), nearly the whole of the sum due in Muzaffarpur (Rs. 2,544), and the balance or account of words shares in estates in Saran (Rs. 1,579), have and the balance on account of wards' shares in estates in Saran (Rs. 1,579), have

been realised since the close of the year.

6. Temporarily-settled estates.—The total demand, current and arrear, from temporarily-settled estates, amounted to Rs. 36,89,606 as against Rs. 34,93,772 during the previous year, and the total collections to Rs. 34,81,286 as compared with Rs. 31,55,544 in 1898-99. The percentage of total collections on the total demand was 94.35 against 90.31 in the previous year and 89.96 during 1897-98. The results of collections in each subdivision of this class during the year under report, as well as for the preceding year, are

given below:-

		CLASSIFICATION OF ESTATE.	Year.	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	Percentage of arroar collections on arroar demand.	Percentage of total collections on current domand.
-		1	2	3	4	5
н.		Settled for periods with proprietors	1898-1899	93·01 96·34 84·47	91·82 97·35 86 48	99·8 100·3 98·2
II.	(b)	Private estates leased to farmers periods.	1899-1900	88.35	90.15	107-4
II.	(c)	Government estates leased to farm for periods.	1898-1899 1899-1900	90.93	70.09	106.9
		Total	1898-1899	91·07 95·18	83·07 83·67	99·7 101·7

The percentage of collections shows improvement under each of the three s. This result, which has not been equalled during the last twenty years, is perhaps due partly to recent orders for improving collections in temporarilysettled estates, but mainly to higher prices which facilitated payments by the raiyats.

The six districts least successful in clearing their balances were,—Midnapore, with a balance of Rs. 74,532 on settled estates; Khulna, with a balance of Rs. 9,63 on Government estates; Dacca, with a balance of Rs. 3,003 on Government estates; Backergunge, with a balance of Rs. 9,840 on settled estates; Shahabad, with a balance of Rs. 11,281 on Government estates; and Malda, with a balance of Rs. 2,400 on Government estates. But of these, Khulna and Dacca realised 111 and 112 per cent. on the current demand, and may present a clear sheet in the current year. In Midnapore, the Collector attributes the short collections to the default of the proprietors of the Jalamutha estate. These difficulties are chronic, but in 1895-96 the Collector realised 105 per cent. on the current demand, and there is no obvious reason why there should have been such serious default last year. In the other three districts the outstandings are relatively small. The Collectors of Backergunge and Shahabad have been so successful in other matters that the Lieutenant-Governor is disappointed to find they have not done better here. In this, as in all branches of a Collector's work, attention to detail is of the first importance. The Lieutenant-Governor would be glad to see the special report that has been called for from Malda.

As in the three previous years, the Collector of the district of Hooghly failed to collect 50 per cent. of the current demand in private estates leased to farmers whose continual defaults point to the probable necessity of action being taken to eject them with a view to the management of the

property direct.

7. Estates held direct by Government.—During the year under report there were altogether 2,866 estates held direct by Government, of which 2,625 were owned by Government as proprietor and 241 were private estates under Government management. The current demand increased from Rs. 39,02,484 to Rs. 41,04,753, and the total demand from Rs. 47,57,376 to Rs. 51,70,021, out of which Rs. 42,44,889, or 82.15 per cent., were collected, and Rs. 1,15,431 remitted, leaving an unrealised balance of Rs. 8,09,701, or Rs. 25,028 less than in the previous year.

The general results are compared below with those of the previous year in each subdivision of this class:—

CLASSIFICATION OF ESTATE.		Year.	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	Percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand.	Percentage of total collections on current demand.
1		2	3	4	5
(b) Uwned by Government as proprietor	{	1898 1899 1899-1900 1898-1899 1899-1900	89·62 78·30 79·83 85·77	77·84 72·72 65·11 71·76	101·9 108·3 94·7 102·6
Total	{	189 8- 1899 1899-1900	81·12 84·73	66·32 71·97	95·6 103·4

This is a marked and valuable improvement on last year. The standard in both classes of estates was, however, reached or exceeded in only 17 districts

as compared with 18 in 1898-99.

In the Resolution of last year, Government animadverted on the poor current collections in the districts of Patna, Jalpaiguri, Balasore, and Palamau. This year, the collections in the first two districts have greatly improved, in Jalpaiguri mainly owing to a change in the method of realising arrears, and in Patna probably owing to careful supervision. The heaviest balances are in the districts which are named in the table below. A comparison has been made with the balances and the standard of collection in the same districts in the year 1895-96, the year preceding the famine and one of generally normal conditions.

The comparison is suggestive.

District.		Balances outstanding, 1899-1900,	Balances outstanding, 1895-96.	Percentage of total collections on ourrout demand.		
		Rs.	Rs.	1899-1900.	1895-06.	
Midnapore	***	44,481	1,19,538	86.7	105.3	
Bogra		10,316	5,145	1023	96.2	
Faridpur		21,373	5,409	97.9	117-7	
Tippera		11,713	15,894	96 4	103.8	
Chittagong	•••	1,48,305		94.5	97.2	
Shahabad		11,075	14,558	106-1	93.4	
Monghyr	***	21,588	18,281	95.4	113-1	
Balasore		30,933	6,185	78.9	93 3	
Angul		18,820	***	74.7	99.9	
Puri		54,476	11,528	150.7	95 7	
Palamau	***	38,710	601	89 0	100	
Singhbhum	4 **	16 490	914	90.4	90.2	

The Board explain that in Midnapore there were serious floods in the Majnamutha estate, which made it impossible to enforce collections rigorously. The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the explanation. There has been material reduction in rent-arrears, and the experience of 1896 shows that collections revive with favouring seasons. In Bogra, there has been an honest attempt to make up for lost way, but much remains to be done. On the other hand, there seems no excuse for the great growth of arrears last year, and the Collector must give this matter his close attention. In Chittagong, there has been much failure of the crops due to the cyclone of 1897, but the Lieutenant-Governor expected better rent-collections three years after that disaster, and the local officers must settle how much of the balances can be fairly demanded and whatever is fair firmly recover. Nor can the Lieutenant-Governor accept the explanations which have been given of the very bad collections in Balasore. The tenants have had three years to recover from the famine of 1897, and in the adjoining districts of Puri and Cuttack the rent realisations have been admirable. In the hill districts of Augul, Singbhum, and Palamau, the shortness of the year's crops are sufficient excuse for the low recoveries; and the Collectors have always to remember that while they are right to be lenient in times of bad harvest, it is equally their duty to be firm in times of good harvest.

8. Miscellaneous revenue.—Out of the total collections under the head of miscellaneous revenue, more than half, amounting to Rs. 4,69,502, was on account of the recoveries of survey and settlement charges, principally in the districts of Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, and Darbhanga. The total balance at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 21,151 which has been satisfactorily explained by the Board.

9 Sale of Government lands.—During the year under report, 195 petty Government Estates, with an area of 4,719 acres were sold, subject to a revenue fixed in perpetuity of Rs. 6,110. The price realised was Rs. 69,427.

revenue fixed in perpetuity of Rs. 6,110. The price realised was Rs. 69,427.

10. Particulars of estates held direct.—Particulars of estates held direct by Government, classified by Divisions, and showing the demands, cost of management, and total collections during the year are given below, and His Honour is glad to see that the cost of management on an average for the Province as a whole is below the standard expected, viz., 6 per cent.:—

		GOVERNMEST ESTATES.		PRIVATE ESTATES.		TOTAL.		Cost of	Percent- age of cost on	Current	Percentage of current collections
Division.		Num- ber.		Num- ber,	Current demand.	Num- ber,	Current demand.	manage.	current demand.	collections.	on curren
1	Ì	5	8	4	8	6	7	8	9	10	11
durdwen Presidency taschah horea Huttagong Penta Bhagalpur Jusa		355 201 58 7:2 242 223 127 707	8.8. 70,559 3,56,831 5,04,869 4,94 387 7,80,218 2,43 598 2,93,770 4,84,815 2,44,806	7 42 40 98 2.) 17 5	Rs. 2,36,614 11,319 16,080 1,20,087 13,153 22,302 15,656 1,36,062	862 243 98 860 271 240 192 710 10	Rs. 3,14,473 3,71 168 6.11,544 8.02,401 2,65,795 3,09,435 6,20,467 2,44,866	Re. 20,933 21,677 40,952 30,216 06,546 25,403 7,940 21,870 0,580	6°C 5.7 6°0 5'3 8'2 9'7 2.5 3'5	Ra. 2,63,443 3,57,219 6,75,085 6,03,217 6,18,430 2,21,760 2,72,535 6,11,639 1,83,968	80°49 90°46 94°21 80°12 77°02 83°10 88°10 82°44 75°18
Total	991	2,020	35,31,111	211	5,73 613	2,800	41,04,753	2,64,788	5.9	34,78.148	84-7
Potal in 1898-90	***	2,678	33,88,455	239	8,14,029	2,817	39,92,484	2,45,414	6.3	31,63,828	81'1

In four districts, namely, Birbbum, Bogra, Tippera and Shahabad, as against seven in the previous year, the cost of management exceeded ten per cent. on the current demand, and it is assumed that the Board have satisfied themselves that in the case of the three last named districts the cost of management cannot be reduced without impairing efficiency. Similarly, with regard to the districts of Darjeeling and Palamau where the cost of management very nearly comes to 10 per cent of the current demand.

11. Road and Public Works cesses - The following table shows the demands, collections, remissions, and balances on account of the road and public works cesses during the year under report, as compared with the

figures for the two preceding years: -

YEAR.	NRT DRMA	ND AFTER	EXCLUDING EMISSIONS	Collections (including	Percentage of collections	Balances.	Percentage of balances	Remis- sions.
	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	collec- tions).	on current demand,	Balances	on gross demand	
1	2	3	4	6	6	7	8	
1897-98 1898-99 1894-1900	Rs. F9,56,879 90,38,880 90,84,990	Rs, 17,82,378 18,60,444 19,09,787	Rs. 3 1.07,58,687 1,08,99,921 1,09,94,777	90,08,445	93·0 99 6 102·5	Rs. 18.75,440 19.07,444 17,04,698	17·4 17·6 16·6	Rs. \$1,413 66,005 45,257

The increase in the current demand is due mainly to the general re-valuation of the district of Palamau and to partial revaluations in the districts of Khulna, Dacca, Mymensingh, Backergunge, Noakhali, and Manbhum. aggregate collections were higher in amount than in any preceding year, and the percentage of total collections to the current demand was the highest obtained for twenty years. There is still, however, the great sum of 17 lakhs outstanding. It is difficult to believe that in 1899-1900, famine or plague could possibly have hampered collections so seriously as to account for such large palances of a moderate cess.

12. Kemittance of Land Revenue and rent by means of money orders, -There was a decrease in the number of money-orders issued for the payment of revenue and cess from 198,746 to 197,821, and in the amount covered by them, from Rs. 18,29,360 to Rs. 18,17,067. The falling off occurred mainly in Midnapore, Hooghly, Nadia, Shahabad, Muzaffarpur and Balasore, and the Board think that the decrease is probably the effect of the decision of the High Court that where the revenue of an estate is sent through the post office, the remitter takes the risk of all delays and mistakes made by the post office.

This impression will, it is presumed, be removed as people learn that, when

the delay is not due to their own neglect, relief will be given under section 25

of Act XI of 1859.

It is reported that the system is only popular with the owners of petty estates, and that the owners of large estates find it cheaper and more convenient to pay through their agents.

The following table gives the available statistics of the working of the system of payment of rent by money-orders during the last five years:—

	2	2	VALU ALLED	HAC ACRES:
	Number of money-orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.
100	43,708 50,488*	6,20,097 7,40,526°	14,503 14,070°	Rs. 1,59,890 1,73,724*
***	50,484 51,561	7.12,973° 7,67,913 8,42,228	11,295* 10,137 12,479	1,22,116* 1,23,952 1,27,086
	***	### ##################################	Number of maney-orders issued for rent. R8 43,708 6,20,097 50,488 51,865 51,865 50,484 7,67,913	Number of money-orders insued for rent. R8 43,708 6,20,097 14,503 50,488* 7,40,526* 14,070* 51,865* 712,973* 11,295* 50,484 7,67,913 10,137

It is stated that landlords do not like the system, and prefer personal payments. It may be that the attendance of the touant gives them an opportunity of realising interest and other less legal demands, but there are also good grounds for the complaint that the tenant who pays by money order, habitually withholds part of his rent, and that the system leads to serious inconvenience and increase of litigation.

These are the corrected figures.

13. Operation of the Sale Laws .- The working of the Sale Laws during the last five years is shown below:-

			Number of catates and		8	ord.		Percent-	Revenue			
	TRA	R.		shares and interests liable to sale	Estates.	Shares.	Interests.	Total.	column 6 on column 2.	demand of estates sold.	Amount of defaults.	Amount realised by sale.
	1			3	3	4	5	6	7	В	9	10
1895-96 1690-97 1807-98 1808-99 1809-1900		***	***	16,237 20,572 20,077 21,433 17,926	966 1,114 1,109 1,970 1,112	539 492 536 720 574	1	3 507 1,607 1,645 1,796 1,686	9 2 7 8 7 A 8 3 9 7	Rs. 2,93,232 2,00,650 1,50,477 7,94,228 1,56,257	Rs. 2,34,031 85,003 73,406 75,741 73,227	Ra, 12,85,981 9,80,406 10,95,028 16,83,334 12,53,691

The number of estates sold (1,112) represents only about 06 per cent. of the total number of estates in Bengal 182,522). The prices realised by sale decreased from 8.6 to 8 times the revenue demand on the properties sold. Out of .63 appeals preferred to the Commissioner against sales, 59 were successful, and recommendations for the annulment of the sales were made to Government in 26 cases on the ground of hardship.

As in the previous year, defaults were most numerous in Shahabad (2115), Cuttack (1,582), Chittagong (1,403), Saran (1,355 and Muzaffarpur (1,167). In the Resolution of last year greater strictness was enjoined in administering the sale law in Shahabad, Saran and Muzaffarpur; but in the district first named, some leniency had still to be shown during the year under report owing to the change of instalments which had been made from the June kist of 1899, but which could not be communicated to all the interested parties. In Saran and Muzaffarpur there was an increase in the number of actual sales as compared with the previous year.

There were excessive delays in holding sales for arrears of the first three kists ift Chittagong and of each kist in Puri. The rule requiring the holding of sales for arrears of one kist before the next kist day comes round, was followed in all districts, except in Patna, Muzassarpar, Monghyr, stazaribagh, Bhagalpur and Chittagong. There is some excuse for occasional delay in Chittagong and Muzassarpur owing to the number of estates and tenures in those districts, but the delay in the other districts has not been satisfactorily explained, and the matter is commended to the attention of the Board

explained, and the matter is commended to the attention of the Board.

14. Working of the Public Demands Recovery Act, I (B.C.) of 1805.—The following statement shows the number of certificate cases instituted and disposed of during the year under the different classes of public demands:—

	Number Number			Dinposed	PENDING-			
Classification of demand.	from last year.			Total. of during the year.		Less than six months.	Total.	
1	8	3	4	, 8	6	7	8	
IDemands of all kinds under section 5	493	1,720	2,213	1,600	161	452	613	
11.—Arrears of rent due to Government, clause (g), section 7 (1)	9,277	31,286	39,513	83,107	1,380	4,660	6,046	
III.—Embankment dues, section 70, Act II (B.C.) of 1882	2,884	4,747	7,631	5,120	994	1,517	2,511	
1VWater-rates, Act III (B.C.) of 1876	75	1,348	1,423	1,204	182	37	219	
V Cosecs, Act IX (B.C.) of 1880	57,743	135,001	192,744	137,898	16,524	36,322	52,846	
l:VI.—Demands of the Court of Wards, clause (h), section 7 (1)	4,257	8,897	13,144	9,054	2,159	1,931	4,090	
VII.—All other demands under section 7 (1)	16,440	43,800	59,940	41,693	6,210	12,047	18,257	
Total of 1898-1890	90,178 71,981 78,809	226,439 211,351 172,800	816,617 283,322 2,51,609	232,085 194,161 1,79,875	27,610 22,693 32,148	86,972 66,268 49,866	84,582 88,571 72,014	

(1,307 between the total number of pending cases shown in the report for 1838-200 and that shown under ding from last year" in the above statement is due to the discovery of pending cases at the time of re-

There was a net increase of 15,098 in the number of certificates filed. The increase is most marked in Class V, "Cesses," and Class VII, "All other

demands" The increase under Class V is shared by all Divisions, except Chittagong and Orissa, and appears to be due to some extent to better supervision and greater punctuality and strictness in enforcing demands, but mainly to the decrease of voluntary payments. The increase under Class VII is, in most districts, due to certificates for the recovery of loan arrears, fines under the Cess and Land Registration Acts, and costs of partition, and settlement. The proportion of certificates disposed of to the total number for disposal increased from 68.6 in the previous year to 73.3 per cent. The proportion was highest in the Orissa Division as in the previous year. The progress made in the Burdwan Division, where the unsatisfactory state of things was animadverted on in last year's Resolution, has been somewhat more satisfactory; but the Lieutenant-Governor has learnt with surprise that the orders of Government which permitted a staff varying with the amount of work were misunderstood in every district of the Division save Birbhum. He trusts that the attention which the Collectors are now directing to this Department will not be remitted.

15. Compulsory measures for realisation .- Of the cases in which the demand was realised, 28 4 per cent. was disposed of on is-ue of notice, 52.9 per cent. after attachment of property, and 3.4 per cent. after actual sale; the corresponding figures in the previous year were 29.8, 51.3 and 3.2 per cent. Post

card notices do not appear to have been particularly successful.

Last year the effect of section 21 of the Public Demands Recovery Act was discussed in the Board's report; and further information has been furnished in the present report. The Board's opinion is that "the provisions of the section do not interfere with professional bidders, but the penalty is too small to attract bond-fiele local purchasers who desire to buy the land with a view to taking possession thereof, as they are unwilling at present to come forward owing to the risk of the sale being set uside, and are unable to devote personal attention to getting their business through like professional bidders, who are generally mukhtars, revenue agents or other habitués of the Courts."
In a separate report of the Board on the collection of the Roads and Public

Works cess, the general question has been discussed at greater length; and the Lieutenant-Governor has been greatly impressed by the growing reluctence to make voluntary payment, with the consequent enormous strain that is thrown on the Certificate Departments. He has also observed that this evil, though great, is not universal. The remeny, therefore, consists not in a change of the law so much as in the more vigorous application in the recalcitrant districts of the powers already conferred by the law, and it is in this direction that he proposes to issue separate instructions.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND REVENUE.

16. Management of Government Estates. - The amount allotted by Government to the Board for management and improvement expenses nominally consists of 12 per cent. of the collections for roads and communications, 1 per cent for education and 91 per cent. for management, agricultural, sanitary and miscellaneous improvements, of which management is expected not to exceed 6 per cent., and miscellaneous improvements 1 per cent. There has in the past been some confusion about the method of calculating these sums, but orders have recently been passed rectifying the matter. In addition it has been definitely ordered that the grant for education is to be expended in supplementing the ordinary allotments which schools in Government estates in common with others are entitled to receive from District Board Funds.

There is a little difficulty in determining the precise objects on which some of these grants are expended, especially when contributions from several different funds are made for the same purpose, as in the case of schools and roads. The expenditure incurred on management was Rs. 2,44,786 or 59 per cent. of the current demand of Rs. 41,04,753. The expenditure on agricultural, sanitary, and miscellaneous works aggregated Rs. 2,16,994 or 5.2 per cent. of the current demand. For roads and communications the total amount expended was Rs. 1,61,738, of which Rs. 64,179 or 1.7 per cent. were apparently debited to the grant. Similarly for education the sum that should have been allotted (1 per cent.) was Rs. 49,100, but apparently it

was largely exceeded. The total expenditure appears to have been about Rs. 5,75,000, instead of Rs. 4,92,570; but the arrangements now made will prevent excessive expenditure in the future. The Lieutenant-Governor has read with pleasure that the raiyats of the khas malals of Chandkhali and Mohamadabad in Khulna voluntarily contributed considerable sums to supplement the Government contributions for a bridge, roads and a dispensary in the neighbourhood. This practical appreciation of the benefits of a dispensary is gratifying.

17. Inspection of Accounts.-The usual inspections were made of the registers and accounts of the Government estates, but no material irregularities

were brought to light,

18. Condition of the raigate. The year was, generally speaking, one of good crops and high prices for food grains; and in Bengal proper the raiyats of the khas mahais shared in the general prosperity. There was however a scanty autumn rainfull in Orissa and Chota Nagpur, and the poorer cultivators in Khurda, Puri, Banki, and Angul, and in all the districts of Chota Nagpur, underwent some hard-hip. In Shahabad and Monghyr also the year was less prosperous than usual. Relief was given in the four affected estates in Orissa, and Chota Nagpur.

19. Survey and Scillements.-The survey and settlement work in the province generally has, as usual, been separately reviewed in detail for the year ending 30th September 1899 in Government Resolution No. 581T .- R, dated

26th May 1900.

In Government and temporarily-settled estates, 134 original settlements, 3,609 re-settlements, and 170 summary settlements were completed during the year, with a net increase of revenue, amounting to Rs. 4,43,180, due chiefly to original settlements in the Sundarbans, and to re-settlements in Orissa, Backergunge and Noakhali.

In the usual forecast of increases of revenue expected from revision of settlement and other causes combined for the six years ending 1903-1904, the total increase of Rs. 4,59,649 was anticipated in the demand of the year under review, but the actual increase obtained was Rs. 4,62,362, or about Rs. 3,000

in excess of the estimate, as finally passed by Government.

20. Land Registration.—The total number of applications for registration in the Collector's Register of Land Revenue slightly increased.

The Officiating Commissioner of Patna, Mr. Hare, has pointed out that

it is not clear, what the entries in the statement hitherto annually submitted really are, and the Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board, that the question should be considered afresh, with a view to an attempt being made to obtain figures compiled on the same principle in every district. His Honour will await a full report on the subject from the Board.

The re-writing of Register D of intermediate mutations has now been pleted in 36 districts. The number of separate accounts continues to completed in 36 districts.

increase at a great rate.

21. Partitions.—Partition work is of great importance in the three Divisions of Patna, Bhagalpur and Dacca, and the statistics of the cases instituted and disposed of there are given below:-

Division.	Pending close	at the		ituted	Total fo	r disposal the year—	Disposed of during—		Pending at the close of
	1897-98.	1898-99.	18: 8-99.	.899-1900.	1 89 8-99.	1899 1900	1N98-99	1899-1900.	1519-1900
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Patna Bhagalpur Dacca	917 126 426	898 723 841	175 82 31	162 23 23	1,092 168 457	996 140, 364	259 : 5 116	246 38 90	749 108 274

The number of cases instituted decreased in the Patna Division by 15, in the Bhaga'pur Division by 9, and in the Dacca Division by 8. The disposals fell off in the Patna and Dacca Divisions.

In Darbhanga and Saran the proceedings in 57 and 20 cases, respectively, have been stayed, pending the completion of the survey operations. Little progress appears to have been made in the latter district during the year

In the Dacca Division the decrease in the number of institutions and disposals is attributed to the passing of the New Estates Partition Act, V (B.C.) of 1897. The Lieutenant-Governor observes with satisfaction that much attention was given by Mr. Savage, the Commissioner, to this branch of collectorate work, and that in the opinion of the Board it is now well in hand in the Division.

Forty applications were struck off under section 11 of the Act.

The Board have, in response to a call from Government, obtained information from the Commissioners and District Officers about the effect of the preparation of a previous record of rights under the new Act in preventing the occurrence of undue enhancements of raiyats' ront; and they observe:—

"The Act has not been long enough in force to enable any definite conclusions to be drawn from what has happened in the cases in which partitions have been completed under the new Act, but they believe there can be little doubt that the enhancements which occurred under the old Act will now be a thing of the past."

The average cost per acre of partitions completed during the year varied from Re. 1-1-2 in Patna to Annas 4-6 in Rajshahi.

The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to learn that the Board are preparing a scheme for securing uniformity of practice and simplification in the keeping of partition accounts.

22. Land Acquisition.—During the year the Board confirmed the proceedings connected with the acquisition of 3,264 acres, at a cost of a little over 9 lakbs. The details appear from the list below:—

Perpose for which la taken up.	Perpose for which lands taken up.				Cash conpon- nation paid, in- cluding other charges.
			Aores.	\mathbf{R} s.	Rs.
Government		* * *	771	10	57,534
Irrigation	on		86	30	12,506
Municipalities	***	0 1 0	91	111	4,59,000
Railways	***	***	1,969	483	3,88,836
District Boards	3		347	129	61,086
	Total	***	3,264	763	9,78,962*

· Besides this sum Es 1,006 was paid for 11 poles of land acquired for the Calcutta Port Commissioners.

The average cost per acre amounted to Rs. 300, or omitting specially costly projects, Rs. 133. The corresponding figures of the previous year were Rs. 194 and Rs. 125. The most important railway projects in progress at the end of the year are the Hajipur Katihar extension of the Tirhut State Railway in the districts of Monghyr and Bhagalpur; the Barun-Daltonganj Railway in Palamau and Gaya; the Singjani-Jagannathganj extension of the Mymensingh-Singjani-Jagannathgunj Railway in Mymensingh; the Santragachi-Howrah section and the Shalimar Branch of the Bengal Nagpur Railway; the Brahmaputra Sultanpur Branch of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in the districts of Bogra and Rangpur; the Eastern, Western and Southern extensions of the Bengal Duars Railway in the districts of Rangpur and Jalpaiguri; the Santrabari extension of the Cooch Behar State Railway; and the Jharia Branch line from Kharagpur to Midnapore. Important projects in the town and suburbs of Oalcutta were in progress, 255 acres being taken up, for which Rs. 3,89,248 was paid as compensation for the land and buildings thereon.

23. Kanungos and Patwaris.—The Board's further report, on the introduction of the Patwari system into Orissa for the maintenance of the settlement records has been received, and is being dealt with by Government. Pending the decision of this question, the retention of the establishment of Patwaris in the Pataspur temporarily-settled estates in Midnapore continues on the old footing.

24. Advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act.—Out of a total amount of Rs. 2,19,950 applied for by the Collectors for advances under the

Land Improvement Loans Act. XIX of 1883, the sum of Rs. 1,60,630 was allotted for distribution, of which owing to the favourable crops of the year only Rs. 55,588 was actually disbursed, as against Rs. 35,268 in the preceding

The report does not clearly distinguish between advances under the modified (famine: Rules of 1896-97, and those made under the ordinary rules, and it would appear that in some cases the sums granted under the former rules have been excluded from this return. The percentage of collections is reported to have fallen from 80 to 73, and the results were unsatisfactory in Bankura, Hooghly, Rajshahi, Backerganj, Chittagong, Gaya, Shahabad, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, and Monghyr. Famine in the Chota Nagpur Division accounts for the poor collections there; and in the case of some other districts partial explanations have been given. These loans are however in theory given, frequently in large sums, to perfectly solvent men of position after careful enquiry, and the Lieutenant-Governor is afraid that the poor results obtained in a year of at least normal prosperity over the greater part of the province point to a certain remission of activity, which he trusts will not continue.

25. Advances under the Agriculturists' Louns Act. - A total sum of Rs. 67,489

was advanced under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

The demands, collections and balances on account of advances under this Act during the year are shown below:-

		168.
Outstanding advances		7,45,623
Demand (principal plus interest) falling due duri	ng	
the year	- 0 0	6,59,279
Collections (principal plus interest) during the year		3,96,868
Percentage of collections on demand		60.1
Remissions		1,892
Balance at the close of the year	***	2,60,564

The Lieutenant-Governor is constrained to express great disappointment with these results; though in some districts the collections were very good, notably in Nadia, Shahabad, Saran, Cuttack, Hazaribagh, and Manbhum, yet in others they were poor to a degree that requires explanation. In Bankura they were only 53 per cent. of the demand, in Muzaffarpur 55 per cent., in Bhagalpar 50 per cent., and in Gaya and Champaran they fell as low a: 44 and 38 per cent., respectively. In Rangpur and Pabna also the small amounts outstanding were not collected in full. It is desired that the Board will give their attention to these apparent failures, which point either to want of energy in collection, or the existence of local distress which has not been brought to the notice of Government. The Board has separately been asked to consider the desirability of bringing the takavi registers and the annual returns into closer harmony.

Relations between landlord and tonant. - The Board has again submitted a careful and most interesting report on the relations between landlords and tenants in the various Divisions of the Province. They repeat the opinion which they expressed last year, that the old patriarchal and generally friendly relations are fast passing away, and that this change is resented and strenuously resisted by the zamindars; and they are convinced that though the period of transition will last for several years to come and show similar results, the raivats will eventually be able to secure, and to hold against all comers, the strong legal position which the Bengal Tenancy Act has given them.

After enumerating the most striking cases of disturbance in the relations between the zamindars and their raiyats they proceed:-

The Commissioner (Burdwan) thinks much more might be done than is now done towards bringing landlords to a proper sense of their duties by withholding titles from those whose amla have been convicted of offences of this kind, by withdrawing titles once given, and by a standing order that the arms' licenses of any zamindar whose servants are so convicted shall be cancelled and their renewal withheld for five or ten years. The Board, without committing themselves to the approval of any hard-and-fast rule, believe that possibly something might be done by Government to supplement the action of the Criminal Courts, or to replace it where they fail, as is frequently the case where rich zamindars are concerned, to whom the heavy expenditure on litigation is no deterrent." The Lieutenant-Governor would be glad if the Board of Revenue would report to him at the time cases, in which violence or fraud on the part of landlords have been brought to their notice. He notices with marked approval the prompt action taken by the Collector of Rangpur in punishing and preventing agrarian disputes in his district, but it is essential that such action, if it is to be effective, should be prompt, and a description of the misdeeds of landlords in the pages of an annual report is apt to be too late to be of practical value in specific instances.

27. The Bengal Tenancy Act.—The Bengal Tenancy Act is generally reported to have worked smoothly. The working of some of its most important sections in the various Divisions of the Province is shown below:—

1			1		8	6	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13
		TRANS	YER OF TH	MURES,		Appraise-		Certifi-		Written	Applien-		Applica-	
Division.		Volun- tary, section 19(3).	By decree mle, neerions 15(2) and 14,	(c) By suc- consion, section 15.	Commu- tation of cent payable in kind, section 40,	division of pro- dure, where rent is paid in kind, sections 6: and 70.	Registra- tion of improve- ments, section 80.	Collec- toranto noquisi-	Notices of re- sumption of land by land- lords, section 87(2).	permission to land- lords to measure land under section 90,	tions by Collectors for ap- point- ment of common transger under westion 93,	Applications made for survey and record of rights under Chapter	made for survey and record of pro- private lands under Chapter X1.	Lord court of a Court
Burdwan Presidency Rajshahi Dacca Chittagong Patna Bhagalpur Prices	**** *** *** ***	7,539 6,743 718 3,0.8 3,553 1,447 1,049	6.3 134 97 910 918 1 80	209 459 77 515 392 14 5	88 50 94	6 1 1 1 407 483 13	68 3 10 27 8 91 7	6	8 3 15 16 13 548 2	1	000 000 000	7 11 1 38 6 83	1	8 k
GRAND TOTAL 1890-1900, GRAND TOTAL		94,171 13,859	2,133 2,366	1,671 1,660	238 553	914	273	7	640	1		147	1	70
1898-99, Difference		+10,312	- 233	+11	-315	-146	-62	5	- 46	+1		+102	+1	45

The Board observe that although particular causes may deter landlords and tenants from resorting more freely to the provisions of particular sections of the Act, there is no doubt that the Act, as a whole, is increasingly appreciated by all classes owning and cultivating land. The Lieutenant-Governor is not prepared to insist that the above table would seem to point to an opposite conclusion, inasmuch as it is possible that voluntary contracts are conforming more and more to the principles of the Act.

A careful watch should be kept by the Board on the working of the appraisement sections, with a view to ascertain what, if any, amendments are required in order to prevent the existing provisions of the law being abused

by unscrupulous landlords.

The questions of legislation for the amendment of the Chota Nagpur Landlord and Tenant Procedure Act I (B.C.) of 1879, so far as the districts of Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Palamau and Singhthum are concerned, and the extension of the Bengal Tenancy Act to the district of Manbhum, are under the consideration of Government.

28. Rent Suits.—The number of suits tried in Revenue Courts under the provisions of Acts X of 1859 and I (B.C.) of 1879 during the years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 are compared below:—

DISTRICTS.			No. of or	sees instituted.		
Distancia,			1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
Darjeeling	•••	* * *	205	100		105
Jalpaiguri	40.0	***	4,825	46	***	4,779
Cuttack			5,450	7,126	1,779	
Puri	***	***	3,049	5,035	1,986	***
Balasore	***	***	2,543	8,522	839	***
Hazaribagh	***	0.00	2,489	2,898	409	
Rauchi	***	***	6,325	7,248	923	
Singhbhum	+ 4	4 9 6	632	513		119
Manbhum		400	6,839	7,667	828	4.94
Palamau	* * *	* * *	809	386	77	0 0 0
	Total	***	32,606	34,541	6,938	5,003

The decrease in Jalpaiguri is due to the introduction of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

29. Miscellaneous.—During the year 884,251 cases of all kinds were instituted, and 150,405 cases were pending from the previous year. The cases disposed of numbered 873,351. The corresponding figures for the previous

year were 809,865 and 791,526.

regard to the contract of the

31. General.—The thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor are due to the Board for their energetic and efficient supervision of the Revenue Administration of the Province, and for their admirable and complete report. He is specially indebted to Mr. Toynbee for the minute attention he has given to the work of the District Officers. He has effected a marked improvement in many branches of the administration, and he has set them a notable example of that attention to detail which is at the bottom of a Collector's success. The paragraphs relating to the several district and subordinate officers mentioned as deserving of special commendation will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. A. SLACKE,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO ENQUIRE INTO THE WORKING OF THE CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

No. 2074 Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Makine.

Dated Calcutta, the 30th October 1900.

RESOLUTION.

READ-

Letter of 3rd April 1900 from the Secretary, Calcutta Trades' Association.

Letter Nos. 647-1900 of 1st May 1900, from the Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce.

In the letters read above the Calcutta Trades' Association and the Bengal

Calcutta Baled Jute Association. Indian Tea Association. Indian Jute Manufacturers' Association.

Calcutta Import Trade Association.
Calcutta Wheat and Seed Trade

Association.
Indian Mining Association.
Liner's conference.

Chamber of Commerce addressed the Government of Bengal on the subject of the Calcutta Port Trust. The Chamber of Commerce had, previously, been in communication with the seven representative Associations noted in the margin and forwarded to Government letters from each of those bodies. All these communications represented the desirability of appointing a Commission. The general opinion of the Associations was that the

Commission should consider the question of the present and future management of the Calcutta Port Trust and draw up a scheme for the more efficient and economical management of its affairs. The arguments advanced by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce were that the efficient management of the Port Trust is a matter of cardinal importance to the Commercial community, and to the public generally: that there is, at present, an absence of that confidence in the administration of the Port Trust which it is essential should exist: and, that a Commission would, in addition to disclosing any weak points which might exist, probably restore public confidence. The Chamber of Commerce were also of opinion that a Commission would, probably, bring prominently to light the good work which has been done, and the additional facilities which have been provided for trade generally, during the last twenty years.

have been provided for trade generally, during the last twenty years.

2. The evidence which has, so far, been brought before the Lieutenant-Governor does not lead him to question the efficiency of the administration of the Calcutta Port Trust; but, in view of the unanimous request for a commission of enquiry, His Honour accepts the recommendation of the Calcutta Trades' Association and the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and of the other representative bodies. When the administration of a public body has been publicly challenged, it is best, in all interests, that the matter should be thoroughly sifted. Further, it is desirable, from time to time, to review the position of all considerable undertakings, and this appears to be a suitable time to consider and review the position of the Port Trust. The great Capital Works of the Trust, so far as they can be foreseen, are approaching completion. A very rapid increase in the demand on the appliances of the Port has taken place during the last few years, and there is no doubt that a discussion, such as a commission will ensure, will be useful in deciding on the final arrangements that are necessary to enable full advantage to be taken of those conveniences.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor has therefore been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen as members of the Committee:—

- The issues to be considered by the Committee are as follows:
- (1) How far can the present management of the Port Trust be improved,

(a) with regard to efficiency?
(b) with regard to economy?

(2) Should the profits of one part of the trust property be used to meet deficits on another, or should they be kept entirely separate?

(3) Should the offices of Vice-Chairman and Chief Engineer be separated on the expiration of the term of office of the present incumbent, and if so, what other changes, if any, on the present organization are desirable?

5. The Commission will be entitled to call experts to give evidence on accounts or other technical matters, and are authorised to invite the attendance of any persons interested in the administration of the Port Trust, who may wish to give evidence before the Commission or of any others whose evidence the Commission may wish to record. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the Commission will present their report within two months of the date of their first meeting.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

R. B. BUCKLEY.

Secretary to the Govt. of Benyal.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

No. 4291R.C.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL-PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ROAD CESS.

Dated Calcutta, the 29th October 1900.

RESOLUTION.

READ-

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 371L.F., dated the 10th October 1900, submitting an abstract of receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the quarter ending 30th Juno 1900.

RESOLUTION .- The Lieutenant-Governor directs that the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the first quarter of the year 1900-1901 be published in the Calcutta Gazette and circulated to the officers concerned.

Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, together with a copy of the abstract of receipts and expenditure, be published in the Supplement to the Calcutta Gazette.

Ordered also that a copy of this Resolution, and of the abstract referred to, be forwarded for information to the Commissioners of the Rajshahi, Chittagong, Bhagslpur, and Chota Nagpur Divisions; Superintending Engineer of the Northern Circle; Inspectors of Works, Eastern, Western and Bhagalpur Circles; and Financial Department of this Government.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

D. JOSCELYNE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.